

Volume 25, No. 11 November 2006

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UN Radio:
Propaganda
for Peace

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DRM Broadcasts in Europe
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WR-G305e	9 kHz - 1.8 GHz (3.5 GHz)	USB	Low-cost VHF/UHF scanner
WR-G315i	9 kHz - 1.8 GHz (3.5 GHz)	PCI	Professional-grade VHF/UHF scanner
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- Station name input





Vol. 25, No. 11

November, 2006



Cover Story

# **UN Peacekeeping Stations**

**By Jeffry Heyman** 

The United Nations has mounted 60 peacekeeping operations since its inception. Public information has played a role in each, but a relatively new aspect of complex peacekeeping missions has been the advent of UN radio stations. Heyman likes to call it "propaganda for peace."

Ten of 18 the UN's current peace missions make use of radio transmissions in varying degrees. This article describes several representative installations, showing how each adapts to the particular political situation and geography. Story starts on page 9.

On our cover:

The antenna system at a regional UN base in Guiglo, Ivory Coast. UN radio often operates in difficult and remote locations.

#### CONTENTS

# **DRM Broadcasts in Europe ......15**By Bernd Trutenau

Whether you consider it shortwave's best hope or obnoxious white noise, the digital mode known as Digital Radio Mondiale is becoming more commonly heard, especially in Europe. This article is the author's best guess as to DRM broadcasts, listed by country, for the winter 2006 broadcast season.

# Dallas - A City Shaken ...... 16 By Gayle Van Horn

The Dallas Police Department got its start 125 years ago, but on November 22nd, 43 years ago, they faced their worst nightmare when President Kennedy was shot on their turf. **MT** recently covered neighboring Fort Worth, so November seemed the appropriate time to complete the picture with a profile of the scanning scene in Dallas. As the city has struggled to redefine itself, one success story is the level of cooperation achieved between its police and fire departments.



#### Reviews

Travelers who enjoy listening to aircraft communications no longer have to choose between their hobby and their conscience when flying: Ramsey Electronics offers a Passive Aircraft Monitor which contains no oscillator to cause potential interference to navigation signals. Check out Bob Grove's review on page 71.

In his continuing search for the poor man's portable shortwave, Eric

Bryan tries out the little Tecsun R-919 (aka the Grundig Mini 300PE) and finds a lot to like (page 68).

DX Monitor is a program written for hams, but it's of benefit to any radio monitor who is having a hard time keeping track of all the details of this hobby. Plus, it has an interactive worldwide community and really cool graphics. (See page 72.)

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Edition 2007



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#### Thanks and Thanks Again

As we have a changing of the guard at the *Programming Spotlight* column, here's a letter of thanks to out-going columnist John Figliozzi, and a letter of thanks to new columnist Fred Waterer.

Dear John,

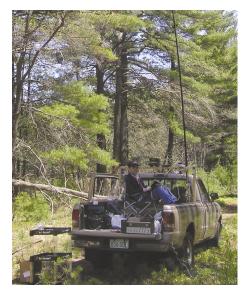
"As a two year subscriber I just wanted to relay a thank you for a great column, and let you know what life is like with your thoughtful contributions. I enjoy sitting on my patio with a Kenwood R-2000 running into a 30watt amp, which in turn lets me hear Radio Sohl just fine. Nothing like a little Sohl music to go with lunch!

"My big rig is an R390, with matching speaker in the Radio-room. My wife is Persian, our circle of friends are from the same region, Turkey, Armenia, and Syria included. Shortwave is a great way for me to relate to their background. We also travel frequently, having just returned from Tehran this past month.

"For the fun of it, I tossed in a pic of the bigrig, and a field day photo. Good luck in your endeavors,"

- Ed Moore KA1TUE





Dear Fred,

"I really enjoyed your first Programming Spotlight column, 'A Trip to the Balkans.' It was very well-written. You set the table with some historical background of broadcasting in the region, leading into how broadcasting is done there today. It was an easy and enjoyable read. Nice job and keep up the great work. I look forward to your next column."

- Don Young, N2DY

#### **A Capitol Mistake**

"September 2006 issue is just great. Although there is one major mistake in 'Buffalo Scanning' on pages 18-19. John Mayson has stirred up a hornets nest here. Problem: although there are two county buildings here in Niagara Falls, we are NOT the county seat, LOCKPORT is. It sits in the middle of the county on the Erie Canal."

Dave Martin also provides some additional frequencies for Niagara Falls:

Call back frequencies for Niagara Falls PD: 465.375 & 465.125

Call back frequencies for Niagara Falls FD: 465.525 & 465.575

New York State Police, Lockport Base: 155.505 Niagara County Sheriff: 154.755 NY State Park Police: 155.685 Niagara County Fire Base: 46.060

Air Traffic over the Falls: 121.050

"Realizing that your reporter likes the winter in this region so much, we do offer Spring, Summer & Fall views without any snow or ice.

"As far as Niagara County Fire is concerned, they may eventually go to trunk frequencies; they have one handicap to that, *money*. If FEMA or some other agency will give them the money, they are ready to go for it.

"We also have Mutual Aid here for all departments, Police & Fire. Most river rescues are done by the various professional and volunteer fire deptartments in the river area, with assistance from the USCG & Erie County Police Chopper. There is a Border Patrol Chopper also available."

- Dave Martin, Niagara Falls, NY

Says John Mayson, in his defense, "Thanks for the feedback and for the added frequency information. I unfortunately do not make it to that part of the country often (it was my first visit to western NY). My atlas is apparently wrong. It marks county seats with a unique symbol and it showed Niagara Falls to be the county seat. I didn't question this since it's such a well known city. But I know from places like Polk County, FL, and Hinds County, MS, the largest city isn't always the county seat."

#### **Eton E5 Feedback**

Dear Jim Clarke,

"Jim, thanks for the nice review of the e5 in MT. I have a question, though: You mention that

the up/down step buttons change the frequency by 3kHz from 150-520. I thought this radio didn't have longwave. If it does, I'd consider buying one, but it's not listed as having LW in any descriptions. What's the story? Thanks!"

- Todd Van Gelder

Todd,

"Boy, you had me going for a minute, or two, or three. When I did some quick checking online, I, too, couldn't find anything supporting what I wrote. Needless to say I was starting to wonder if I had written the review in a dream.

"Anyway, I had to go back to the owner's manual, which you can download for yourself from www.etoncorp.com/US/support/download manuals.aspx?index=1

"'If you scroll down to 'manual page' 20, or 'PDF page' 11, you will see a paragraph stating the E5 covers 150 kHz to 29999 kHz continuously.

"It's a nice radio; if you get one I hope you enjoy using it as much as I did playing with it"

-Jim

Harold Resnick called with a tip on how to access the mute function on the Eton E5 Radio, since information is sketchy in the manual and reviewer Jim Clarke hadn't figured it out. Harold discovered it when the audio kept muting by accident, and he would have to figure out what happened.

"OK, here goes. First, turn on the radio, and adjust the volume to what you want. Second, tap the lock button until the key symbol appears in the display. Third, once the key symbol is displayed in the LCD display, then pressing the Sleep button mutes and unmutes the volume. Simple, eh?" (Yeah, once you figure it out... ed.)

– Harold Resnick, Calgary, Alberta, Canada

Well, the rest of the mail will have to wait until next month. Meanwhile, in this season of giving thanks, let us express our gratitude to our readers and subscribers who have kept *Monitoring Times* in business for 25 years, as of next month. You are our reason for being, and you make it possible. *THANKS!* 

This page is open to your considered comments. Opinions expressed here are not necessarily those of Monitoring Times. Your letters may be rephrased or shortened for length and clarity. Please mail to Letters to the Editor, 7540 Hwy 64 West, Brasstown, NC 28902, or email editor@monitoringtimes.com

Happy monitoring!

- Rachel Baughn, KE4OPD, Editor



"Communications" is compiled by Rachel Baughn KE4OPD from newsclippings submitted by our readers. Thanks to this month's fine reporters: Anonymous, Tom Baker, Bob Grove, Jerry None, Doug Robertson, Doug Smith, Robert Thomas, Larry Van Horn, Ed Yeary, George Zeller.

#### ON THE WILD SIDE

#### Arrest Raises First Amendment Questions

U.S. Attorney Michael Garcia alleges that Javed Iqbal, a Pakistani who has lived in the US for more than 20 years, conspired to violate the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, a law that bars direct financial aid to terrorist groups and the sales of products or services that could help such groups.

The charges accuse Iqbal of providing broadcasts of Al Manar – purportedly a media outlet for Hezbollah – through his Brooklynbased satellite company, HDTV Limited. Both Al Manar and Hezbollah have been classified as terrorist entities by the U.S. government.

Iqbal's defenders claim he may have promised a service he may not have to the capability to deliver. Even if he did, "This is a prosecution for importing information, basically," said Donna Lieberman, executive director of the New York Civil Liberties Union.

#### Hezbollah Eavesdrops on Israeli Comms

During the 34 days of fighting between Israel and Hezbollah troops in south Lebanon, which ended Aug. 14 under a cease-fire brokered by the United Nations, Hezbollah repeatedly surprised Israel in its level of weaponry and battlefield tactics.

Israeli troops primarily use the same communications system relied on for years by the U.S. – the Single Channel Ground and Airborne Radio System (SINCGARS) – equipped with frequency-hopping and encryption capabilities. However, according to a *Newsday* report, Hezbollah claims to have intercepted and decoded enough Israeli transmissions to give them a picture of troop movements, casualty reports, supply routes, and tank movements.

In the intervening years since Israel withdrew from Lebanon in 2000, Hezbollah has invested a lot of resources into eavesdropping and signals interception, including trained Hebrew speakers who can quickly translate the intercepts. Hezbollah's intelligence-gathering also garnered detailed maps and photographs, troop lists, and cell phone numbers, although Israeli forces had strict instructions not to divulge information over the phone.

Much of Hezbollah's eavesdropping equipment and military capability is believed to have come from its two main backers, Iran and Syria.

#### **Pirate Goes Legit**

In 1998, Scott Willoughby and Alex Markels started a 100 watt pirate radio station called Radio Free Minturn, just outside Vail, Colorado. The station operated out of Willoughby's living room until November 2000, when Federal

Communication Commission agents knocked on the door of Willoughby's home and ordered that Minturn Free Radio stop broadcasting immediately.

Radio Free Minturn went back on the air – again at 100 watts – on June 23, 2006, this time as a legal station licensed by the FCC. The station filed for a low-power FM license in 2000, but it wasn't until the spring of 2004 that the group learned its application had been accepted. By that time, most of the original crew was gone and it took nearly a year to create a new board. By then, Radio Free Minturn had six months to get on the air with little money and little expertise to do it.

So, Liz Campbell, the driving force on the board, held a wake for Radio Free Minturn on May 7, 2005, as a final gesture for a great idea whose time had come too late. Instead, more than 100 people showed up. Ken Laughlin came and donated engineering expertise. Mark Gordon, the Vail Town Councilman, got involved. (He now deejays a show.) An extension from the FCC gave them more time to get on the air.

"Great radio is also part of the quality of life of a great community," Gordon said. "I'm not taking away anything from the commercial stations, but there's no comparison. It's just one more piece of that community puzzle."

Across the country, an estimated 3,000 groups have tried to get a low-power FM license, but only around one hundred have been granted. And when years have passed, it's often too late. Radio Free Minturn is one success story.

#### AMATEUR RADIO

#### **FCC Affirms BPL Rules**

In August the Federal Communications Commission generally reaffirmed its rules for Access Broadband over Power Line (Access BPL) systems while maintaining safeguards against harmful interference to existing radio services. If harmful interference does occur, the Commission says it will take appropriate action to remedy the situation.

The FCC denied petitions from amateur radio and the television and aeronautical industries to exclude portions of their spectrum from BPL operations. It also denied the request by the gas and petroleum industries to be considered as public safety entities.

It did adopt changes regarding protection of radio astronomy stations by requiring a new exclusion zone and changes to provide for continuing protection for aeronautical stations that are relocated.

#### **Hams Experiment with Marine Band**

On September 13 the FCC's Office of Engineering and Technology granted Part 5

experimental license WD2XSH to the ARRL on behalf of a group of radio amateurs interested in investigating spectrum in the vicinity of 500 kHz

The two-year authorization permits experimentation and research between 505 and 510 kHz (600 meters) using narrowband modes at power levels of up to 20 W effective radiated power (ERP). ARRL Member Fritz Raab, W1FR, of Vermont, will serve as experimental project manager for "The 500 KC Experimental Group for Amateur Radio" www.500kc.com The group eventually will be seeking reports from non-participants.

The group envisions eventual use of the spectrum to provide Amateur Radio emergency communication via groundwave, without having to deal with the vagaries of the ionosphere or causing interference to other services.

500 kHz remains designated as an official maritime emergency CW frequency, although the vast majority of maritime users have shifted to satellite-based systems.

#### **Space Adventuress**

Born in Iran in 1966, Anousheh Ansari moved with her family to the United States when she was 16 and became an American citizen. In September 2006 she was the first female space tourist to visit to the International Space Station.

"I want to reach women and girls in remote parts of the world where women are not encouraged to go into science and technology jobs," she said, "They should believe in what they want and pursue it." The 40-year-old practices what she preaches: She has degrees in business and science (and is working toward a degree in astronomy) and has filed patents in the field of telecommunications. The business Anousheh helped found was a major contributor to the Ansari X Prize for the first private company to build a rocket capable of two manned suborbital flights in two weeks (won by Burt Rutan in 2004).

Anousheh was a last-minute backup as the next space tourist, which didn't allow her time to obtain her amateur radio license. However, she was trained to use the amateur radio onboard the ISS and hoped to make some third-party contacts. See Space Adventures Ltd www. spaceadventures.com/



# United Nations Peacekeeping Radio Stations – Propaganda *For* Peace

By Jeffrey Heyman KG6SVK



Radio ONUB interviews villagers from Kinama, Burundi.

ew realize the complexity and the extent of United Nations peacekeeping operations. These missions have grown extensively since the organization began peacekeeping in 1948 from simply patrolling ceasefire lines to multi-dimensional operations that combine military and civilian facets, humanitarian relief, political affairs and public information.

The United Nations has mounted 60 peacekeeping operations since its inception. To one degree or another, public information has played a role in each, but a relatively new aspect of the UN's public information capacity in the field has been the advent of UN radio stations as part of complex peacekeeping missions. The first major effort was in Cambodia in 1993 with Radio UNTAC, still a model for UN peacekeeping radio stations today (see *Monitoring Times*, Vol. 13, No. 10, October 1994)

UN peacekeeping radio differs in operation from its cousin, UN Radio run out of the Secretariat in New York. UN field radio broadcasts in local languages are aimed at the public within peacekeeping areas of operation, such as former Yugoslavia, Rwanda, Somalia, Angola, and other peacekeeping missions.

There are 18 current "peace operations," as they are called, run by the United Nations Department of Peacekeeping Operations. Fif-

teen of those missions are actual peacekeeping operations, and three (Afghanistan, Sierra Leone and East Timor) are political "peace building" operations.

#### **UN Peacekeeping Operations**

Current UN peacekeeping operations consist of 72,724 uniformed personnel serving worldwide. These include some 62,811 troops, 7,242 police officers and 2671 military observers, contributed by 109 countries. (The UN has no standing army, contrary to the widely held misconception in the US; all military personnel come through troop contributions by the UN's 192 member countries.) The approved budget for peacekeeping operations for this fiscal year is some \$4.75 billion.

In addition, there are 4,517 international civilian personnel (of which I was one during the 1990s) and 8,654 local staff working on UN peacekeeping missions. Sadly, according to UN records 2,272 military and civilian personnel have lost their lives in peacekeeping operations since 1948.

## United Nations Radio in the Field

The UN has varying degrees of radio capabilities in 10 of its 18 peace missions: Afghanistan, Burundi, Congo, Cote d'Ivoire

(Ivory Coast), East Timor, Haiti, Kosovo, Liberia, Sierra Leone, and Sudan. This is an explosive growth since Cambodia in 1992-93 when UN Headquarters in those days was skeptical about the use of radio within traditional peacekeeping operations.

Today, the UN has fully operational broadcast operations in Burundi, Congo, Ivory Coast, Liberia, and Sierra Leone. Missions in Haiti and Sudan are planning to broadcast shortly. And Kosovo, Afghanistan, and East Timor have radio production capabilities that are used to produce programs broadcast through third parties – local stations on other

media outlets in those countries.

These radio stations and production efforts are different from military morale operations to entertain troops or psychological operations run by special units run to influence warring factions. United Nations peacekeeping radio attempts to seek peace and reconciliation and to build confidence as a means to settle conflict and further the peace process. While some may call these propaganda broadcasts plain and simple, I call UN radio efforts "propaganda for peace."

#### **Working with Governments**

To most governments, the establishment of broadcasting to reach the general population, without restriction, is a very sensitive issue. It doesn't matter if it's a United Nations-backed effort or not; governments are nearly always suspicious of such intentions.

The use of actual broadcast operations in UN missions has always been controversial for this reason. Many countries, even if they have signed a "Status of Forces Agreement" for the deployment of a UN operation and have agreed to UN Security Council resolutions mandating a mission, still do not welcome unfettered broadcasting by the United Nations – or anyone else – on their territory. Government officials cannot, of course, control the UN's message if it goes out over transmitters that are not controlled by the government, and this has always been a stumbling block to the establishment of UN radio stations in the field.

Governments try to work with the UN to provide broadcasts by offering timeslots on their own national radio networks. And, traditionally, the UN has accepted these offers. To some extent this benefits both parties: The UN can get its message out easily and without going through the expense and difficulties of establishing a full broadcast station, and the government can closely monitor – and ultimately control – the United Nations' programming.

For example, in August 1995 after the genocide in Rwanda, cooperation between the United Nations and the Government of Rwanda was fairly good and the UN wanted to use radio to help ease the refugee crisis facing the country with more than a million people in camps in neighboring Congo (then Zaire). I recommended setting up an independent radio



The opening of Radio Miraya (Mirror) in June 2006, the UN's Radio station in Sudan. Leon Willems, Chief of UN Radio in Sudan assists Salva Kiir (in hat), Vice President of all Sudan, as well as the President of Southern Sudan, in cutting the ribbon.

station as opposed to placing United Nations programming on the government radio station in Kigali, pointing out that the good will of the Rwandan authorities towards the UN could change at any moment.

Unfortunately, I was right. Shortly thereafter, the Secretary General's special representative in Rwanda expressed particular concern about "persistent hostile propaganda by the Government, primarily through radio, against [the United Nations]." If the UN had not deployed small transmitters in key locations, such as the capital, Kigali, it would have had no way to counter the Government's hateful accusations.

And in January 2006, there was a similar situation in Ivory Coast where, according to a UN spokesman, anti-UN broadcasts supported by the government in Ivory Coast included "complaints [about the UN] of a rather extreme sort, rape, prostitution ... it's fairly ugly stuff that's coming out over the official radio."

Anti-UN riots ensued, spurred on by the Government's propaganda and four UN staff were killed by rioters. The UN has a full broadcast station in Ivory Coast, which was attacked by hostile crowds. This situation illustrates the difficulties of working in hostile environments and how a government that once welcomed the UN can turn against its presence. As in Rwanda, at least the UN had a radio station in Ivory Coast to counter as best it could the government's propaganda.

But had UN radio programs been broadcast over government radio stations in Rwanda and Ivory Coast – as was the more usual model in previous years – these programs would have certainly been canceled and United Nations would have been left with no means by which to counter the hostile propaganda being put out by these angry governments.

#### **Local Radio Stations**

The UN traditionally has gotten over this hurdle by using "existing media outlets," as local or national radio broadcasters are often called. Often, in the past, this consisted of the UN being allowed a few hours on a "friendly" local radio station or airtime on the government's network, which, as noted above, is far from ideal.

Most local radio stations, especially those that are "independent," welcome UN programs and enjoy the benefits of cooperating with international broadcasters – especially if there is a financial incentive to carry the programming. But, to be realistic, many of these so-called independent stations are hardly independent at all; most are somehow affiliated with a political party or ethnic group, and the subtlety of the bias in the station's programming might not be immediately apparent to a UN official not familiar with the local media environment.

After the breakup of former Yugoslavia in the 1990s, there were scores of so-called "independent" radio stations throughout the various former republics – this was in addition to the extensive national broadcasting network the republican authorities controlled. UN Radio in Former Yugoslavia, which I headed, was able to negotiate the placement of program-

ming on 94 radio stations in Bosnia, Croatia, Serbia and Macedonia (and these were only a portion of the 200 or more stations on the air at the time). We tried to get the UN's message out through these "existing media outlets," but we were less than successful in doing so. Some stations edited the UN programs we sent them to skew our message for their own propaganda purposes.

When tensions increase, programming will often be censored. Even more likely, the UN local broadcast will take on an unintended political consequence: The listening public assumes that the UN condones the policies of the station on which its programs are transmitted! The effect of this can completely compromise the UN's message in the highly charged political environments of most peacekeeping operations.

When I was on a tour of local radio stations in former Yugoslavia that had agreed to carry UN programs during the war in 1995, I learned firsthand the pitfalls of working with local radio stations during wartime.

Driving along the Croatian coast one afternoon, I heard a series of numbers being read out over dance music on a radio station transmitting from the island Hvar. This was one of the radio stations that carried UN radio programs, so I listened carefully, wondering what the announcer was doing reading numbers to a disco beat. Only knowing Croatian slightly, I asked my driver what exactly the announcer was saying. He listened closely and explained that the announcer was reading out technical characteristics of newly acquired Croatian rocket launchers.

As I continued to listen, the song "Imagine" by John Lennon, perhaps the ultimate peace song, was played. The music faded and the announcer, taking on a menacing tone, said, "Imagine what these weapons could do to the Serbs in our occupied villages." This was followed by Paul McCartney's song "Live and Let Die." The ominous implications were clear.

In a cable back to UN Headquarters in New York later that week, I wrote, "While not all radio stations in Croatia are so extreme in their militancy, I would ask whether this is the kind of station on which the United Nations wishes to air its radio programs?"

Over the years, the UN has begun (wisely, in my opinion) to use its own transmitters to broadcast within peacekeeping missions and move away – wherever possible – from relying on local broadcasters or government stations to get its message out.

# What is the UN's Message?

Each peacekeeping operation is different, of course, and the UN's message in each country – or region – must be different, tailored to the local situation and the intended audience.

Programs can range from straight-forward, unbiased news broadcasts – a rarity in most countries in conflict – to talk programs, health awareness, women's issues, development, and cultural programs, all aimed at explaining the peace process in the country, building confidence between warring factions, furthering reconciliation and, hopefully, shaping democratic institutions and human rights.

United Nations Radio also attempts to counter "hate media," a not-so-new form of spreading hatred that has seen a rise in recent years as ethnic conflicts, like the genocide in Rwanda, have spread. More easily available technology and cheap radios have, sadly, allowed those seeking to use radio to further mass murder, rape and ethnic cleansing the means to do so

The UN largely uses locally-hired radio announcers, reporters and technicians – this also helps in "capacity building," so when the UN's mission is completed, these folks, now trained in democratic media values, can continue to work independently. Nonetheless, editorial review, program format and content must be very tightly controlled to ensure unbiased and fair programming – a daunting task.

#### Logistics: Station Building During Wartime

If all the political problems associated with UN radio broadcasts weren't enough of a challenge, there are the logistics of setting up a UN radio station during active conflicts.

Whether during or following a conflict, the areas in which the UN operates are logistical nightmares. There are a host of obstacles, both seen and unforeseen, such as crumbling infrastructure, inaccessible terrain, lack of power or food and water, weak government institutions – or their opposite, overly authoritarian regimes. In addition, there are often landmines and, sadly, a completely traumatized and demoralized population, the civilian victims of war awaiting a UN mission.

Add to this the unique characteristics of setting up broadcast operations: the need for transmitter sites, often on strategic, contested high land features. I recall waiting for hours, when surveying possible UN transmitter sites



The containerized studio at Burundi – a concept first developed by the author.



A young would-be journalist adds to a feature for UNICEF being produced at the UN's Burundi station.

in Angola, for local leaders to grant permission to enter "rebel" territory, as one mountaintop was labeled. Even then, my safety "could not be guaranteed" by the local authorities.

How do you power transmitters in a wartorn country? In Cambodia we used giant diesel fuel bladders, holding thousands of gallons, to power generators that fed the MW transmitters, all of which had to be guarded 24 hours a day. Also, imagine clearing acres and acres of landmines so that radials for these MW transmitters could be laid.

Currently, FM transmitters are the most often used for UN field operations. While these are much easier to set up (I designed some of the first deployable mini- and micro-transmitters used by the UN), they are not without their logistical problems as well. Power is always an issue in conflict areas, as is getting to the often remote locations where the transmitters need to be deployed. And, for obvious reasons, radio transmitters are always targets – either by militia groups opposed to the UN's mission or by ordinary thieves and looters.

#### Current or Planned UN



A UN radio tech checks operation of the containerized studio in Burundi.

#### **Broadcast Operations**

The UN has robust radio operations in Ivory Coast, Liberia, and Sierra Leone, but let's take a closer look at four other major UN radio operations: Burundi, Democratic Republic of Congo, Haiti and Sudan. These are good examples of what the UN faces in the field as it uses radio for peacekeeping.

#### **UN Radio in Burundi**

The Security Council initially authorized the deployment of the United Nations Operation in Burundi (ONUB) in May 2004. The operation was to help implement the efforts by Burundians to restore peace and bring national reconciliation to the central African nation.

The UN set a maximum of 5,650 military personnel, including 200 observers and 125 staff officers, up to 120 UN police personnel, as well as the appropriate civilian personnel for the mission. It also authorized ONUB to use "all necessary means," which allows the use of force under Chapter VII of the UN's Charter, to ensure that ceasefire agreements would remain in place.

The operation's mandate was to carry out

disarmament and demobilization of combatants and to monitor the illegal flow of arms. ONUB, which is the French acronym used as the mission's name, was also tasked with "contributing to the creation of the necessary security conditions" that would allow for humanitarian assistance, the return of refugees, and ensuring a secure environment for "free, transparent and peaceful elections," according to the United Nations.

To this end, especially to aid in the coun-

try's move towards democracy, the Security Council authorized the establishment of a UN radio station, **Radio ONUB**.

The UN radio station in Burundi consists of several FM transmitters that provide radio broadcasts in French and the locally spoken Kirundi. Radio ONUB consists of morning, midday and evening schedules for about three to four hours each period. The transmissions begin with a bulletin of news and then programs that alternate between French and Kirundi. The programs, which revolve around current events and information topics, are generally 30-minutes each.

If you find yourself in Burundi, you can listen to Radio ONUB on 89.7, 92.9, 96.8 and 101.4 MHz. Other frequencies may be used as well. UN Radio transmitters are reported located at sites such as Isanganiro, Bonesha, and Renaissance in Bujumbura, and, apparently, at National Radio and Television Burundi (RTNB) transmission sites as well.

Radio ONUB seems to be doing its job: Respondents to a public opinion survey conducted by the City College of New York and Yale University in March 2005 gave high marks to Radio ONUB. According to the survey, a total of 70.5 percent of those surveyed in the country said that Radio ONUB had done a good or very good job at getting information out to the people. The respondents said that the UN radio station had been an important point of communication particularly on the 2005 elections and informing people on how to vote.

The survey's final report noted, "The radio regularly informed on national and international opinions. It has collaborated with the security forces and the administration of the voting offices on the voting days during elections... [a] positive role of Radio ONUB in informing the population."

# Democratic Republic of Congo

In her excellent paper, "Radio as Peacebuilder: A case study of Radio Okapi in the Democratic Republic of Congo," media consultant Michelle Betz laid out very nicely the situation in the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) and the establishment of the UN's joint radio effort to establish a radio station in that troubled region.

Much of this account is taken from her paper, and according to Betz, who is currently based in Accra, Ghana, the DRC has faced civil war since the influx in 1994 of refugees from fighting in neighboring Rwanda and Burundi. More than three million Congolese have been killed in the conflict.

In August 1999, the Security Council authorized the deployment of up to 90 United Nations military liaison personnel, along with necessary civilian staff, to the capitals of the signatory States. By February 2000, the Security Council expanded the United Nations Mission in the Democratic Republic of Congo (MONUC) to consist of up to 5,537 military personnel, including up to 500 observers. In September 2002, 23,400 Rwandan troops withdrew from DRC, along with troops from

Uganda, Zimbabwe and Angola. By December 2002, MONUC was expanded to a level of up to 8,700 UN troops.

In 2001, Metz points out, the government of the DRC had banned foreign broadcasts. Privately owned radio and television stations in DRC were ordered to cease transmissions of foreign broadcasts, such as a Catholic station that rebroadcast Radio Vatican, and Raga FM, which broadcast Voice of America, BBC World Service and Deutsche Welle. But by early 2002, both VOA and BBC had resumed broadcasts in Kinshasa. According to US Department of State figures from 2002, 10 radio stations operated in Kinshasa, the capital.

Metz notes that radio in DRC is "the most popular medium due to the high cost of print publications and low literacy rates."

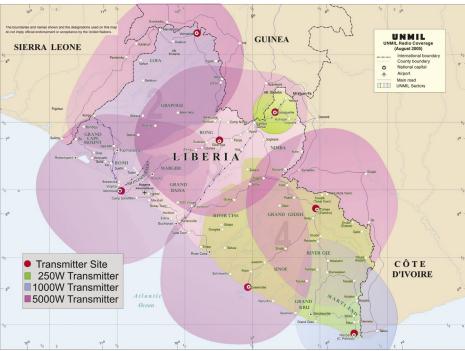
#### Radio Okapi

Set up in February 2002, the UN's radio station in Congo, Radio Okapi, is a joint project between MONUC and Foundation Hirondelle, a Swiss non-governmental organization. This is the first time the UN has teamed up with a non-governmental organization in its radio operations.

The station is named after a legendary African animal related to the giraffe. The name "okapi" is the same in all of the languages of the DRC, and the creature is considered to be a symbol of peace.

With a staff made up of mostly native Congolese journalists and broadcasters, according to Metz, Radio Okapi produces news, music, and information on the UN's activities in the country, with the goal of becoming the first media outlet to provide national coverage regardless of political affiliation and reaching both government- and rebel-held territories on FM and shortwave.

Radio Okapi broadcasts in the five major



languages spoken in DRC: French, Lingala, Swahili, Tshiluba and Kikongo. Its programming, says Metz, is dedicated to health, education, human rights, culture and music, the last of which is crucial in gaining the interest of Congolese radio listeners.

Prior to the launch of Radio Okapi in 2002, the station that reached the largest numbers of Congolese was La Voix du Congo, the state-controlled broadcaster, Metz notes. Now, however, Radio Okapi is the most listened-to station in the country. With such popularity, the station also plans to collaborate with other media in DRC, particularly with Congolese radio stations, assisting in production and training.

According to Metz, Radio Okapi marks

the first steps toward reunification of the Democratic Republic of Congo by being the first program to broadcast on FM and shortwave across the frontlines in both government- and rebel-held territories.

Radio Okapi can be heard on FM throughout the country (see map) and on shortwave – aimed mostly at domestic audiences – on 6030, 9550, 11690 kHz via a 10kW transmitter in Kinshasa.

#### **Liberia: Technical Advances**

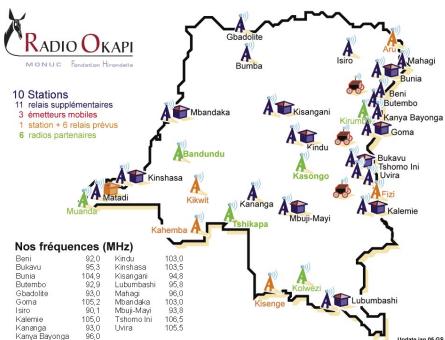
The UN doesn't always rely on crisis management tactics and less than modern equipment in its operations. One example of how advanced UN peacekeeping radio operations have become can be found in Liberia.

The United Nations Mission in Liberia (UNMIL) has established an extremely effective, state-of-the-art radio station. UNMIL Radio currently broadcasts at seven FM transmitter sites in the country using Eddystone 7605 transmitters operating at 4.2 kW, a RVR Electronic PJ 1000 operating at 960 watts and one SBS PA 250 operating at 250 watts.

The five Eddystones are deployed to the five major population centers (see map). The site at the capital, Monrovia, uses a four-bay array at a height of about 1200 feet and transmits on 91.5 MHz. The other major sites, all using four-bay arrays, are Gbarnga, on 90.5 MHz, Voinjama, on 97.1MHz, Zwedru on 91.5 MHz and Greenville on 97.1 MHz.

Future plans include the installation of four more 1kW transmitters with four-bay arrays throughout the middle of Liberia and to upgrade the coastal antennas to six-bay arrays.

Production for UNMIL Radio programs takes place in three studios (a fourth is just about to be finished) and three recording booths housed at two locations. The production processes is quite advanced with all studio and regional producers linked via a computer



With ten stations operating in the Democratic Republic of Congo, Radio Okapi, the joint United Nations-Foundation Hirondelle project, is one of the largest UN radio operations within the organization's peacekeeping missions worldwide, as this map illustrates.

network of 50 machines with central file storage for easier maintenance and distribution of files.

The actual program, coming from the studio in Monrovia, needs to be distributed to the various locations over satellite and terrestrially. Currently, satellite links are available between major locations in Liberia, but are mainly for UN voice and data transmissions. So, UNMIL Radio programming has been distributed by digitizing and "packetising" the audio. This solution works, but suffers from poor reliability.

To get around this, the UN has decided to set up a special carrier on these satellite links, one dedicated to UNMIL radio. A satellite modem will receive the carrier, make it available on a serial interface, and an audio decoder will convert the serial synchronous data stream into analogue audio. This audio will then be inserted into each of the FM transmitters for broadcast throughout Liberia. A state-of-the-art solution for a war-torn developing country.

#### Haiti: A Long History of UN Deployment

After years of stormy deployments in the Haiti, UN radio operations in the country are in the final planning stages. In order to support elections this fall, the radio station is expected to deploy 5 to 15 FM transmitters dispersed throughout this tiny Caribbean country.

United Nations involvement in Haiti started in February 1993, and the United Nations Mission in Haiti (UNMIH) was formed later that year. The next year a 20,000-strong multinational force was formed to facilitate the return of "legitimate" Haitian authorities, and maintain security and the rule of law. This force was followed by a number of successive United Nations peacekeeping missions from 1994 to 2001.

In the 2000 presidential elections, President Jean-Bertrand Aristide claimed victory, but the opposition and the international community contested the results and accused the Government of manipulating the election. In 2004, armed conflict broke out and insurgents took control of much of the northern part of the country, threatening the Haitian capital. Aristide left the country and there was general confusion about the situation until an interim president requested assistance, including the authorization for international troops to enter Haiti.

In November 2004, the Security Council extended the mandate of MINUSTAH, as the UN mission was by then known. MINUSTAH (the French acronym for United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti) was formed to create a politically stable environment in the country.

A free and fair electoral process was to play a big role in stabilizing Haiti and the UN's Secretary-General, Kofi Annan, encouraged all Haitian citizens to participate fully in the process. (Local elections, as of this writing, were scheduled for this fall with presidential and parliamentary elections set for November 13, 2006.)

To ensure security during the elections, the UN proposed the deployment of an additional infantry battalion of 750 troops to respond quickly to "hot spots" during the pre-election period, thus raising the troop levels in the country to 7,500. There are to be some 1,900 United Nations police officers deployed as well, and the creation of a "rapid reaction force" to provide increased security, particularly in and around the capital, Port-au-Prince.

And, as with previous UN-sponsored elections in such countries as Cambodia, a UN radio station is to play an important role in Haiti's latest attempt at democracy.

#### The UN's Station in Haiti

According to Al Muick, a UN broadcast technology officer who is currently in Haiti setting up the operation, the UN's station in Haiti will transmit by way of a 5kW Eddystone 7605 transmitter located on a site known as Oublionne. Muick is the Chief Engineer of UN Radio in Sudan and is on loan to the mission in Haiti. He says that the station's 4-bay, circularly polarized omni antenna from VHF Teknik, AB will be mounted on a 180-foot tower and will provide 3dB nominal gain for an ERP of around 9.5-10kW. The site is located at 6,319 feet elevation and should provide "a stomping signal" in the capital, Port-au-Prince, says Muick.

The UN is considering calling the station "**Tap-Tap Stereo**." As is usual for so many UN radio stations, the local authorities are claiming there are no frequencies available in Port-au-Prince on which the station can operate. Negotiations, however, are on-going for the main frequency in the capital as well as for nine other regions in the country, each of which is slated to have 1kW Eddystone transmitters with a 4-Bay SIRA vertically polarized dipole antenna array.

Programming has not yet been finalized, but plans call for only one studio in Port-au-Prince, now under construction. Currently, the UN is using containerized studios – first developed in former Yugoslavia – to produce a weekly one-hour show that, for a fee, is currently being aired on local FM stations. Hopefully, some of the equipment from the containers will be put to use in the constructed

studio so the UN will have an independent voice on the air to help quell troubles and build peace in Haiti.

#### Sudan's UN Mission

The radio station for the United Nations Mission in Sudan, which it is hoped will soon include the troubled Darfur region, is planned to be largest UN radio operation ever attempted. Plans call for perhaps as many as 40 FM transmitters, with MW terrestrial coverage as well as "out of mission" transmissions generating a "shortwave blanket" over the vast African country. But all of these plans are still under scrutiny by Sudanese officials and it has been slow going to set up broadcast operations.

The United Nations Mission in the Sudan (UNMIS) was established by the Security Council in March 2005, after it had determined that the situation in the country continued to constitute a threat to international peace and security. The United States was a lead Member State in establishing a UN mission in Sudan and has been supportive of the UN's role in the country.

UNMIS's mandate is to support a signed peace agreement in the North-South conflict that has stricken the country since 1955. It is also tasked with aiding in the voluntary return of refugees, assisting with landmines, and protecting human rights – especially those of vulnerable groups such as women and children

Sudan gained independence from British-Egyptian rule in 1956, and since then the Government and the Sudan People's Liberation Movement/Army, the main rebel movement in the south, have fought over resources, power, and the role of religion in the state. Over two million people have died, four million have been uprooted, and some 600,000 people have fled the country as refugees, according to UN figures.

There have been many attempts to bring peace to the troubled country over the years, and in June 2004 a special political mission, the United Nations Advance Mission in the Sudan, was established to prepare for the introduction of a peace support operation in the country. Talks were also held on the conflict in Darfur, a region in the western part of the Sudan where the US says genocide is taking place. Human rights monitors were deployed in Darfur and further peace talks were held.

In January 2005, the Government of the Sudan and the Sudan People's Liberation Movement/Army signed a Comprehensive Peace Agreement, which provided security arrangements, power-sharing, some autonomy for the south, and equitable distribution of economic resources, including oil, a key to the Sudanese economy.

A mission was established by the UN



Staff members at Radio Miraya. Currently, the US can only broadcast in southern Sudan.

shortly after the Peace Agreement was signed, authorizing the deployment of a "multidimensional peace support operation," which is what the United Nations calls complicated missions that are a combination of traditional peacekeeping and newer political missions with humanitarian components. The United Nations Mission in Sudan (UNMIS) consists of up to 10,000 military personnel and an appropriate civilian component including more than 700 police officers.

Although the civil war in the south has concluded, the conflict continues in the Darfur region in the west, where tens of thousands of people have been killed and more than 1.8 million others displaced, according to the UN. A peace agreement concerning Darfur was recently signed, but largely ignored. A UN mission for Darfur is planned, but, as of this writing, remains on hold. Civilians continue to suffer in Sudan in what has been called the worst humanitarian crisis currently facing the international community.

#### **UN Radio in Sudan**

Radio is a key part of Sudanese society, stemming from the days of colonial rule and the availability of the BBC World Service in the country. And with Sudan's massive size, radio is one of the few effective means by which one can reach the entire country.

The UN's plans for Sudan are as big as the country. But only the Government in the south has allowed the UN to broadcast. UNMIS's flagship station in that part of the country is up and operational in the city of Juba, named **Radio Miraya** (Mirror).

"The government has been reluctant to allow the UN to broadcast in Khartoum, saying we only have a mandate for the South," said Leon Willems, chief of UN Radio in Sudan. "Even though the Status of Forces Agreement clearly states that the UN can install and operate radio stations."

According to Willems, radio is sorely needed in fulfilling the UN's mandate to educate Sudanese people about the country's peace agreement. Some 85 percent of people in areas of Southern Sudan and over half the country's entire population are illiterate.

The UN began talks with the Government of Sudan about the radio in October 2004, but waited until January of this year to receive a radio frequency for operations in Khartoum and Juba in Southern Sudan. Finally, in February the Government of Southern Sudan allowed UNMIS to begin broadcasting in the South, granting it land and access to facilities. But the Khartoum authorities continued to resist.

The Southern authorities granted the UN the FM frequency of 101 MHz for its entire territory in May, and Radio Miraya was formally launched in Juba on June 30, 2006. Southern Sudanese President Salva Kiir, who was at the ribbon cutting (see photograph on page 9), stressed that the radio would play a crucial role in informing people about the country's peace agreement. "It will also make the UN's role clear so that it is not misunderstood," he said.

UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan's Special Representative in Sudan, Jan Pronk,

who attended the opening with several hundred members of the Southern government, non-governmental organizations, and national media, emphasized that all people in Sudan had the right to benefit from the radio. "Not only the people of Southern Sudan, but also people in the North will soon participate in and listen to UN radio," he said.

UN Radio plans to expand its transmission to all of Southern Sudan by the end of 2006, Willems said. "The idea is to eventually cover Sudan with FM relay stations in population centers, with production houses in Khartoum, Juba and Darfur, once the UN has a mandate there."

He admits that broadcasting in Southern Sudan is far from easy. Radio Miraya must build transmission towers all over the south and use generators for power, since cities have inadequate supplies.

In Juba, according to Muick (the UN's Broadcast Technology Officer who is the Chief Technician of the Sudan operation), the transmitter in operation is an Eddystone 7605, with 5kW nominal output. The antenna system is a 2-bay VHF Teknick, AB vertically polarized dipole array with about 4dB gain. This provides an effective ERP of 10.5kW and reports have been received from over 60 miles away. Good signal reception is provided by the array's placement on a 270-foot tower.

Studios for the UN's station consist of two on-site standard containerized studios, one main and one production. UNMIS is in the process of building more studio space and plan to use a DAC700/CM701A codem/modem to uplink to and from the capital, Khartoum, in true duplex for news feeds and special programming, said Muick, who is a member of Society of Broadcast Engineers and seems to enjoy his field work a great deal.

The UN is also using broadcast vans with transmit capability, according to Muick. These vans are currently being dispatched to Sudanese cities of Malakal, Rumbek and Wau in the south with 250-watt transmitters and a single, vertically polarized dipole on a 45-foot pneumatic mast. These locations are smaller towns that should be reasonably well covered until full towers can be constructed, says Muick. The UN's plan calls for two and five kW operation in these towns.

Ready whenever the northern authorities allow transmissions, there is a transmitter installed in the north of the country in a very unique spot: on the roof of the men's toilet at the UN base. This transmitter is a 5 kW Eddystone with a 4-bay VHF TEKNIK AB array on a 40 foot mast which is mounted for a total height of about 100 feet above ground, giving it ERP of 22.5 kW, Muick said. This is plenty of power to cover the cities of Omdurman and Khartoum. A three-hour test was run and everything is ready to be switched on once the Sudanese authorities give the go-ahead.

The UN has radio studios in Khartoum (the same configuration as in Juba), where they produce hourly news broadcasts and special features for transmission in the south. Additional radio studios are being built at a cost of \$1 million in the Manshiya district of

Khartoum and these are expected to be "almost state-of-the-art," Muick said. Transmission will be via Radio Computing Systems' Master Control/Selector.

The new production facilities in Sudan will use 20 Burli workstations for news production in Arabic. Burli, a Canadian company, makes newsroom computer systems for radio that will allow UN journalists to easily gather, edit and broadcast the news.

### Radio Miraya and Foundation Hirondelle

With the success of Radio Okapi (the UN radio station in DRC), UNMIS has again teamed up with Foundation Hirondelle, the Swiss NGO founded by international journalists to promote radio as an agent of peace.

Through Hirondelle and the Dutch government, seven Radio Miraya staff members are provided. Studio and training equipment has also been donated. Hirondelle will eventually take over the radio when the UN's mandate expires in 2011, handing it over completely to national staff (already, some 72 are Sudanese), who will run Radio Miraya as an independent, local public broadcasting body.

Radio Miraya programming, which Hirondelle helps produce, is in Arabic, English and local languages. Programs such as "Maal and Modi in the Morning" (a show with news, information, guests and music) and "Miraya Mix" (a program where listeners call in with greetings from North and South Sudan plus local music) provide popular fare for the local population. There is also "Sudan Tonite," a program that includes health, education, women's issues and debates on political and social topics, with listeners voicing their views through phone calls, a popular format for conflict resolution programming.

UN radio in Sudan – Radio Miraya – is without a doubt the most ambitious broadcast operation yet mounted by the United Nations. Now, if only the Government in the north will grant broadcast authorization...

#### The Future of UN Peacekeeping Radio

It is clear that the UN will be increasingly called upon to establish peacekeeping operations in the future. In spite of news-making scandals at the organization and the spectre of having to carry out much needed management reform in public view, the United Nations is needed now as much as it was when it was founded at the end of the Second World War.

Lessons have been learned from past peacekeeping missions – both successes and failures – and the UN struggles to steer forward in the face of political battles between Member States to ensure peace and security in our world.

Clearly it doesn't always work. But one thing does seem undeniable: UN peacekeeping radio, when given a chance, is a voice for peace in this troubled world – propaganda for peace – and these stations will continue to grow in number and have an important role to play in turning war to peace and suffering to hope.

# ...Special Report to MT... DRM Broadcasts in Europe



#### By Bernd Trutenau

romoted as the only chance for the survival of shortwave by some – and condemned as "white noise" by others – DRM holds a fixed presence on the European SW dial. However, the starting winter (B06) season does not show a significant increase in the DRM output. With the continuing lack of suitable and moderately priced receivers on the market, interest in DRM continues to stagnate.

Mirroring the crisis of SW broadcasting in general, DRM on SW is at a critical stage in its development. Since the end of the East-West conflict, and with the accelerating globalization, the shortwave audience in Europe is continues to shrink

Internet and satellite radio/TV, as well as rebroadcasting via local affiliates, have taken over as media for the distribution of international radio programs. On the positive side, local groundwave DRM on high SW frequencies with a power of 0.1 to 1 kW is now seen as a new option to provide high quality audio – for example, in metropolitan areas with a deficit of additional FM frequencies.

The following survey gives a picture of DRM transmissions from transmitting sites in Europe in the winter season 2006/2007.

Please note, this article was written prior to the start of the B06 season. Although many frequencies were known in advance, changes may have occurred since then. The latest DRM schedules can be found online, for example, at http://baseportal.com/baseportal/drmdx/main

#### **AUSTRIA**

Continuing in B06, Christian Vision appears to be the single DRM customer for the Moosbrunn site, owned by ORS (Österreichische Sender GmbH & CO KG). Christian Vision is targeting the UK on 9760 kHz with 35 kW at 1000-1100 in English.

#### **BELARUS**

In early 2006, a correspondent from Belarus reported on a Russian DX mailing list about plans to start test transmission in DRM on 7440 kHz from the Kalodziscy site in Minsk; the start date was not yet announced. The state funding for the development of the national transmitter network has been increased considerably in recent years, with digitalization as one of the main goals.

#### **BULGARIA**

The Bulgarian Telecommunication Company (BTC) has upgraded its 100 kW capacities at the Kostinbrod site near Sofia in 2005 for DRM. They have been leased since then by WRN for its English language bouquet for European listeners. However, due to technical problems the future of this service was unclear at press time.

#### **CROATIA**

In 2005, the Croatian transmitter manufac-

turer RIZ was testing its own 1 kW transmitter in Zagreb on 25800 kHz. This transmitter model was delivered to London (see below).

#### **FRANCE**

French operator Télédiffusion de France (TDF) has been providing DRM transmission on SW from the start. Apart from 30-35 kW capacities at the main Issoudun site, TDF operates local DRM in Meudon (Paris) on 25765 (0.1 kW) and Rennes on 25775 (0.4 kW).

Also located on French soil is the Fontbonne site, owned by Monte Carlo Radiodiffusion (MCR) from Monaco, a TDF subsidiary. During A06, MCR has been providing relays of RMC Info on 6175 kHz with 10 kW; the use in B06 was unclear at editing time.

#### **GERMANY**

There is a variety of DRM SW broadcasts from Germany. Deutsche Telekom is providing capacities between 40 and 200 kW from the Wertachtal site for Deutsche Welle and the Belgian TDP Radio.

On the domestic side, Bayerischer Rundfunk is transmitting its "B5 Aktuell" program from Ismaning (Munich) on 6085 kHz with 10 kW. Local DRM is available at numerous locations: biteXpress in Erlangen on 15896 kHz; Campus Radio in Nuremberg on 26012 and in Neumarkt (Dillberg) on 26000 kHz; and in Hannover various test feeds are carried on 26045 kHz. All transmitters have a power of 0.1 kW.

#### ITALY

In 2005, Radio Maria in Andrate (Northern Italy) was licensed to broadcast locally in DRM on 26000 kHz with 50 Watts (25 Watts in use). Until the installation of a DRM modulator, the station is authorized to broadcast in AM mode; in summer 2006 it was still not heard in DRM.

#### **LUXEMBOURG**

Luxembourg's provider BCE (Broadcast Centre Europe) has fully turned to DRM transmissions. It is carrying RTL programming for audiences in France and Germany around the clock: on 5990 in French and 6095 kHz in German, both with 50 kW. RTL's newly introduced English service is aimed at local listeners in Luxembourg; registered frequencies for the B06 season are 25795 and 25805 kHz, with 1kW.

#### **NETHERLANDS**

Radio Netherlands is providing DRM services from the Flevo site (owned by Nozema Services) with 40 kW from 0800-1700 UTC, both with own programming and, on 7240 kHz, relays of Radio Sweden, Vatican Radio, and Radio Canada International for European listeners.

#### **NORWAY**

Norkring, Norway's state-owned transmitter operator, has full confidence in the future of DRM. It is running the 500 kW transmitters at its sites in Kvitsøy and Sveio exclusively for DRM transmissions, leased out for relays of BBC World Service to listeners in Europe. Power in DRM mode is between 35 and 65 kW.

#### **PORTUGAL**

Deutsche Welle is using one transmitter at its Sines relay station for DRM broadcasts almost around the clock. The power is 90 kW, the targets are Europe and North Africa.

#### **RUSSIA**

The Russian Television and Radio Broadcasting Network (RTRN) Taldom site near Moscow which is used for DRM transmissions of the Voice of Russia in various languages to Europe between 0700 and 1900; between 1900 and 2100 it is leased by Deutsche Welle. The earlier announced expansion of DRM capacities on SW is still under preparation; new capacities were planned for sites in Novosibirsk and St.Petersburg. The Russian state-run transmitter operator RTRN has blamed under-funding for these delays.

#### **SWEDEN**

In 2004/2005, Sweden's transmitter operator Teracom joined in with DRM tests with a 10 kW modified army transmitter. Soon labeled "Mighty 1000," it was well heard in Europe despite of its 1 kW output in DRM mode. Meanwhile, the tests have ended and the future is uncertain. The Swedish government has requested a survey on the audibility and rentability of frequencies in/from Sweden. The survey results and consequences for the foreign service Radio Sweden will be known in 2007.

#### **UNITED KINGDOM**

For several years now, VT Communications has been providing a comprehensive DRM service for the BBC from its SW sites in Rampisham, Woofferton, and Skelton; in B06 Deutsche Welle was added as a new customer. In addition, there are two local DRM services operating in London: a multiple package with relays of commercial stations on 25695 kHz (0.1kW) from Crystal Palace (provided by the National Grid Wireless), and a WRN package on 26000 kHz from Croydon (1.7 kW), provided by Arqiva.

#### **VATICAN CITY STATE**

Vatican Radio's Santa Maria di Galeria site includes one DRM-capable SW transmitter, it is used with 60 kW for transmissions to North America: in English on 7370 kHz between 2300 and 2330, and in various languages on 13750 kHz between 1200 and 1300.

## **Dallas - A City Shaken**

By Gayle Van Horn W4GVH

riday morning of November 22, 1963, John Fitzgerald Kennedy arose in a Fort Worth hotel. That night, his body lay in state at the White House. No bugler sounded taps, no drum beat its ruffle and no band played *Hail to the Chief*. This time he returned in silence.

The news of his assassination came like a clap of thunder, reverberating around the world. It was the most shocking event of our time. It's hard to say how the world changed on that sunny afternoon in Dealey Plaza, but in an instant nothing was the same. Everything looked different – especially Dallas.

Although the assassination of President John F. Kennedy is rarely mentioned now among the citizens, it lurks just below the surface in their memories. A few say the city will always wrestle with its past. If it had been a natural disaster — a tornado or a summer drought — Dallas would have had a reason and a response. But this was an unnatural disaster, leaving the city grapping with its new label as "a city of hate."



Despite their feeling of hopelessness, the citizens, politicians, and city leaders were determined to prove the critics wrong and rebuild the city's image. But it would take time. Despite their grief, the people returned to work and school with stoic determination to heal the city.

No one claims to know the degree of influence the Kennedy assassination exerted on Dallas, but the city has changed dramatically in 43 years. The Dallas metropolitan area is now known globally as a center for telecommunications, computer technology, banking, and transportation. The skyline, once dominated by a scattering of bank buildings, has emerged as one of massive office towers and hotels.

In the dark days following the assassination, the Dallas Police Department, headed by Chief of Police Jesse Curry, was bombarded with criticism. Theories and speculation regarding the assassination and its aftermath persist to this day. The International Association of Chiefs of Police was implemented to conduct a full survey into the operations of the police department. Many of the I.A.C.P. recommendations were subsequently enforced and the police department was completely reorganized, including a new Southeast Patrol Division and a Freeway Patrol. In 1968, the Public Service Officers were created to augment the police department.

#### A New Beginning

In this year of 2006 – the department's 125<sup>th</sup> anniversary – much has changed from the early days of 15 officers patrolling a city of 300 saloons and an influx of desperados.

During the post-assassination period, the department's goal focused on "action" directed against the crime and traffic problems in the city of Dallas. More officers were put on the streets during peak crime hours, community policing was initiated, and the Helicopter Unit was created. When Captain Will Fritz retired in 1970, it marked the end of an era. He would perhaps become best known for his investigation of the J.F.K. assassination and the slaying of his accused killer Lee Harvey Oswald.

Times were changing in the police department as veteran officers either retired or returned to college for degrees in law enforcement. Many of the new recruits fresh out of college had degrees in criminal justice programs. Chief Don Byrd made sure that his officers received the best available training and equipment. The Training and Education Division developed many refinements to the basic training program, using crisis intervention and role playing in simulated situations. By 1974, the 3,000th recruit graduated from the police academy.

The Dallas Police Department was also at the forefront in the application of computer technology. The Direct Entry Field Reporting System provided quick access to information once the officer called in the offense report.

A new administration opened two new police stations: the Central Patrol Station at 334 S. Hall Street, which also housed the Traffic and Special Operations Divisions, and the Southwest Division. In 1981, Dallas Police Department celebrated its centennial, and by the end of the year had 1,959 sworn officers and 571 civilians. The next year Chief Billy King implemented storefront offices and renewed the Mounted Patrol Unit.

#### **Enforcement and High Tech**

Acquisition of technology such as the Mobile Digital Terminals (MDTs) in 1987 made the Dallas Police Department one of the best equipped police departments in the country. Officers could now check subjects and property quickly in the field at the push of a few buttons,

and send car to car, and car to dispatcher messages over the terminals. Police vehicles were also equipped with car phones.

In 1988, the emergency 9-11 system went operational, and the following year the Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) was an instant success. The \$4.5 million system could compare fingerprints found at a crime scene to prints on file in a matter of minutes.

In January 1989, Chief Mack Vines announced the formation of a Gang Task Force to combat the growing number of gang related crimes in the city, which included drug trafficking, criminal mischief, auto theft, burglary, and drive-by shootings. Intelligence, Narcotics, Vice, Youth, and Patrol officers met on a monthly basis with other area law enforcement agencies to address the problem. The Dallas Police Gang Unit was created shortly thereafter to monitor and identify gang members and activity and began with two detectives and a sergeant.

The Interactive Community Policing concept was introduced in 1994, eventually placing I.C.P. officers at each of the substations. The goal was interaction between the community and the police department through a partnership in such programs as crime watch and neighborhood patrols to address and solve identifiable problems in the neighborhood.

An Asian-American relations unit and a senior citizens liaison program were started in 1996. Road Rage Vehicles – unmarked police squad cars designated to address problems of road rage – were put into service in 1998. In March 2003, the newly completed police head-



quarters was opened at 1400 S. Lamar Street.

Despite such improvements, in 2002 the FBI's Uniform Crime Report listed Dallas as having the highest crime rate in the nation per capita. The department was again reorganized and began initiatives to reduce the crime. The Department expanded its use of the CompStat program, which uses technology and mapping to identify and analyze crime trends across the city. The Auto Theft Bait Car Program was expanded to assist in the capturing of auto thieves. Video cameras were installed in Deep Ellum to monitor crime and crowd control. Operation Disruption was introduced. These and other programs have been developed to assist the officer's ability to fight and reduce crime.

#### Dallas PD 2006

Today, the city of Dallas is the 9th largest city in the United States with a diverse population of over 1.2 million people covering 384 square miles. Chief David Kunkle heads a police force of 2,961 sworn officers and 512 civilian employees. Sgt. Marshal Furr #1784 of the Auto Theft Unit has the distinction of being the most senior member of the police department with 43 years of service. He and Sgt. Graham Pierce #1851 are the only officers whose careers bridge the time to the Kennedy assassination.

Since the early years, the Dallas Police Department has reorganized many times with units consolidated, responsibilities shifted, and new squads created to meet the needs of the Department and address the latest crime trends. Today detectives also investigate cyber crime and identity theft offenses, crimes that didn't even exist a few years ago.

The attacks on the World Trade Center in New York by terrorists on September 11, 2001, raised new concerns, and the department responded by organizing a new Homeland Security & Special Operations Division. Last year after Hurricane Katrina hit the Gulf Coast, the Dallas Police Department was mobilized to provide security and assistance, when nearly 15,000 evacuees were transported to Dallas and temporary facilities were set up at the Dallas Convention Center and Reunion Arena.

Reading the archives of the Dallas Police Department offers only a glimpse into the department's past. A few artifacts have survived, but some parts of our history are lost forever. While some officers left their mark, others are forgotten names of a bygone era of the Dallas police force.

#### A Radio System that Works

While certain areas of the police department have modernized, Dallas continues to use a radio system that dates back at least three decades. While other major metropolitan centers and most of the public safety agencies in the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex have converted their public safety communication systems over to high tech trunk systems, the Dallas PD continue to use a conventional UHF radio system. When asked why they continue to use this older system instead of a modern trunk radio system, one officer said, "It works just fine for us."

Table One is a list of the currently known

Dallas PD radio channels. We have also included in Table Two a list of the known Dallas PD dispatch codes and signals.

#### **Old Tige on the Scene**

The city's police department was not the only one with a vision to protect and serve the residents of Dallas. Nine years prior to Dallas organizing their 15 officers to patrol the saloons, volunteers of the city had decided it was time to organize a fire department. The first all-volunteer fire company Dallas Hook and Ladder Company #1 was organized in 1872.

That same year, the Houston and Central Railroad steamed into Dallas, and the next year the Texas and Pacific came. The population exploded and by 1874 had soared to 7,000. Large grand hotels were built, but most of the building boom suffered from shoddy construction.

Despite the city's expansion, outlaws were also common during this period. Belle Starr began her adventures in Dallas, and J.H. "Doc" Holliday came to Dallas to restore his health and practice dentistry. After three years Doc was "invited" to leave Dallas after he killed a man in a local gambling saloon.

In 1874 utilities such as gas and water became available. With water readily available, the fire department could fight the destructive fires which were very commonplace. Six years later, the first telephone line linked the water company to the fire station.

The 1880s brought more growth to the city, and the fire company. 'Old Tige' was added to the force in 1884 – a horse-drawn steam pumper named after then mayor W.L. Cabell. Today, 'Old Tige' sits in the Dallas Firefighters Museum.

#### **Dallas Fire and Rescue**

Since its inception, the Dallas Fire Department has seen growth in response to the demands on its services. Today's department has advanced to one of multiple services. Dallas Fire-Rescue provides the city with both fire and emergency protection for a population nearing two million.

In November 1977, the Gamewell Alarm System was replaced with their present computer dispatch system, which was designed to meet the needs of future technological changes. This system automatically selects the correct fire company for each incident according to location. The system also automatically assigns and reallocates resources during multi-alarm incidents

There are 55 fire stations located strategically throughout the city. These fire stations house 54 fire engines, 21 aerial ladder trucks, five aircraft rescue firefighting apparatus, nine Booster pumpers, one hazardous material unit, as well as 32 front line rescues and nine peak demand rescues.

A standard one alarm assignment today consists of three engines, one truck, one rescue and one battalion chief. A minimum of four firefighters respond on each fire engine and aerial ladder truck. If the incident requires a high rise building response, the assignment includes three engines, two trucks, one rescue

and two battalion chiefs. All additional alarm assignments are for three engines and one truck, with an automatic limit of 21 engines and five trucks. The highest alarm level in the system is seven alarms.

Two major enhancements have been the integration of the city's paging system, which notifies on-call personnel of major incidents, and the integration of computer terminals located in the fire stations. In 1989, the Mobile Data Terminals (MDTs) began to allow the real time distribution of information received by the dispatchers to responding companies. The MDT system is a cellular system design with multiple transmitter and receive sites. 1989 saw the beginning of the EMS and Fire automatic status boards added to the computer dispatch.

In 1993, Global Positioning System (GPS) was installed on all the rescue vehicles, and the dispatch system was modified to analyze the vehicle location data. Using this system, units are assigned based on their distance in street miles from the incident. Today, all of the engines, trucks, rescues and battalion chiefs are equipped with GPS.

#### **Automatic Vehicle Locator**

With the implementation of the Automatic Vehicle Locator (AVL) in the fire department's fleet, officials saw the need to better incorporate this technology. A new audio/visual rear projection LCD screen display wall allows for multiple images to be broadcast simultaneously. The screen displays can be resized and relocated as needed to assist the dispatchers. The video technology has the capability of displaying eight mediums simultaneously. The current programs include two mapping systems, the fire and EMS status boards, and the AVL maps with zoom-in capability for fire, EMS and police.



The center screen also has the ability to project six displays, including Doppler radar, weather, traffic, and DVD or VCR, computer displays, off air television and prerecorded play backs.

# Dallas Emergency Medical Dispatch Program

The Dallas Fire Rescue Department began providing Emergency Medical Service (EMS) in 1972 when 16 ambulances were placed into service. These are staffed by firefighters trained to the basic EMT level one that surpasses so called "paramedic" training.

Rescues (EMS Units) are staffed by two firefighters/paramedics 24 hours per day. Besides responding to all medical emergencies,

they also respond to structure fires to assist with fire suppression, search and rescue, and provide medical help for victims or firefighters.

In 1999, a standardized Emergency Medical Dispatch (EMD) system was placed in service. This ensures that even before the help arrives, uniform pre-arrival instructions and medically scripted protocols are given. In Dallas, EMD certified dispatchers are first responders, able to provide CPR instructions immediately.

#### Fire and Rescue **Communications**

The Communications Division is under the direction of Assistant Chief Robert Bailey, and includes fire dispatch, the 911/311 communications center, the Office of Emergency Preparedness, and the Public Information Officer.

Fire dispatch is responsible for receiving calls and dispatching the closest emergency equipment to all fire, medical, and rescue emergencies, and hazardous material-related requests for assistance. The 911/311 communication center is a non uniformed division of the city fire department. The 911 system takes incoming emergency requests for police, fire and emergency medical services, while the 311 system handles non-emergency requests for service and information about all city departments.

The Office of Emergency Preparedness is responsible for disaster planning, training, and warning the public. It is also responsible for the maintenance and operation of the city's Emergency Operations Center, for recovery operations following a disaster, and for coordinating public and private agencies engaged in any disaster emergency activity within Dallas. The Public Information Officer has the job of keeping the media informed of the department's public education efforts, special programs, and special public interest issues.

Like the Dallas PD, the Dallas Fire Department runs on a very redundant 453 MHz conventional system. Table Three has the information on that system. Dallas FD uses Motorola Saber radios for their handheld units.

Once a unit gets dispatched to an alarm box, the responding apparatus will always monitor 453.875 Channel 1 – the fire response channel for information from 660, which is the DFD dispatch identifier. In the meantime, firefighters will be turning their Motorola handheld radios to the simplex fireground staging frequency, 465.6125 MHz Channel 11. This frequency is used so only the companies on scene can hear the transmissions from the Battalion Chief.

Once the company has been given an assignment, they then switch their handheld radios to another simplex frequency - fireground operations 465.6375 MHz Channel 12. Only radios within the general area (about a one mile radius) can hear these communications directly. Since the tragic death recently of a Dallas fire fighter, the department now links this frequency to the City Services trunking system for wide area monitoring and recording. The talkgroup is 9968.

Most of the Fire Battalion Chief vehicles have had an 800 MHz radio installed to retransmit from their radios. We have been told by local sources that this new arrangement is not perfect. The bad news is the command technician has to properly configure the system for this retransmission to occur.

We have also been told by local scanner buffs that some Dallas PD units are also using the City Services trunk system. You can get complete details in Table Four below.

#### The Lifeline of Dallas

Dallas has come a long way in the last 125 years. The Dallas Fire and Rescue and the Police Department have reorganized many times. New units and squads have been created. Computer technology has advanced to meet the needs of both departments. Together, both departments protect and serve the residents of Dallas in a partnership quite unlike other metropolitan cities.

Chief James Carter Arnold and his police force of 1881 could not have foreseen nor comprehended today's age of modern policing with computers, radios, squad cars, and other technologies. Today's fire and rescue is a far cry from the early days of "Old Tige," to one of dedicated firefighters and rescue units. But, both originating departments would have recognized the dedication, integrity, sacrifice and valor that are still the hallmarks of Dallas Police and Fire Department personnel.

The author would like to thank the Dallas Police Media Relations Department, the Dallas Fire Department, Jess Lucio – Dallas Police Museum Coordinator, Detective Don Casev – Dallas PD, and several scanner enthusiasts in the Dallas-Fort Worth area, who wish to remain anonymous, for their assistance in the preparation of this article. For updates to the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex scanner scene, we recommend you subscribe to the DFW Scanner group, Don Teague List Moderator, via Yahoogroups.com

#### **TABLE ONE: DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT**

#### **RADIO SYSTEM**

Callsign: K	KB364, PL tone-173.8 Hz
460.325	Central and East Patrol Dispatch < Channel 1>
460.375	Northeast Patrol Dispatch < Channel 2>
460.500	Southeast Patrol Dispatch < Channel 3>
460.425	Southwest Patrol Dispatch < Channel 4>
460.075	Northwest Patrol Dispatch < Channel 5>
460.175	North Patrol Dispatch < Channel 6>
460.275	Traffic / ANI Dispatch < Channel 7>
460.125	SWAT / Tactical < Channel 8>
460.025	Records/ Training / Tactical < Channel 9>
460.225	Citywide Car to Car < Channel 10>
460.475	Criminal Investigation Division / Gangs / Narcotics < Channel 11 >
460.400	Car to Car / Special Operations < Channel 12>
458.975	Simplex Tactical

Dallas PD Unit Numbering Plan Unit number "DDSN" Division Supervisor number

Individual unit number (Note: if N is a 0, then that unit is a supervisor)

#### **Division Numbers**

- Central and East Patrol
- Northeast Patrol
- Southeast Patrol
- Southwest Patrol
- Northwest Patrol
- North Central Patrol
- **Traffic Division**
- Tactical Units (SWAT)
- Traffic Division
- 10 Miscellaneous Units 11
- Capers Units **Auto Theft Division**
- 13 Intelligence Division
- Aircraft Division 15
- Juvenile Division
- **Narcotics Division**
- 19 Park Police
- Training and Academy
- 25 City Marshals (Prisoner Transfer)
- **Parade Units**
- Crime Scene Units

#### **TABLE TWO: DALLAS SIGNAL CODES**

**Dallas Police Department Codes** Routine assignment -Normal response Code 1

Code 2 Urgent assignment — No longer authorized

Code 3 Emergency assignment — Use red lights and siren Code 4 Disregard previous instructions or assignment

Code 5 En route

Code 6 Arrived

Code 10 Known offender

Code 10C Known danaerous offender

Code 10W Felony warrant

Code 10X Stolen vehicle

#### Call Sheet Disposition Codes (N Codes)

Disregard

Duplicate assignment

No complainant N3 Wrong address

N5 Civil case — Non-police incident

Prisoner transfer

Fire call — Assist fire department

#### **Dallas Police Department Signals** DH Drug house

Suspicious person

2	Witness	33	Prostitution
3	Hang up call	34	Suicide
4	911 Hang up	35	Emergency blood trans-
6	Disturbance		fer
6G	Random gunfire	36	Abandon child
6X	Major disturbance	37	Street blockage
7	Minor accident	38	Meet complainant
7X	Major accident	39	Racing, speeding
8	Drunk	40	Other
9	Theft	41	Felony
11	Burglary	42	Pursuit
12	Burglar alarm	44	Person in danger
13	Prowler	45	SWAT Team call-up
14	Cutting	46	Disturbed person
15	Assist officer	50	Eat
16	Injured person	51	Coffee
17	Kidnapping	52	City court
18	Fire alarm	53	County court
19	Shooting	54	Escort
20	Robbery	55	Traffic violation
21	Holdup alarm	56	Out to station
22	Animal complaint	57	Out to garage
23	Parking violation	58	Routine investigation
24	Abandoned property	59	Follow-up investigation
25	Criminal assault	60	Special assignment
26	Missing person	61	Foot patrol
27	Dead person	62	Public service
28	Sick person	63	Cover element
29	Open building	64	Radio shop
30	Prisoner	65	Use telephone
31	Criminal mischief	66	End duty tour

Proctitution

Monitor radio

#### **TABLE THREE: DALLAS FIRE AND RESCUE**

Freq (MHz)	Description	Tone	Callsign
154.2800 sim	Mutual Aid (Area wide)	CSQ	
460.5750 rptr	Dispatch Ch 0	CSQ	KKN 377
453.8750 rptr	Fire Response Ch 1	DPL131	KTQ 245
453.9000 rptr	Rescue Response Ch 2	DPL131	WPDY802
451.1500 rptr	Major Incident Ch 3	DPL131	KKO 224
453.6500 rptr	Backup Rptr (Forest/Prestor	1)	<b>WNAE 384</b>
453.6750 rptr	Fireground Rptr/Admin Ch	Í DPL131	WPDY802
453.7000 rptr	Backup Rptr (Garland/NW H	łwy)	KJV288
453.8500 rptr	Backup rptr (DPD SW Subst	ation)	KJV 288
463.0000 rptr	Rescue Amb-Hospital Ch 5	173.8 PL	KS8879
463.0250 rptr	MICU Amb-Hospital Ch 6	173.8 PL	KS8879
463.0750 rptr	MICU Amb-Hospital Ch 7	173.8 PL	KS8879
463.1250 rptr	MICU Amb-Hospital Ch 8	173.8 PL	KS8879
460.6125 sim	Training Ch 9	173.8 PL	<b>WPLX 264</b>
460.6375 sim	Special Events Ch 10	173.8 PL	<b>WPLX 264</b>
465.6125 sim	Fireground Staging Ch 11	173.8 PL	<b>WPLX 264</b>
465.6375 sim	Fireground Ops Ch 12	173.8 PL	<b>WPLX 264</b>
	• '		

#### **Fire Department Station List**

					п	
ı	ρ	n	е	n	n	

E=Engine		e T=Truck		
Sto	ition	Address		
1	10011			

1901 Irvina Boulevard

2 4211 Northaven Road 500 North Oakland Ave 3 816 South Akard Street 5 2039 N. St. Augustine Dr 2808 South Harwood St 6 7 6010 Davennort Road

8 1904 North Garrett Ave 2002 Cool Mist Lane 4451 Frankford Road 10 11 3828 Cedar Springs Rd 12 7520 Wheatland Road

6902 Frankford Road 13 1005 West 12th Street 14 15 111 East 8th Street 2616 Chalk Hill Road 16 17 6045 Belmont Avenue

18 660 North Griffin Blvd 5600 East Grand Ave 19 20 12727 Montfort Drive

21 3210 Love Field Drive 22 12200 Coit Road 23 1660 Corinth Street Rd 24 2426 Hatcher Street

25 2112 56th Street 26 3303 Sheldon Avenue 27 8401 Douglas Avenue

28 8701 Greenville Avenue 29 9830 Shadow Way 30 11381 Zodiac Lane

9365 Garland Road 31 32 7007 Benning Avenue 33 754 West Illinois Avenue 34 1234 Carbona Drive

@ Lake June Road 35 3822 Walnut Hill Lane

R=Rescue B=Booster

E1/Div II Dep Chief 807/Command Van 825/Mass Casuality Veh 788 E2/Paramedic Supervisor 782 E3/T3/R3 E4/T4/HM 4/CH 1 E5/Peak Demand R5 E6/R6 E7/T7/B7/R7

E8/Peak Demand R8/Battalion 3 E9 also answers as R9/B9 F10/R10 E11/T11/R11

E12 also answers as R12 F13

E14/Battalion 6 E15/T15/R15/Technical R15 E16

E17/T17/R17 E18/R18/Peak Demand R70 E19/T19/R19

E20/T20 Red 1/Red 2/Red 3 F22/R22 E23/T23/R23

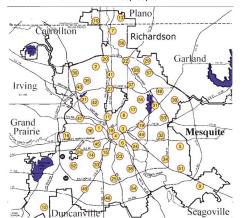
E24/T24/R24 E25/T25/R25/Battalion 5 E26/T26/R26

E28/R28/896 (Box 4)

E30 E31/R31 E32/R32 E33/R33

E34/T34/R34/Peak Demand

**Battalion 8** E35/R35/Battalion 7



36	3241 North Hampton Rd	E36/T36
37	6742 Greenville Avenue	E37/T37/R37
38	2816 East Illinois Ave	E38/R38
39	2850 Ruidosa	
	@Ferguson Road	E39/T39/Boat 39
41	5920 Royal Lane	E41/T41/R41
42	3333 West Mockingbird Ln	E42/Boat 42
43	2844 Lombardy Lane	E43/T43/Peak Demand R43
44	4114 Frank Street	E44/R44
45	716 West Commerce St	E45/R45
46	331 East Camp Wisdom Rd	E46/R46
47	7161 Envoy Court	E47/R47/Battalion 9
48	10480 E. Northwest Hwy	E48/Peak Demand R48/Boat 48
49	4901 South Hampton Rd	E49/T49/R49/Red 49
51	200 South St. Augustine Dr	E51/R51/Boat 51
52	2504 Cockrell Hill Road	E52/Peak Demand R52/Boat
		52/B52
53	1407 John West Road	E53/T53/R53
54	6238 Bonnie View Road	E54/Boat 54
55	6600 Trammel Drive	E55/Div 1 Deputy Chief 806
56	7040 Belt Line Road	E56/Battalion 2
57	10801 Audelia Road	E57/T57/R57/Battalion 4
**	5000 Dolphin Road	Maintenance and Training
	•	· ·

8480

8496

8512

8528

8544

8560

8576

8592 8608

8624

8640

8656

8672 8688

8704

8720

8736

8752

8768

8784

8912

#### TABLE FOUR: DALLAS CITY SERVICES TRUNK

#### **SYSTEM**

Motorola Type IIi Hybrid (Analog/ID 0b1f) Trunk Tracker Fleetmap: Type B0 B1 B5 B6 **B7 S8** S10 S0 SO **S11 S11** SO SO

Frequencies:

856.7375 856.9875 857.7375 857.9875c 858.7375 858.9875c 859.7375c 859.9875c 860.7375 860.9875c 866.4125 866.4375 866.9125 866.9375 867.4125 867.4375 867.9125 867.9375 868.1625 868.1875

Talkgroups: 003-01 Fair Park 003-02 Fair Park 003-03 Fair Park

1680

006-01 Aviation Irrigation 006-02 Aviation Irrigation 006-03 Aviation Irrigation

600-01 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel A> 600-02 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel B> 600-03 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel C> 600-04 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel D> 600-05 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel E>

600-06 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel F> 600-07 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel G> 600-08 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel H> 600-09 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel I >

600-10 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel J> 600-11 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel K> 600-12 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel L>600-13 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel M>

600-14 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel N> 600-15 Public Works and Transportation (PBWT) < Channel 0>

Water Utilities Irrigation Department

Water Utilities/City Hall-EDATS Main — Data 8192 Water Utilities-EDATS Eastside — Data 8208 8240 Communication and Information Test Group < Ch 2>Aviation Dallas PD < Channel 2> 8256 8272 Aviation Operations < Channel 1>

8288 Aviation Field Maintenance < Channel 4> 8304 Aviation Building Maintenance < Channel 5>8320 Aviation Redbird < Channel 6> 8336 Aviation Special Operations < Channel 7>

Aviation Managers < Channel 8>
Aviation All Call < Channel 1> 8352 8368 8384 Police Patrol Deployment North Division 8400 City Security < Channel 1>

City Security < Channel 2> 8416 8432 City Security < Channel 3> 8448 City Security < Channel 4>

Communication and Information Lease Fleet

Communication and Information Data 8928 8944 Communication and Information Telephone 8960 Communication and Information Special Test Police Patrol Deployment Southeast Division 8976 8992 Unknown user/usage — Data 9024 Office of Emergency Preparedness < Channel 1> Office of Emergency Preparedness Staff < Channel 2> 9040 9056 Mobile Data Terminals — Date 9072 Police Patrol Deployment Northeast Division 9088 Police Patrol Deployment Citywide 9104 Police Patrol Deployment Northwest Division 9120 Police Patrol Deployment Central Division Zoo Main < Channel 1> 9136 9152 Zoo Operations < Channel 2> 9168 Zoo Animal Services < Channel 3> Zoo Veterinarian < Channel 4> 9184 Zoo Monorail 1 < Channel 5> 9200 9216 Zoo Monorail 2 < Channel 6> Zoo DZS < Channel 7> 9232 9248 Zoo Aquarium < Channel 8> Zoo Ali Call < Channel 11> 9264 9280 Meyerson Symphony Center Administration < Chan-9296 Meyerson Symphony Center Maintenance < Channel 2> 9312 Equipment and Building Services — < Channel 1 > 9328 Equipment and Building Services -< Channel 2>Equipment and Building Services — Building Services 9344 9360 Equipment and Building Services — Building Services

Communication and Information Lease Fleet

**Street Services Managers** Street Services - Street Dispatch

**Street Services Secondary** 

Street Services Secondary

Animal Control Dispatch

Street Services Mow/Clean

Addison Police Backup

Addison Fire Backup

Code Enforcement

Street Services pecial Operations

Sanitation Department Dispatch

Sanitation Department Secondary

Sanitation Department Disposal/Recycle Sanitation Department Special Operations

Animal Control Secondary < Channel 10> **Animal Control Special Operations** 

Communication and Information Radio

9376 Meyerson Symphony Center Ushers < Channel 3> 9392 Convention Center Event < Channel 1> 9408 Convention Center Cleaning < Channel 2> 9424 Convention Center Stage Manager < Channel 3> 9440 Convention Center Building Security < Channel 4> 9456

Convention Center Maintenance 1 < Channel 5> 9472 Convention Center Electricians 1 < Channel 6> 9488 Convention Center Electricians 2 < Channel 7> Convention Center Medics < Channel 8>

9504 Convention Center DCVB < Channel 9> 9520 9536 Convention Center Maintenance 2 < Channel 10> Convention Center Telecom < Channel 11> 9552 Convention Center Event Security < Channel 12> 9568

9584 Convention Center All-Call < Channel 13> 9600 Farmers Market Property Management < Channel 1> 9616 Farmers Market Security < Channel 2>

Farmers Market Operations < Channel 3> 9632 9648 Cockrell Hill Police Primary 9664 Cockrell Hill Police Secondary

9904 City Security < Channel 5 > [Tentative] 9968 Fire Fireground (Rebroadcast of 465.6375) 10064 Cockrell Hill Fire Primary 10080 Cockrell Hill Fire < Channel 2>

10496 Parks and Recreation < Channel 1> 10752 Water Utilites 11008 **Parks and Recreation** 

11264 Water Utilities Irrigation Department 11488 Parks and Recreation 11776 Parks and Recreation < Channel 6> 58368 **Code Enforcement** 

59392 Code Enforcement 60416 Code Enforcement Code Enforcement Dispatch 62464

# GETTING STARTED THE BEGINNER'S CORNER

### The Unintentional Philatelist

hile many DXers have jumped on the E-QSL band wagon, many old timers and newcomers still like the look and feel of an old fashioned paper QSL card. There's nothing like touching a QSL card signed by a ham in a distant land and put through the rigors of the international postal system. Most hams and SWLs know exactly what I mean.

Today, most rare DXpeditions do their QSLing through managers (there aren't any post offices on Peter I or Aves Island). Still, for many of us, countries such as Mongolia, the Cook Islands, Uganda and St. Helena are "rare DX," even if there is a substantial permanent ham population present.

I started a serious pursuit of DXCC (100 or more ITU countries confirmed) three years ago, and that required sending a fair number of QSL cards directly to the operators' home address. Shortly after the first dozen or so came back, I realized each returning QSL card came with a bonus: a canceled stamp from the DXCC country!

#### \* Stamp Collecting Beginner

Now, the only thing I knew about stamp



Stamps from the Cook Islands, Greenland, Mongolia, Kuwait, affixed to the front of the QSL Greece (during the Olypmics) and others. (Courtesy: Author) cards from the 1930s, '40s and

collecting is that it's called *philately*, and that stamp collectors are known as *philatelists*, but I also knew that the stamps were beautiful. So, I started saving all the foreign stamps that came through the mail box and put them in their own envelope. What a neat way to combine two different hobbies! I've assembled a few of the more interesting stamps in two sets which are shown on these pages.

The stamps are wonderful little billboards for each country. Check out the interesting graphics on the St. Helena stamp celebrating "Arts & Crafts." Look at the subjects on the stamps from Honduras: one celebrating the birthday of Abraham Lincoln and the other showing Santa Claus on a Christmas tree ornament. And from Greenland there's a beautiful tall ship braving the icy waters of the North Atlantic with a huge iceberg looming right behind it. I never imagined QSLing would have this extra dimension.

Of course, I could have sent many of these QSL requests through the bureau or through a stateside QSL manager at virtually no cost. But, many countries do not have QSL bureaus and many DX operators don't have stateside managers. So, if you want a QSL

direct, you'll have to send your card along with \$2 (U.S.) to the operators' home address.\*

Sending direct is chancy. The letter could be intercepted and the contents pocketed. To help avoid this problem, use plain envelopes, a "nested" return addressed envelope inside with the money tucked in that. Don't put any call signs on either address. Then sit back and wait. The return QSL could take many weeks or months, but then, QSLing through the bureau can take months or even years! Think of it this way: If you are an avid DXer and want to start collecting stamps, QSLing direct is a great idea.

In most cases QSL cards have virtually no value, though I've actually found one web site where QSL cards are being offered in batches. They have a value because of the stamps

'50s. But, for the most part, QSLs are collected by individual radio enthusiasts for whom they have the most value. Few are saved following the collector's death. Radio museums are awash with QSL cards. Stamps, however, do have collectible value. I can't imagine most families tossing a lifetime of stamp collecting in the dumpster after the collector has passed away. And, even if you don't have any interest in stamps, there will be someone in your family who will cherish them. I give mine to my son-in-law who has collected them since childhood.

There are innumerable books on stamp collecting and nearly as many web sites. But, I've found one place which is really great for beginners who don't want to develop a serious stamp portfolio as a retirement investing alternative. It's called "Stamp Collecting: doing it for enjoyment, not for profit." You can check it out here: http://members.aol.com/shobansen

I like the attitude of this site. You'll find some great tips on assembling your QSL stamp collection; how to soak the stamps off the envelopes; trimming, drying and mounting them.

#### Radio Stamps Galore!

Throughout the history of radio, there have been many stamps issued by a wide variety of countries celebrating this remarkable device. Typically, they're issued to commemorate the anniversary of an important radio date such as the VOA stamps issued in the 1960s (back when 1st Class postage was 5 cents). Other stamps celebrate the personalities of the radio industry. Marconi is a big favorite with many countries. There's a nice, short treatise on the subject from the California Historical Radio Society (CHRS) which you may read here:

## www.antiqueradios.com/chrs/journal/stamps.html

It mentions a book on the subject published in 1956 called "Radio Philatelia."

The CHRS article mentions the "EKKO" stamps, which are interesting because they weren't postage stamps but a kind of early QSL. In a program begun in the early 1920s, listeners would send for the stamps and collect them from all the stations in a special stamp book. There's more information on these stamps and some beautiful examples at



Stamps from the Principality of Andorra, Indonesia, Mauritius, Uganda, St. Helena among others. (Courtesy: Author)

the Antique Radio Classified (ARC) web site here: www.antiqueradio.com/gilbertcombs\_ekko 6-97.html

According to the article in ARC by Wayne Gilbert and Charles R. Combs, there were no fewer than 700 radio stations across the country participating in this promotion. Other stations not affiliated with the program rushed their own stamps into circulation to a radio-crazed public. There is no way to know how many hun-

dreds of thousands of people collected these, but the program lasted about 10 years. These stamps actually have a monetary value today.

There were some two dozen amateur radio satellite stamps issued on the OSCAR/RS series ham satellites by at least 13 countries in the last few decades and some beautiful examples are found at this web site: www.cira.colostate.edu/ramm/hillger/OSCAR.htm

This valuable resource in combined radio/philatelia was put together by Don Hilger at Colorado State University. It covers no fewer than 56 series of stamps issued on as many different satellites. It represents hundreds of individual stamps on the subject and it's



This stamp, issued by WSB Atlanta, was considerably bigger than those from the EKKO program. (Courtesy: Antique Radio Classified)

the mother lode of radio stamps. Among the satellites featured are AMSATS, WXSATS, polar orbiters, geostationary WX satellites, military WX, communications satellites, astronomical, planetary, cometary and navigation



satellites, just to name a few. You can spend hours checking them out at this incredible web site: www.cira.colostate.edu/ramm/hillger/satellites.htm

#### And, Finally

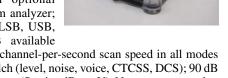
Just as I was finishing this column I received the new Universal Radio catalog in the mail and there on the cover in full, glossy, color are 14 beautiful radio-related stamps enlarged to show the details. Check out one of Universal's ads in this issue of *MT* to get your copy of this catalog. And, next time the post office issues a radio-related stamp I'll be buying as many as I can to send with my outgoing QSLs!

\*Virtually all ham call signs in the world are listed on **www.qrz.com** which gives either the operators' direct mailing address or his/her manager's address.

## NEW FROM G-305 WIDE-FREQUENCY-WINRADIO G-305 COVERAGE RECEIVER!

Model	WR-1550	WR-G305
Type	PC-controlled conventional	PC-controlled DDS-based
	triple-conversion	dual-conversion
	superheterodyne	superheterodyne with
		software-defined last IF stage
		and demodulator
Form factors	WR-1550i: Internal (ISA bus)	WR-G305i: Internal (PCI bus);
	WR-1550e: External (Serial;	WR-G305e: External (USB;
	PCMCIA and USB optional)	serial optional)
Frequency range	0.15 to 1500 MHz	9 kHz to 1800 MHz (optionally
		extendable to 3500 MHz)
Demodulation modes	AM, LSB,USB, CW, FMN,	AM, AMS, LSB, USB, CW,
	FMW	FMN (FMW optional;
		ISB, DSB with Professional
		Demodulator Option)
Bandwidth	Fixed	Continuously adjustable (with
		Professional Demodulator
		Option)
Tuning resolution	10 Hz	1 Hz
Scanning speed	AM: 10 ch/s	60 ch/s (all modes)
	FM: 50 ch/s	
Squelch	Level-based only	Level, Noise, Voice, CTCSS,
		DCS
Dynamic range	70 dB	90 dB
Real-time spectrum analyzer	No	Yes, 20 kHz bandwidth
Sweeping spectrum analyzer	Yes	Yes
Hit Counter	No	Yes
Calibrated RSSI meter	No	Yes (read-out in dBm, uV or S-
		units)
Digital Bridge™ compatible	No	Yes
Digital modes ready	No	Yes, various decoder plug-ins
		available or under
		development
Test instrumentation	No	Yes (SINAD, THD, audio
		spectrum analyzer) with
		Professional Demodulator
		Option
Weight	3.2 lb (1.4 kg)	1 lb (0.45 kg)

This high-performance, software-defined receiver (last IF and demodulation) is being introduced at an entry-level price, and features your choice of PCI-bus card or external USB module; 9 kHz-1800 MHz frequency coverage (less cellular) with optional extension to 3500 MHz; spectrum analyzer; all mode detection (AM, AMS, LSB, USB, CW, FMN (FMW, ISB, DSB available



optionally); 1 Hz fine tuning, 60 channel-per-second scan speed in all modes with hit counter, mutli-mode squelch (level, noise, voice, CTCSS, DCS); 90 dB dynamic range; calibrated RSSI meter (S units, dBm, uV). Numerous expansion upgrades are available as well.

G-305i, internal - RCV53 - \$519.95\*

G-305e, external - RCV53-E - \$619.95\*

G-305i/PD, internal with professional demodulator - RCV53P - \$619.95\*

G-305e/PD, external with professional demodulator - RCV53EP - \$719.95\*

\* plus \$16.95 Priority Mail or UPS Ground shipping in the US



800-438-8155 828-837-9200 fax: 828-837-2216 WWW.GROVE-ENT.COM

order@grove-ent.com 7540 Highway 64 West Brasstown, NC 28902

bobgrove@monitoringtimes.com

- **Q.** If I were to stack two Grove Scanner Beams side by side, would I add the individual gains for the total gain? (Rush Lashbrook, email)
- **A.** While this seems logical, decibels are logarithms—they indicate *multiplied* increases, not *added* increases. A second identical antenna would double your intercepted signal voltage; this is a 3 dB increase over what a single antenna would provide.
- **Q.** Within the next few decades, is it likely that the shortwave spectrum will no longer be desirable or even useful for emerging technology? (email)
- A. The basic task is to provide a reliable, wireless medium for propagating information from one place to another. Emerging technology is moving upwards in frequency, but only for short-range applications with the singular exception of those long-distance repeaters we call satellites.

Still, satellites are vulnerable, and terrestrial links are often required for backup. For instant, wireless, international telecommunications, shortwave is still the best standby solution.

Military networks worldwide still depend upon the 2-30 MHz high frequency spectrum and, if you take a listen to the 20-100 kHz range, you'll find encrypted, digital, military communications in constant operation in the basement band of VLF.

I suspect that the lower frequencies, right up through shortwave, will remain a dependable mode of informational propagation for quite some time to come.

- **Q.** How do I measure an audio tone on my oscilloscope? (Peter Semenik, Coeur d'Alene, ID)
- **A.** Since the oscilloscope is calibrated in units of time, it will sample a portion of the number of cycles per second (hertz). Set the oscilloscope sweep so you can easily count the horizontal divisions covered by one cycle of the tone. You simply divide 1000 by the number of milliseconds the single cycle measures to get the audio frequency in hertz.

For example, if one cycle covers five horizontal divisions when the scope is set for a 10 millisecond (ms) sweep; that would be 5 ms (half of a full 10 ms sweep). Since 2 ms is 1/500 of a second, the tone is actually 500 cycle

per second (500 Hz). If it were 8 ms, that would be 125 Hz (1000 divided by 8).

- **Q.** I thought RG6-U coax was not good to use as antenna cable for scanners. Is it also not a good choice for transmitters in the 158.00MHz range? (Jim Miossi, email)
- **A.** This common misconception originated in the early days of scanner listening. Many misguided folks use long lengths of lossy RG-58/U coax for scanner reception (and VHF transmission) just because it has 50 ohm impedance, convinced that coax of any other impedance simply won't work.

The fact is that, while a proper impedance match is desirable to avoid resistive losses in the inner dielectric (insulation) from high voltages which develop during a mismatch (especially during transmission), very few antenna systems exactly match 50 ohms anyway, especially over the wide frequency excursions of scanner reception.

RG-6/U is 70 ohms, not 50 ohms, but its low-loss characteristics more than make up for the impedance mismatch; in fact, as you tune that scanner or ham radio over wide bands, the antenna impedance changes, often becoming around 70 ohms. If you substitute 100 feet of RG-6/U for RG-58/U in scanner monitoring above 30 MHz, I can guarantee you better reception, and the higher in frequency, the more the improvement.

I use RG-6/U exclusively for my VHF/ UHF monitoring, and use RG-58/U only for shortwave where its losses are not so severe.

- **Q.** What is the maximum distance for APCO 25 frequencies? Can the NASA/KSC talk group frequencies be received in my hometown by repeater? How well are NASA Shuttle and International Space Station transmissions copied in the U.S.? (Tim Collins, Gainesville, GA)
- **A.** First, APCO P-25 is the digitization scheme for audio, not a frequency band. The distance reached by an APCO P25 trunk system is roughly the same as with a conventional system, generally line of sight. You won't be able to hear the trunk system from your location in Georgia.

Ham radio repeaters frequently rebroadcast shuttle communications direct from NASA Mission Control, but they don't rebroadcast the dayto-day comms that are heard on the NASA/KSC trunk system.

The only direct signals from the shuttle that are conventional analog are UHF AM at 259.7 and alternately 296.8 MHz. Space suit comms are on 279.0 MHz. NASA also still uses the global HF SSB (USB) backup system, primarily on 10,780 kHz just before launch. Shuttle and ISS frequencies in the VHF/UHF band are receivable with simple outdoor antennas anywhere in the path of the orbit. Hams regularly talk with the astronauts during overhead passes.

For all these frequencies and more, check our NASA frequency guide at: www.monitoringtimes.com/html/Monitoring\_NASA\_and\_Space\_Communications.pdf

- **Q.** Is it okay to run coax cable alongside the satellite TV coax outside my house without causing reception problems? The total run will be between 100 to 150 feet. (Jim Miossi, email)
- **A.** It sure is, provided it's well-shielded coax like RG-6/U. You can run it underground through metal piping alongside household wiring, as well as alongside other transmission lines. Its shielding keeps outside signals from coming in and inside signals from leaking out. Always use low-loss coax (foam dielectric) for VHF/UHF applications, and keep runs as short as practical; a few feet won't matter, but tens of feet will.
- **Q.** Are the spectrum displays in wideband receivers like the ICOM, AOR and ALINCO handhelds and mobiles real time so you can see it instantly, or do they slowly sweep so that you can only catch a signal that has been on for a while? (Doug Anderson, KG4QCR)
- **A.** They are reasonably fast if it's a narrow spectrum they are sweeping, but they can't keep up with the fast sweet of a cathode ray tube (CRT) spectrum display. The little displays in the receivers paint the spectrum a pixel at a time, a slow procedure unless the rig has a fast (i.e., expensive) processor.

Questions or tips sent to Ask Bob, c/o MT are printed in this column as space permits. Mail your questions along with a self-addressed stamped envelope in care of MT, or e-mail to bobgrove@monitoringtimes.com. (Please include your name and address.)

# THELP DESK SPECIFIC FREQUENCY AND EQUIPMENT QUESTIONS

larryvanhorn@monitoringtimes.com

- Q. York County, Pennsylvania, has approved a new multiple (Smartzone) system. It was a contract with M/A-COM to install a P25 Standard with IP addressable system. My question is would I be able to scan the new system with a BCD396T scanner? Also would that be using EDACS? (Stuart Moyer via email)
- **A.** This is a very common question for radio monitors. The short answer is that no one can determine that any particular scanner can monitor any trunk radio system under construction and guarantee performance until that system is operational, and a scanner can be fully tested against the on air transmissions. Stuart, I have seen the same press release on this system as you and based on what I have read, a Uniden BC-396/996 should work fine on this system, but no guarantees.
- Q. If I am willing to spend the \$7,000.00 for one of these Wavecom decoder units, is there any way around removing all of the "restricted" modes? I am especially interested in Inmarsat digital communications. Do I have to work for the NSA? (Daniel via email)
- **A.** The short answer is no. First, this item is not FCC type accepted. If an electronic device is not type accepted by the FCC, under law you are not allowed to import it into this country. Non-certified devices are subject to seizure by the U.S. Customs Service, and you would be out the money you have spent to bring it into the U.S.

A second more important fact with the Wavecom units is that they will decode POCSAG and GOLAY digital pager messaging. Longtime MT readers will remember the legal saga of the late Bill Cheek with the U.S. Government regarding the monitoring of these proprietary digital transmissions. Bottom line: while that case never made it to court due to Bill's untimely death, the government has thrown down the gauntlet that they consider these modes and equipment that can monitor them illegal, and they are subject to seizure and legal action. To the best of our knowledge, Wavecom does not manufacture a model specifically for US consumers with these modes blocked.

- Q. I am a worker at the W2 Amateur Radio Incoming QSL Bureau. We handle SWL cards. most of which are from European SWLs to U.S. hams. Once in a while we run across a card from a European ham responding to a U.S. SWL, which raises the guestion of what to do with it. While this is not a pressing problem due to the small number involved. we hate destroying any QSL, but there does not appear to be any directory or central organization such as the UK has – that can supply e-mail or postal addresses for U.S. SWLs. I would appreciate any thoughts you might have on this subject. (Bud Weisberg, K2YOF via email)
- **A.** You can find the answer to your question on the ARRL website. Check out the incoming QSL bureau webpage. The SWL bureau is set up to handle SWL cards via the address below: SWL OSL Bureau, Mike Witkowski, WDX9JFT, 4206 Nebel Street, Stevens Point,

Also, I want to remind my ham radio friends to please verify all correct SWL cards they receive. In some countries, SWLs are OSLing to receive a card from you as part of the process to become a ham. These folks need your cards to get that license, so please do not ignore any valid QSL request. Be a 100% SWL verifier, I am.

- Q. I am interested in DXing DGPS, but don't know the first thing about how to get started. how to tune radio, software, etc. (Chris Black via email)
- **A.** The U.S. Coast Guard website (www. navcen.uscg.gov/dgps/default.htm) has lots of info about Differential GPS (DGPS) transmissions including a full listing of all the transmitters at www.navcen.uscg.gov/ado/DgpsCompleteConfiguration tabular.asp. You can use either the Radioraft or Sky Sweeper software packages to decode DGPS, but you might be able to find some other software or dedicated receivers if you have need for one. Just Google it! Also check out the September issue's Utility World column for more information

- **Q.** What exactly is going to happen to the UHF aero band besides losing 380-400 MHz? I guess the big question I have is, will my PRO-2045s still work after they do whatever they are going to do? (Steve – Memphis, Tennessee)
- **A.** MT's Milcom column has covered the implementation and growth of the new 380-399.9 MHz land mobile band since the first sites were put on the air over two years ago. This has been a result, in part, to narrowband policies being implemented by the entire federal government in all of their land mobile frequency ranges.

It should be noted that not all frequencies in the 380-399.9 MHz band will be converted to Land Mobile Radio (LMR) assignments. Based on recent monitoring, we believe that some of the frequencies in this spectrum will probably continue to be used for aeronautical communications using the AM mode. But it does appear at this point that a majority of the frequencies in this new sub-band will be used for narrowband FM LMR use.



Based on our analysis, here is what we think we know about some of the frequencies in this new band. There are 800 possible frequency assignments in this 20 MHz of spectrum space (based on 12.5 kHz spacing). We have now been able to identify 42 percent of these assignments as to possible frequency usage. Obviously, information is still incomplete and changes in frequency usage we have identified are possible since there is no way to nail down every frequency in this band this early in the game. You can see our last report on this band in my August 2006 MT Milcom column.

As for your Pro-2045 scanners in this band, they will still be able to hear milair traffic throughout the band as before. But since it does not decode digital signals, any of the new LMR trunk and conventional traffic in the new 380-400 MHz band will not be heard on a Pro-2045.

Bottom line: The frequencies in all the military bands are changing. So what you hear today may not be there tomorrow.

Until next time, 73 and good hunting.

# SCANNING REPORT THE WORLD ABOVE 30MHZ

## **And Three Chose M/A-COM**

he push for interoperability continues to drive much of the decision-making process in public safety radio systems. More than five years after the terrorist attacks of September 11, many agencies continue to struggle with the challenges inherent in getting everyone to work together. Some of the most significant work is being done at the state level, with large and expensive technological solutions being implemented through long-term contracts.

#### State of New York

Last year the State of New York contracted with M/A-COM to deploy a digital radio network across the state. The 20-year contract, valued at just over \$2 billion, is estimated to be about half of what the only other bidder, Motorola, offered during the bidding process. The New York State Wireless Network (SWN) will combine three mobile radio technologies onto an Internet Protocol-based backbone that M/A-COM refers to as VIDA ("voice, interoperability, data and access").

The first technology is *OpenSky*, the proprietary and unmonitorable radio system currently being installed in Pennsylvania and part of Michigan. In New York, OpenSky is expected to operate in the 700 and 800 MHz bands, primarily in urban areas.

The second VIDA technology is *P25*, the M/A-COM flavor of the APCO Project 25 standard used in hundreds of other radio systems across the country. SWN will use P25 in the VHF band in less populated areas, such as the Adirondacks and Catskills. All other things being equal, the ability of VHF signals to travel further than 800 MHz signals make it a better choice for rural areas as well as requiring fewer repeater sites.

NetworkFirst gateways are the third VIDA technology to allow local agencies to link up with the SWN without having to change their existing radio equipment.

The roll out is expected to be complete by 2010, at which point all state public safety and public service agencies will be on the system. Local agencies will be given the option of either purchasing new equipment and using the system directly, or linking their existing equipment to the SWN via a "gateway."

The roll out is scheduled to occur in regions, adding users gradually as the system comes online. The first tests will take place in 2007 in Erie and Chautauqua Counties, as well as New York City.

#### Erie County, New York

Erie County is in the western part of New York State, home to the city of Buffalo and Niagara Falls. *Reader's Digest* magazine rated Buffalo as the nation's third cleanest city, although if they visited during the winter they may have only been able to see the famous "lake effect" blizzards. Despite losing population for the past thirty years, the greater Buffalo metropolitan area has a population of more than one million residents.

Eric County and the City of Buffalo currently operate a number of conventional radio frequencies across low band, VHF and UHF. These frequencies will eventually be replaced by OpenSky equipment operating on the New York State Wireless Network system.

Frequency	<b>Description</b>
46.20	Erie County Fire (Dispatch)
46.22	Erie County Fire (Mutual Aid)
46.24	Erie County Fire (East Aurora and
	West Seneca)
46.26	Erie County Fire (Amherst)
46.28	Erie County Fire (Cheektowaga
	and Depew)
46.32	Erie County Fire (Springville)
46.38	Erie County Fire (Mutual Aid)
153.830	Buffalo Fire (Hazardous Materi-
	als)
154.280	Buffalo Fire
154 295	Ruffalo Fire

154.340	Buffalo Hazmat Team
154.370	Erie County Fire
155.340	Buffalo EMS

155.370 Police Intersystem (Statewide) 155.760 Buffalo EMS/Hazmat

156.120 State Office of Parks and Recreation (Rangers)

159.195 State Office of Parks and Recreation (Rangers)
423.8250 Buffalo Fire - Service

423.8750 Buffalo Police 423.9000 Buffalo Fire 423.9250 Buffalo Police

424.0500 Buffalo Public Works Engineering 424.2250 Buffalo Fire Dispatch

424.3500 Buffalo Fireground 424.3750 Buffalo EMS

424.8750 Buffalo Detectives 425.2500 Buffalo Fire 453.5125 Erie County Sheriff

453.5125 Erie County Sheriff 453.6000 Buffalo Parking Enforcement 453.7000 Buffalo Parks/Sewer

453.7500 Buffalo Streets/Solid Waste 453.9250 Buffalo Municipal Housing Authority

453.9750 Erie County Holding Center
460.0250 Buffalo Police Information and
Warrant Checks

**Erie County Correctional Facility** 



460.0750	Erie County Sheriff
460.2000	Erie County Sheriff
460.2750	Buffalo Police (Central)
460.3250	Buffalo Municipal Housing Author-
	ity
460.3500	Buffalo Police South Dispatch
	(Districts B and D)
460.4000	Érie County Sheriff
460.4250	Buffalo Police North Dispatch
	(Districts A, C and E)
460.4500	Erie County Sheriff Dispatch
460.4750	Buffalo Police Car-to-Car
465.0125	Erie County Holding Center
465.5375	Erie County Holding Center

Buffalo Police Mobile Computer Terminals are on 868.1375 and 868.6625 MHz.

## Chautauqua County, New York

The second county to host the SWN pilot program will be Chautauqua County, just southwest of Erie County on the shores of Lake Erie. It is a rural county with less than 150,000 residents, providing an excellent counterpoint to the urban area of Buffalo.

The county has a few conventional frequencies to monitor before SWN takes over.

#### Frequency Description 45.24 Chautaugua

45.24	Chautauqua County Public Works
46.10	Chautauqua County Fire
46.14	Chautauqua County Fire (Dispatch)
46.22	Chautauqua County Fireground
156.210	Chautauqua County Sheriff (Dispatch)

## Westchester County, New York

Westchester County, just north of NYC, has a trunked UHF from Motorola and will most likely choose to be a "gateway partner" on the SWN rather than purchase all new equipment. The county system is a Motorola Type II with

460.0500

analog voice operating in two zones in the UHF band:

North Zone: 470.3250, 470.3500, 470.3750, 470.5250, 470.5500, 470.5750 MHz

South Zone:

470.0750, 470.1000, 476.0750, 476.1125, 476.2125, 476.2375 MHz

Depending on your scanner, tracking these zones will probably require the entry of the following base, offset and spacing information:

Base	Offset	Spacing		
470.300	380	12.5 kHz		
476.000	570	12.5 kHz		

You may have noticed that the frequencies listed here are actually in the UHF television band. Severe overcrowding of public safety frequencies in many metropolitan areas led the Federal Communications Commission to license unused television channels, and Westchester County was granted the use of frequencies ordinarily used by television channel 14. However, even with those frequencies, the county expects to also "piggyback" on the SWN and use it to coordinate activities with state agencies.

Westchester County also has an interesting program called Community Emergency Notification Systems (CENS). In case of a "large-scale emergency," such as a major storm or other disaster, the county will contact residents via electronic mail, text messaging, or telephone messages. Sign-up for such notification can be done via the county web page at www.westchestergov.com/cens/

Frequency	<u>Description</u>
33.96	Westchester County Fire (Alert)
46.14	Westchester County Fire
46.26	Westchester County Fire Dispatch
46.42	Westchester County Fireground
45.88	Westchester County Fire (State-wide)
155.310	Westchester County Police
155.370	Westchester County Interagency (Statewide)
155.550	Westchester County Police
154.995	Westchester County Corrections
453.0375	Westchester County Fireground 1
453.8875	Westchester County Fireground 3
453.9625	Westchester County Fireground 5
453.9875	Westchester County Fireground 7
458.0375	Westchester County Fireground 2
458.8875	Westchester County Fireground 4
458.9625	Westchester County Fireground 6
458.9875	Westchester County Fireground 8

458.9875	Westchester County Fireground 8			
Frequency	<u>Description</u>			
45.76	Yonkers Public Works			
46.00	Yonkers Emergency Management			
46.50	Yonkers Fire Dispatch			
453.2750	Yonkers Police [P25]			
453.4750	Yonkers Police [P25]			
453.5000	White Plains Fire			
453.5500	White Plains Fireground			
453.6625	Yonkers Fireground 2			
453.9250	Yonkers Police [P25]			
460.4000	White Plains Police			
460.4250	White Plains Police			
465.6000	Yonkers Fireground 1			
484.7125	Yonkers Fire			

After Pennsylvania, New York will be the

second state to have a M/A-COM OpenSky radio system operating from border to border. It will be interesting to see if the performance meets expectations and how it compares to the competing Motorola statewide systems.

#### Oakland County, Michigan

Oakland County, located just west of Detroit in southeastern Michigan, decided to buy a M/A-COM radio system rather than join the Motorolabuilt Michigan Public Safety Communications System (MPSCS). The county identified a number of reasons for their choice, including poor in-building MPSCS coverage without additional repeater sites, the loss of their FCC-licensed frequencies to the MPSCS, and the payment of on-going user fees to the state. M/A-COM also promised that the OpenSky technology would allow the county's original 32 frequencies to carry 128 simultaneous conversations rather than the maximum of 31 with the Motorola equipment.

The system construction cost has totaled just over \$42 million for the 36 repeater sites across the 910 square miles of the county. The project began in May of 2002 and was originally scheduled for completion in October 2004. A number of delays, many related to repeater site construction, have pushed the completion date into 2007. The County has also experienced interference on some of their original 32 frequencies, 14 of which are in the 806 MHz range and the remaining 18 in the 821 MHz band. After a series of coordination meetings and negotiating sessions, the county acquired ten additional frequencies. Although the interference and frequency issues were ultimately resolved, it resulted in further delays.

Oakland County addresses interoperability with MPSCS through the use of the NetworkFirst technology planned for New York. The City of Warren received a grant to provide interoperability between Detroit-area counties. Oakland County is lined up to use a portion of that money to operate a Network First switch, thereby allowing users on the MPSCS to communicate directly with county agencies.

As with New York, it will be interesting to see if the interoperability plans and decisions being made now will actually operate as expected during a crisis.

#### Radio Shack PRO-96 **Upgrade**

One of the advantages of new scanner technology is the ability to add features and fix problems without having to buy new hardware. Because so much of the work done by these scanners is performed in software, upgrading the software will make new features and fixes immediately available.

The Radio PRO-96 handheld and PRO-2096 base/mobile scanners use a Digital Signal Processor (DSP) to track trunked signals and monitor digital voice transmissions. The DSP is controlled by software stored in electronic memory (where it is called firmware). By delivering new firmware into scanner memory, new features and corrections can be made to the DSP activities.

In August, Radio Shack released a firmware

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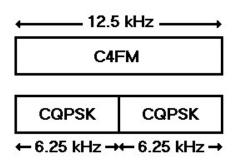
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upgrade for the PRO-96 and PRO-2096 scanners. This upgrade, version 1.3, is intended to improve decoding of digital audio on the Detroit, Michigan, Project 25 radio system. The firmware also contains enhancements for the monitoring of weak or distorted digital radio signals.

The APCO (Association of Public Safety Communications Officials) Project 25 standards identify two phases for radio transmissions. Phase I specifies a modulation type of C4FM (Compatible 4-Level Frequency Modulation), which was defined to use a radio frequency that is 12.5 kHz wide. This was the first modulation method put into operation and implemented in the first generation of digital scanners.

Phase II of the P-25 standards specifies a different type of modulation called CQPSK (Compatible Quadrature Phase Shift Keying), which was intended to take up only half of the space required by C4FM. This would allow two active conversations in the same amount of radio bandwidth. Because C4FM was easier (and therefore less expensive) to implement than CQPSK, it was fielded first and is now quite common.

#### **APCO-25 Modulation**



However, the Detroit system uses CQPSK, as do several other more recent P-25 systems. This created a challenge for scanner manufacturers, who did not have a real live CQPSK system to test against when they were developing their products. In fact, the previous upgrade to the original PRO-96, identified as version 1.2, added the ability to decode CQPSK transmissions. This upgrade was possible only *after* an actual CQPSK system came on-line.

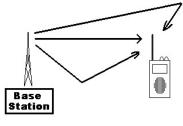
The Detroit system is actually part of the Michigan Public Safety Communications System (MPSCS). Transmissions are sent out simultaneously (simulcast) from ten sites located in various parts of the city. Frequencies in use by the system are:

866.6750, 866.7375, 867.0750, 867.0875, 867.1000, 867.1750, 867.3250, 867.3375, 867.3625, 867.4250, 867.4375, 867.6000, 867.7000, 867.7125, 868.2250, 868.2375, 868.3625, 868.4125, 868.4375, 868.5250, 868.5375, 868.6250, 868.6750, 868.6875, 868.7000, 868.7125, 868.7250, 868.8625, 868.9125 and 868.9375 MHz

The talkgroups for Detroit appear to be laid out in a rather straightforward manner. Below is a table containing the talkgroup type along with a starting and ending talkgroup identifier (with hexadecimal values in parentheses). For instance, Detroit Police Detectives can be heard on talkgroup identifiers 8095, 8096, 8097 and so on up to 8112.

Talkgroup Type	Talkgroup Identifier Range
Emergency Management	2296 (8F8) to 2297 (8F9)
Mutual Aid	8022 (1F56) to 8036 (1F64)
Police	8040 (1F68) to 8079 (1F8F)
Police (Command)	8085 (1F95) to 8094 (1F9E)
Police (Detectives)	8095 (1F9F) to 8112 (1FB0)
Police (Tactical)	8123 (1FBB) to 8132 (1FC4)
Emergency Medical Svcs	8219 (201B) to 8237 (202D)
Fire	8239 (202F) to 8253 (203D)

Radio signals are also subject to a phenomenon called *multipath*. Signals bounce off the surfaces of buildings, billboards, and other obstructions. Because each of these multiple paths has a different distance to travel, it takes a slightly different amount of time for each reflection to reach the receiver. What the receiver ends up hearing is multiple copies of the same signal, slightly offset from each other in time. This can make it difficult for a receiver to sort out the proper signal, and the problem gets worse at higher frequencies (800 MHz is worse than VHF, for instance).



#### Multipath

The version 1.3 upgrade includes changes to the firmware to improve the ability of the DSP to monitor signals suffering from multipath.



#### **Upgrade Process**

Besides the scanner and a personal computer, the actual upgrade process requires the following items:

 The upgrade program from the Radio Shack web site, identified as 2000526\_UPG\_13.exe. This program is designed to run on a PC under the Windows operating system. Note that there is also a program called dsp\_v13.exe on the Radio Shack web site. This is a "self-extracting" archive and contains the same upgrade program along with an explanatory document.

You can find these programs by going to **www.radioshack.com** and entering "pro-96" or "pro-2096" into the search window. This will bring you to a product selection page. Select the scanner and then click on the "Product support" tab. From there you can choose the v1.3 upgrade.

 A programming cable, either a PC interface cable (Radio Shack part number 20-289) or a USB interface cable (Radio Shack part number 20-047). Your PC will determine which cable you need, depending upon whether you have a nine-pin serial port or a USB connector.

Running the program will bring up a window containing seven steps to be performed for the upgrade. Most reported problems seem to be related to choosing the proper serial port selection, so please be sure you're clear about your PC hardware before running the upgrade program.

The upgrade process may take more than 30 seconds, so please be patient. Once the process completes, the TEST button may be used to confirm the upgrade finished successfully.

If the upgrade process fails or you eventually determine that version 1.3 doesn't help your monitoring, you can go back to the previous firmware version. The version that originally came with your scanner – either 1.1 or 1.2 depending on the age of your scanner – is permanently stored in the scanner. You can restore this original version by performing the following steps:

- 1. Turn off the scanner.
- Turn on the scanner and confirm the "WEL-COME" screen appears.
- While the "WELCOME" message is still on the screen, press 0, then PGM, then CLEAR, then ENTER.

This will remove the upgrade from the scanner. After this you can perform the upgrade again, should you decide to do so.



That's all for this month. More information is available on my web site at www. signalharbor.com, including detailed APCO-25 information and links to Radio Shack for scanner firmware updates. Please send your questions, comments and frequency lists to me at danveeneman@monitoringtimes.com. Until next time, happy scanning!

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# **n° SCANNERS**

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Frequency Coverage: 25.0000-512.0000 MHz., 764.0000-775.9875 MHz., 794.0000-823.9875 MHz., 849.0125-868.8765 MHz., 894.0125-956.000 MHz., 1240.0000 MHz.-1300.0000 MHz.

The handheld BCD396T scanner was designed for National Security/Emergency Preparedness (NS/EP) and homeland security use with new features such as Fire Tone Out Decoder. This feature lets you set the BCD396T to alert if your selected two-tone

sequential paging tones are received. Ideal for on-call firefighters, emergency response staff and for activating individual scanners used for incident management and population attack warning. Close Call Radio Frequency Capture - Bearcat exclusive technology locks onto nearby radio transmissions, even if you haven't programmed anything into your scanner. Useful for intelligence agencies for use at events where you don't have advance notice or knowledge of the radio communications systems and assets you need to intercept. The BCD396T scanner is designed to track Motorola Type I, Type II, Hybrid, SMARTNET, PRIVACY PLUS, LTR and EDACS® analog trunking systems on any band. Now, follow UHF High Band, UHF 800/900 MHz trunked public safety and public service systems just as if conventional two-way communications were used. Dynamically Allocated Channel Memory - The BCD396T scanner's memory is

organized so that it more closely matches how radio systems actually work. Organize channels any way you want, using Uniden's exclusive dynamic memory management system. 3,000 channels are typical but over 6,000 channels are possible depending on the scanner features used. You can also easily determine how much memory you have used and how much memory you have left. Preprogrammed Systems - The BCD396T is preprogrammed with over 400 channels covering police, fire and ambulance operations in the 25 most populated counties in the United States, plus the most popular digital systems. 3 AA NiMH or Alkaline battery operation and Charger – 3 AA battery operation - The BCD396T includes 3 premium 2,300 mAH Nickel Metal Hydride AA batteries to give you the most economical power option available. You may also operate the BCD396D using 3 AA alkaline batteries. Unique Data Skip - Allows your scanner to skip unwanted data transmissions and reduces unwanted birdies. Memory Backup - If the battery completely discharges or if power is disconnected, the frequencies programmed in the BCD396T scanner are retained in memory. Manual Channel Access - Go directly to any channel. LCD Back Light - A blue LCD light remains on when the back light key is pressed. Autolight - Automatically turns the blue LCD backlight on when your scanner stops on a transmission. Battery Save-In manual mode, the BCD396T automatically reduces its power requirements to extend the battery's charge. Attenuator - Reduces the signal strength to help prevent signal overload. The BCD396T also works as a conventional scanner to continuously monitor many radio conversations even though the message is switching frequencies. The BCD396T comes with AC adapter, 3 AA nickel metal hydride batteries, belt clip, flexible rubber antenna, wrist strap, SMA/BNC adapter, RS232C cable Trunk Tracker frequency guide, owner's manual and one year limited Uniden warranty. Not compatible with AGEIS, ASTRO or ESAS systems. Order on-line at www.usascan.com or call 1-800-USA-SCAN.

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Bearcat Sportcat 230 alpha display handheld sports scanner	
Bearcat 278CLT 100 channel AM/FM/SAME WX alert scanne	
Bearcat 248CLT 50 channel base AM/FM/weather alert scann	
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The handheld BC246T TrunkTracker scanner has so many features, we recommend you visit our web site at www.usascan.com and download the free owner's manual. Popular features include Close Call Radio Frequency Capture - Bearcat exclusive technology locks onto nearby radio transmissions, even if you haven't programmed any-



thing into your scanner. Dynamically Allocated Channel Memory - Organize channels any way you want, using Uniden's exclusive dynamic memory management system. 1,600 channels are typical but over 2,500 channels are possible depending on the scanner features used. You can also easily determine how much memory is used. Preprogrammed Service Search (10) Makes it easy to find interesting frequencies used by public safety, news media TV broadcast audio, Amateur (ham) radio, CB radio, Family Radio Service, special low power, railroad, aircraft, marine, racing and weather frequencies. Quick Keys - allow you to select systems and groups by pressing a single key. Text Tagging

- Name each system, group, channel, talk group ID, custom search range, and S.A.M.E. group using 16 characters per name. Memory Backup - When power is lost or disconnected, your BC246T retains the frequencies that were programmed in memory Unique Data Skip - Allows the BC246T to skip over unwanted data transmissions and birdies. Attenuator - You can set the BC246T attenuator to reduce the input strength of strong signals by about 18 dB. Duplicate Frequency Alert - Alerts you if you try to enter a duplicate name or frequency already stored in the scanner. 22 Bands with aircraft and 800 MHz. The BC246T comes with AC adapter, 2 AA 1,800 mAH nickel metal hydride batteries, belt clip, flexible rubber antenna, wrist strap, RS232C cable, Trunk Tracker frequency guide, owner's manual and one year limited Uniden warranty. For more fun, order our optional deluxe racing headset part #HF24RS for \$29.95. Order now at www.usascan.com or call 1-800-USA-SCAN.

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## **Telephone "Numbers" Mystery Solved!**

he August 2006 *Utility World* contained considerable speculation concerning the mysterious appearance of a "numbers" broadcast exactly like the ones on high-frequency (HF) radio, but sent over the telephone. This mystery has now been solved, thanks to e-mails and Web postings from the people responsible. The real story was good enough for last month's spook special, but it was revealed hours after the column went to press. Therefore, we waited another month.

OK, let's cut right to the chase: The telephone "numbers" broadcasts were another of those Internet hoaxes. This should not come as a major surprise. What is surprising is that the whole thing, which attracted the interest of thousands of people, was basically conceptual fan art by any other name. It was done as a cryptography and social engineering exercise, with very definite links to the online HF numbers mailing list called "Spooks." In fact, your editor was extremely surprised by how close to home this one came. I think I might know some of these people!

#### In the Beginning

In the beginning was the question every numbers fan has asked at one time or another: "What would they write about me if I just started my own station?" This is exactly what happened here. It all began after a discussion of radio numbers stations at the May meeting of "Los Angeles 2600."



2600 referred to the idle tone that would make tandem switches in long-lines offices disconnect and await further instructions. Pictured is Steve Wozniak's original 'blue box,' now in a computer museum.

While LA2600 shares an interest in hacking and phone phreaking, as denoted by the 2600-Hz long-line idle tone of early "blue box" infamy, it is not connected to the national magazine or web site using this name. It's just a fun get-together at a couple of well known downtown restaurants for technically inclined people. In any event, a small group of friends quickly went to work on what they called "Project Evil," which unleashed the "Mein Fraulein" hoax on an unsuspecting world.

In the end, there were ten messages, planted as recordings in perfect numbers station format, each one at a different Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) phone number. These numbers were prepaid, and since no one expected any of this to get so big, the later ones ran out almost instantly. Something like 6100 calls were logged, and probably thousands more never got through. Several copycat hoaxes ensued, including a ticket promotion for the 6th HOPE (Hackers On Planet Earth) convention. (See last month's *On the Ham Bands* column - ed.) That's the one in New York with amateur call N6H. That means "Number 6 HOPE," but it's close to another ham call I can think of – *mine*!

The original idea was for the first and last message to use the same key from a one-time pad. As dedicated numbers fans know, the one-time pad is used to encrypt and decrypt most of the messages we hear. Such a system is unbreakable as long as everyone follows the rules, one of which is to never, ever, reuse a key. Project Evil intended to reuse a key, and see if anyone got it. As they admit, no one did. They probably set the cryptographic bar a little too high.

#### Going Viral

Nobody had the slightest idea it would get this big. Internet viral marketers spend millions trying to start net fads. This one cost around \$200, plus another couple hundred for the T-shirts. It got as big as the "Snakes on a Plane" hype. The net likes weirdness.

The first VoIP number, with its musical theme and encrypted message, as read by a weird voice that was concoted deliberately to parody shortwave numbers, was planted in late May. It was advertised by the now-famous "Mein Fraulein" message in the "Missed Connections" section of Craigslist, an enormous Internet classified ad site.

Now, your editor found out about this from a guy named "John" who posted a typical request for information to the Spooks list. It began, "Hi folks... Been following numbers stations for a few years now and have run into something that I need help identifying. My apologies if this isn't the right place to be asking, and if someone could point me in the right direction I'd definitely appreciate it..."

Was this the initial discovery? I thought so at the time. But it was all part of the plan. "John" was one of the perpetrators, and the post was to plant speculation in hope someone would ultimately decrypt the last message. While my own speculations in the August column were pretty good, I totally missed the idea of an unreliable narrator. I like a good joke, and "John" certainly had me going on that one.

In August, Project Evil let the cat out of the bag at DEFCON, yet another hacker convention. Soon after, an LA2600 member whose screen name is "skroo" spilled the beans on Spooks. Since his handle on the list is J. Random Entity, aka John, it's likely the same guy who started it all

The subsequent discussion on Spooks was hilarious. Several other members came out of the closet as having been to L.A. 2600 meetings. Now we're discussing HF pirate beacons. I never dreamed.

#### Messages

As is undoubtedly the case with real intelligence "numbers," the messages, when decrypted, weren't as compelling as their means of transmission. The first followed a greeting to "Three-Letter Agencies" with a web link, and the second was a similar link. The third was not revealed, as it mentions the sex life of an unknown celebrity. The fourth, fifth, and sixth were shout-outs to other hacker conventions and web sites. Number seven, my favorite, is, "Spooks List - Apologies for leading you on; thanks for being good sports." Eight and nine are more shout-outs. Number ten, the punch line, was changed from the key-collision idea to simply employ a much less robust encryption system. Indeed, it was broken. It goes, "Project Evil thanks everyone who participated in the challenge. Without you, the world would be a much less interesting place, and we wouldn't have any fun."

Amen to that.

#### Web links:

Spooks: mailman.qth.net/mailman/listinfo/spooks

Project Evil: http://www.projectevil.org/ L.A. 2600: http://la2600.org/

#### Hugh Stegman

# TILITY WORLD

#### ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS COLUMN

AFB	Air Force Base
	Automatic Link Establishment
APO	Amplitude Modulation Automatic Repeat Request
	Communication Area Master Station, Atlantic
	Communication Area Master Station, AtlanticCustoms Over-The-Horizon Enforcement Network
	"Continuous Wave" Morse telegraphy
	.US Drug Enforcement Administration
	.Digital Selective Calling
	Lincolnshire Poacher, Cyprus, with musical tune
	Russian "English Man" computer voice
	Israeli phonetic station (xxx2=null message)
	.Emergency Action Message
FAX	
	.Forward Error Correction
	US Federal Emergency Management Agency
	Russian "German Lady" computer voice
	High-Frequency Data Link
	High-Frequency Global Communication System
	Joint Surveillance Target Attack Radar System
	Lower Sideband
	Cuban 3-msg CW/MCW, ANDUWRIGMT = 1-0
	Russian military time groups, possibly Kazakhstan
	Military Affiliate Radio System
	Meteorological
	Modulated CW or AM tone Morse
	All Russian single-letter beacons and markers
	Navigational Telex
	Packet Teleprinting Over Radio
PR	Puerto Rico
RSA	Republic of South Africa
RTTY	Radio Teletype
SECURE	State Emergency Capability Using Radio Effectively
	.Buzzy Russian marker for UZB76, occasional voice
Selcal	Selective Calling
SITOR-A	Simplex Telex Over Radio, ARQ mode
	Simplex Telex Over Radio, FEC mode
Unid	Unidentified
US	United States
USCG	United States Coast Guard
UK	United Kingdom
	"Atencion" Spanish numbers 3-msg format
	From French, loosely "Flying Weather"

All transmissions are USB (upper sideband) unless otherwise indicated. All frequencies are in kHz (kilohertz) and all times are UTC (Coordinated Universal Time). "Numbers" stations have their ENIGMA (European Numbers Information Gathering and Monitoring Association) designators in ().

518.0	ZSC-Capetown Radio, RSA, SITOR-B Navtex at 1655. (Bob Hall-RSA)
4028.0	Unid-Cuban Spanish AM "numbers" (V2a), parallel 8010 kHz, plus a weak harmonic on 8056, at 0600. (Clint Davidson-TX)
4041.0	NNNOXEX-US Navy/Marine Corps MARS, MI, net control at 2303. (Mark Cleary-SC)
4209.5	TAH-Istanbul Radio, Turkey, SITOR-B Navtex in Turkish, at 2204. (Patrice Privat-France)
4270.0	PCD-Israeli Intelligence (E10), "female" with phonetic callup and short 5-letter group "numbers" message, at 1930. (Mike L-West Sussex, UK)
4372.0	"Charlie-2-Papa"-US Navy, calling "0-Hotel-Zulu" and "Yan- kee-9-Oscar," at 1316. (Cleary-SC)
4442.0	001CDCNHQ-US Centers for Disease Control, ALE sounding at 1507. (Jack Metcalfe-KY)
4446.5	R00082-ÙS Army Chinook helicopter, calling T2Z3, 2-3rd Aviation, ALE at 0352. (Cleary-SC)
4461.0	FTJ-Israeli Intelligence (E10), callup and message at 1830. (Mike L-UK)
4503.0	Russian time station (M18), continuous CW 4-figure time strings of UTC+4, at 2000. (Ary Boender-Netherlands)
4561.0	ZSC-Globe Wireless, Capetown, RSA, working unknown vessel on 4274.0, in GW-PACTOR at 1105. (Hall-RSA)
4625.0	"The Buzzer"-Russian military channel marker (\$28), buzzy noises at 0200. (Eric Christensen-NC)

ZS-SFJ-South African Airways flight 422, an A319, position

4681.0

for Johannesburg at	1643. ZS	-SFG	-Sou	th Afric	an fli	ght 479,
an A319, HFDL pos	ition for Jo	hanr	nesbu	rg gro	und s	tation at
1645. (Hall-RSA)						
00005 ) 110 11 5			_			

- 4721.0 280054-US Air Force C-17A, calling Croughton, ALE at 0233. (Cleary-SC)
  4790.0 R26604-US Army or National Guard UH-60D Black Hawk
- 4790.0 R26604-US Army or National Guard UH-60D Black Hawk, calling B1Z171, 1-171st Aviation, in ALE, also on 5778.5 and 6911.5, at 0127. (Cleary-SC)
- 4880.0 ULX2-Israeli Intelligence (E10), "female" with phonetic callup only, at 0230. (Christensen-NC)
- 5063.5 DLÁ291-US Defense Logistics Ágency, Richmond, VA, voice and ALE with DLA297, Philadelphia PA, at 1325. (Metcalfe-
- 5088.5 "Hotel 1 Kilo"-US Army, calling "Yankee 7 Uniform" in voice and ALE, at 1445. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 5135.0 CL1AR-New Hampshire SECURE net, Clarendon, ALE sounding at 0020. LA1NC-NH net, Lancaster, calling NLJ (unknown), at 0025. SEMO05-FEMA/State Emergency Net, probably MO, ALE sounding at 0029. SEMOHQ-FEMA, MO, ALE sounding at 0050. SEMO02-FEMA, MO, sound at 0056. (Larry Weiler-ON. Canada)
- 5153.8 "P"-Russian Navy, Kaliningrad, CW cluster beacon (MX), simulcasting on 7039.8, 8494.8, 10871.8, 13527.8, and 16331.8, at 0727. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 5320.0 Sector San Juan-USCG, PR, radio check with CAMSLANT at 0153. (Cleary-SC)
- 5541.0 Reach 635-US Air Mobility Command charter of Atlas Air 747 N526MC, selcal MR-EP, working Stockholm at 2030. (Privat-France)
- 5634.0 A6-EMW-Emirates Boeing 777, responding to selcal AP-BC from oceanic air traffic control, at 2215. (Privat-France)
- 5652.0 UAE0203-Emirates Airbus A345, HFDL position for Riverhead, NY, at 1039. CO1039-Continental Airlines Boeing 757, position for Riverhead at 1123. FX0653-FedEx MD10F freighter, position at 1138. UP0219-United Parcel Service 767 freighter, position at 1138. VS0026-Virgin Atlantic A340, position at 1139. (Weiler-Canada)
- 5696.0 CAMSLANT-USCG, Portsmouth, VA, working Coast Guard 2117 at 0046. CAMSLANT, ops-normal from "Romeo-1-Kilo," then went to 8983 for a check, at 0054. (Tom Sevart-KS) Air Station Cape Cod-USCG, MA, advising CAMSLANT that Coast Guard 2131 has landed safely, at 0114. (Cleary-SC)
- 5820.0 001CDCNHQ-US Centers for Disease Control, ALE sounding at 1617. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 5833.5 G23730-ÙS Army National Guard UH-60A, calling STPOPS, St. Paul, MN, ALE at 0240. (Cleary-SC)
- 6314.0 Unid-Coast station with Maritime Safety Information and Navarea warnings in SITOR-B, at 0214. (Sevart-KS)
- 6529.0 EY0609-Mayan World Airways, Guatemala, HFDL position for Telde, Grand Canary Island, at 0603 and 0607. CO0032-Continental Airlines, HFDL position for Telde, at 0609 and 0615. SU0111-Aeroflot, HFDL position for Telde, also at 0609. VS0006-Virgin Atlantic, HFDL position for Telde, at 0612. LH8461-Lufthansa Airlines, HFDL position for Telde, at 0614. (Privat-France)
- 6535..0 EC-HGU-lberia A340, selcal ES-DH with Dakar, Senegal, at 2220. (Privat-France)
- 6676.0 Bangkok Volmet-Thailand, with flight weather at 2240. (Privat-France)
- 6679.0 Hong Kong Volmet, with flight weather at 2245. (Privat-France)
- 6809.0 WGY9014-FEMA mobile, calling WGY954, Alabama Emergency Operations Center, at 1404. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 6855.0 Cuban Spanish AM "numbers" (V2a), callup 49321 35771 39081, at 2101. Callup 49322 35772 39082, next day at 2101. Unid-AM station with Radio Nacional Venezuela audio at 2104, cut to V2a callup 37221 46651 21491, at 2106. (Cam Castillo-Panama)
- 6913.0 AAA9USA-US Army MARS Western Area Gateway Station, Ft. Huachuca, AZ, net control in LSB, at 0228. (Sevart-KS)
- 7313.6 AFA2CV-US Air Force MARS, working AFA2AJ, at 1348. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 7527.0 52A-US joint task force, position for Panther, DEA, Bahamas, on COTHEN net at 2313. (Cleary-SC)

- 7535.0 Norfolk SESEF-US Navy Ship Electronic Systems Evaluation Facility, VA, voice coordination with Bronze Warrior while testing all modes, at 1325. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 7585.7 RFVITT-French Forces, Mayotte, ARQ idler at 1725. (Hall-RSA)
- 7644.0 RFVÍCS-French Forces, Le Port, Reunion Island, ARQ idler at 1614. (Hall-RSA)
- 7650.0 R23313-US Army UH-60A, calling T1Z137, Ohio Army National Guard 1-137th Aviation, ALE at 0136. (Cleary-SC) Unid-two military stations, brief voice checks at 2020. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 7710.0 VFF-Canadian Coast Guard, Iqualuit, NUN, weak weather FAX at 2140. (Privat-France)
- 7887.0 Cuban Spanish AM "numbers" (V2a), simulcasting 6855 kHz 3 days at 2101. V2a, simulcasting callup 14941 36511 15691 on 6855, but with M8a going simultaneously on the same transmitter until 2004. V2a, in progress at 2011. (Castillo-Panama)
- 7974.0 Cuban CW cut numbers (M8a), callup MTGRN IIRMN UGIGD, at 2102. (Castillo-Panama)
- 7975.0 Cuban Spanish AM "numbers" (V2a), callup 28641 52021 93481, at 1601. V2a, callup 16411 49521 36921, mixing with M8a in MCW on the same transmitter, at 1602. V2a, callup 83542 94682 46192, cut abruptly and moved to 8010 kHz, at 1702. (Castillo-Panama) [Oops, wrong frequency! -Hugh]
- 7993.6 NNN0MRQ-US Navy/Marine Corps MARS, PACTOR messages at 1413. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 8010.0 Cuban Spanish AM "numbers" (V2a), no parallel found, weak at 0600. (Davidson-TX) V2a, callup 04043 56443 63433, at 1701. V2a, in progress at 1718 and 1814. (Castillo-Panama)
- 8023.0 087CDCS51-US Centers for Disease Control, calling 006CDCNHQ, ALE at 1534. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 8097.0 Cuban Spanish AM "numbers" (V2a), 5-figure groups at 0600. (Davidson-TX). Cuban MCW cut numbers (M8a), callup WWRMA WTRGA UNGDA, at 1801. M8a, callup IUUDN GATMN GDUAN, at 1802 and 1901. M8a, callup DNWRA RGGUA GMNRA, at 1802 and 1902. M8a, callup DDWUA MIGMA RAMDA at 1802, but audio mixing with another M8a transmission in the repeat, at 1900. (Castillo-Panama)
- 8125.0 KIT88-US Federal Aviation Administration, MD, controlling Eastern Region monthly net, at 1445. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 8184.5 R23313-UŠ Army UH-60A, calling helicopter R26049, ALE at 0154. (Cleary-SC)
- 8461.7 9MR-Malaysian Navy, Johor Baharu, coded RTTY message in 5-letter groups, at 1550. (Hall-RSA)
- 8776.0 Homespun-US military, probably Nightwatch net, EAM at 2113. (Cleary-SC)
- 8912.0 Coast Guard 1503-USCG HC-130, ops-normal for CAMS-LANT on COTHEN, at 2330. (Cleary-SC)
- 8930.0 SDJ-Stockholm Radio, Sweden, air traffic control with turboprop Islander aircraft Watchdog 65 and Watchdog 71, probable UK Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, and Food fishery protection, at 2136. (Privat-France)
- 8971.0 Cardfile 711-US Navy P-3C, calling Fiddle, USN, Jacksonville, FL, along with P-3s Quartet 714 and Cardfile 71B, all no joy at 2003. (Cleary-SC)
- 8992.0 Bumstead-US military, probably Nightwatch net, patch via Offutt HF-GCS to Stanwix [Stanwick? -Hugh], at 2303. (Cleary-SC)
- 9007.0 Rescue 339-Canadian Forces CC-130, getting traffic from the Rescue Coordination Centre via Trenton Military, at 2336. (Cleary-SC)
- 9022.0 Nightstar-Back end of US Air Force E-8C JSTARS, radio checks with Stargate, another E-8C, clear and secure voice at 1333. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 9025.0 Coast Guard 2139-USCG helicopter, ALE-initiated patch to Cape Air at 0041. (Cleary-SC)
- 9062.4 Cuban CW cut numbers (M8a), 5-letter groups at 0500. (Davidson-TX)
- 9079.7 RFQP-French Forces, Djibouti, ARQ idler at 0114. (Hall-RSA)
- 9081.5 R26049-US Army or National Guard UH-60A, calling T1Z137, Ohio National Guard 1-137th Aviation, ALE at 1816. (Cleary-SC)
- 9121.0 291-ALE address of Defense Logistics Agency DLA291, VA, calling 302, DLA302, Stockton, CA, in ALE at 1343. (Metcalfe-KY)

- 9130.0 EZI-Israeli Intelligence (E10), callup and message at 1701. (Mike L-UK)
- 9344.0 Russian Intelligence (E7), in AM, with English preamble 213-1 915/42, 5-figure group "numbers" message ending "000 000," parallel 11163 and 12218, at 2040. (Mike L-UK)
- 10116.0 Russian Intelligence (E7), AM, preamble 201 1 819/76 and message at 1740. (Mike L-UK)
- 10234.0 Cuban CW cut numbers (M8a), 5-letter groups at 0400. (Davidson-TX)
- 10540.0 Russian Intelligence (G6), AM, German preamble 304 279/154, then a long 5-figure "numbers" message ending with "00000," at 1900. (Mike L-UK)
- 10871.9 "S"-Russian Navy, Archangelsk, CW cluster beacon (MX), at 0727. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 10872.0 "C"-Russian Navy, Moscow, CW cluster beacon (MX), at 0727. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 11137.0 Russian Intelligence (E7), AM, preamble 233 and message, at 2010. (Mike L-UK)
- 11175.0 Guard 23620-US Army National Guard, patches via Offutt and Andrews HF-GCS to Guard Ops, MN, at 0104. (Cleary-SC)
- 11205.0 Shark 12-US Joint Task Force, calling Smasher, Key West, FL, at 1942. (Cleary-SC)
- 11232.0 Akela 30-US Air Force MC-130, patch via Trenton Military to Elmendorf Meteo, at 1536. (Cleary-SC)
- 11421.7 FJY5-French Forces, Crozet Island, ARQ idler at 1030. (Hall-RSA)
- 12164.0 FL4FMA-FEMA Region 4, FL, calling FC4FMA on the National Public Health net, also using 10202, ALE at 2001. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 12226.0 Russian Intelligence (E7), AM, same message as 11137, at 2030. (Mike L-UK)
- 12577.0 239751000-Maritime Mobile Service Identity number of SWPM, Greek fishing vessel Majestic, DSC safety test with USCG Portsmouth at 2020. (Weiler-Canada)
- 12603.5 SVO-Olympia Radio, Greece, SITOR-B news broadcast in Greek, at 0600. (Privat-France)
- 12736.7 RFFTJD-French Air Force, Vilacoublay, ARQ idler at 1735. (Hall-RSA)
- 13321.0 LH8296-Lufthansa MF-11F, HFDL position for Johannesburg at 1200. (Hall-RSA)
- 13375.0 Lincolnshire Poacher (E3)-UK Intelligence, female voice with 5-number groups at 1545. (Hall-RSA)
- 13510.0 CFH-Canadian Forces Meteo, Halifax, NS, coded aviation weather observations in RTTY at 2155. (Privat-France)
- 13528.0 "C"-Russian Navy, Moscow, CW cluster beacon (MX), signal stopped briefly and came back louder (antenna change?) at 0745. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 13886.3 Unid-Moscow Meteo, weak FAX chart at 1000. (Hall-RSA)
- 13927.1 Peach 26-US Air Force E-8 JSTARS off Georgia, patch via US Air Force MARS AFA1EN to Peachtree, Robins AFB, GA, at 1600. Teal 70-US Air Force Reserve WC-130J "Hurricane Hunter" on Ernesto recon, with a MARS patch to Teal Ops, Keesler AFB, MS, at 2234. (Cleary-SC) Reach 215-US Air Force Air Mobility Command, MARS patch at 1545. Peach 33-JSTARS, formatted traffic via MARS patch to Peachtree Ops, Robins AFB, at 1719. (Allan Stern-FL)
- 14360.0 ATTCNYRPORT130-Probable mobile/portable in the US phone company National Security/ Emergency Preparedness net, calling ATTRENOBASE175, Reno, NV, ALE at 2233. (Metcalfe-KY)
- 16014.0 RFQP-French Forces, Djibouti, ARQ idler at 1729. (Hall-RSA)
- 16332.0 "C"-Russian Navy, Moscow, CW cluster beacon (MX), at 0753. (Boender-Netherlands)
- 16814.5 CBV-Valparaiso/Playa Ancha Radio, Chile, SITOR-B weather for Chilean coastal zones in English and Spanish, at 0122. (Hugh Stegman-CA)
- 17144.5 CBV-Valparaiso/ Playa Ancha Radio, Chile, with official Chilean local time pips announced in Spanish, above unid Spanish voices on the same heavily compressed/ limited circuit, for at least an hour until start of scheduled FAX surface chart at 2200. (Stegman-CA)
- 18012.0 Circus Orange-French Air Force, Dakar, Senegal, working transport Cotam 1021, at 1530. (Privat-France)
- 18264.0 NPHRN-US National Public Health Radio Network headquarters, Atlanta, GA, calling 001CDCS36, NY State Health Department, Albany, ALE at 1920. (Metcalfe-KY)



### What's That Sound?

his month we concentrate on answering one of the most frequently asked questions by digital listeners. Barely a day goes by on the UDXF mailing list without someone asking our feature question – but fortunately, there is a great resource on the web to help.

#### Monitoring Utility Signals

Without a shadow of a doubt, the best website available to answer our question is the "Digital Modes Section" of a website run by long-time digital monitor Leif Dehio in Germany (see **Resources** below). On his site, Leif has carefully recorded and classified just about any digital signal you are likely to come across on the HF bands today. As a memento of times past, there are also clips of many of the older modes that are largely gone today, but sometimes pop up again for various reasons

With hundreds of samples of signals available, despite being a veritable treasure trove, it can be difficult to troll through these sounds and zero-in on your mystery culprit. To help with this task, it's probably worth reviewing some of the basic characteristics of signals that you will need to identify in order to make this process less painful, especially as Leif classifies signals in this way, too.

Let's look at the most common qualities of a signal that you'll need to identify by ear:

#### **Continuous vs burst:**

This is usually the simplest decision to make: Does the signal stay on continuously while sending a message or does it send data in bursts? If propagation is just right and you are listening to a burst signal, you may be able to identify the other end answering the bursts – a good indication of a further class of signals that use ARQ (Automatic Repeat Request) to ensure that the message gets from source to destination. That's worth noting, too.

#### FSK vs MFSK vs PSK:

Deciding the difference here can be a little tricky, as it can sometimes be confusing judging just by ear. But generally, by listening carefully you can distinguish between a signal using two tone FSK (like Baudot RTTY or NAVTEX, for example), something more complex with multiple tones (like MIL-188-

141 ALE, for example), and the "white noise" or rushing sound that usually accompanies a PSK signal (like a MIL-188-110A high speed modem, for example).

These are the two major pieces of information that you need to provide to anyone you are asking for help in an identification or before delving more deeply into Leif's audio clips. Check out the clips on Leif's site for the examples I mention above to hear what I mean.

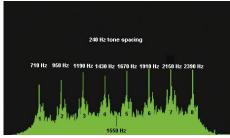
#### There's More to Hear?

What other information can you extract with your ears? You can probably distinguish single from multichannel signals, too. Even to the relatively untrained ear, it's pretty obvious that a BR6028 or Barrie VFT signal or a Russian MS5 modem is carrying more than one channel of information.

Similarly, selective calls or selcals like the Tadiran Autocall or the burst that precedes the Sailor CRY2000-series voice encryptors are another class of signals that are relatively easy to detect by ear. They are generally very short bursts of signal that are usually replaced by different and much longer traffic on the same frequency some time later or directly after the selcal.

#### And Spectra?

Even when you've narrowed down your signal with these tips above, often you need a little more help. Sometimes, for example, the difference between two similar-sounding signals is all a matter of where each tone is placed. To help, Leif's site offers an audio spectrum of most signals, often annotated to show tone placement and spacing when it's important.



F7B 240 baud Multi-Frequency Shift Keying (MFSK) Spectrum Graph, courtesy of Leif Dehio and his www.signals.taunus.de website.

If you're on a PC, the free DigiPan panoramic display provides a great way to view signal spectra, do a little measurement to determine tone spacing and placement. On the Mac, MultiMode can be used to the same effect

Actually, I'm doing just that right now. There's a burst, probably PSK signal with very short bursts that I'm not sure of on 10392 kHz USB. The bursts are regular and short, about 20 of them every few minutes. Sounds like a selcal for one of the more modern PSK modems to me. In a few moments, using the classification on Leif's site, I've found my signal – the ALE call of a 2400bd EADS MAHRS ARCOTEL modem.

#### Back to Leif's Site

So, now that we have a few pointers with which to narrow down our mystery signal, let's look at how Leif's site breaks it down:

- FSK (Frequency Shift Keyed) signals: samples of all the simple two tone FSK signals arranged in two groups

   continuous and burst signals
- MFSK (Multi-Frequency Shift Keyed) signals: again broken down by continuous vs burst
- MCVFT (Multi Channel Variable Frequency Telegraphy) signals: again broken down into the two main categories
- PŠK (Phase Shift Keyed) and QAM (Quadrature Amplitude Modulated) signals: again broken down in the two main categories
- ALE, secals, tonecalls, OTHR (Over The Horizon Radar) and ionospheric sounder signals
- and finally, a section devoted to the miscellany of voice encoders and compressors

That's all for this month, so 73 and good digital DX, and thanks to Leif for the spectrum shot.

#### **RESOURCES**

Leif's Digital Modes Site - www.signals. taunus.de

DigiPan - www.digipan.net

MultiMode - www.blackcatsystems.com/ software/multimode.html

P.O. Box 1684-MT, Enid, OK 73702 glennhauser@monitoringtimes.com www.worldofradio.com

## **DX Meeting in Perú**

How about combining your winter vacation south of the Equator with a DX gathering in Perú, billed as the first one there? It's planned for the weekend of Feb 20-22, 2007, in Tarma, Junín. Connections with Lima are part of the deal; more details on the program and how to participate can be had from César Pérez Dioses, in Chimbote, Cpds1@hotmail.com or cell phone 043-9662832. Thanks to another Peruvian DXer, Pablo Alfredo Albornoz Rojas, and Dario Monferini for this news.

#### **Earthview**

Here's a neat website with a world map showing the current areas of day and night, or on any date and time you may input. It's great for SW propagational studies, especially just where the grayline (terminator) lies at any given time. That's really a Great Circle even though on

this projection it is anything but a straight line. With this you don't really need a DX Edge or a Geoclock. Terry Krueger drew our attention to www.fourmilab.ch/earthview/vplanet.html and click on "Map Of the Earth". Or as Steve Lare, suggests, directly at www.fourmilab.ch/cgi-bin/ uncgi/Earth/action?opt=-p



ALASKA KNLS B-06 shows new frequencies in the 6.9 MHz area, which ought to be free of co-channel, including English at 12-13 on 6915. That and all the other English hours are on 6150, at 08, 10, 12 and 14 (via Joe Hanlon, DX LISTENING DIGEST)

ALBANIA Tentative R. Tirana B-06 in English, daily exc. Sun/UT Mon: Eu 1945-2000 6130 7465, 2100-2130 7530; NAm 0245-0300 & 0330-0400 6115, 7465 (gh)

ALGERIA [non] VT Communications signed a one-year contract in June with TéléDiffusion d'Algérie (TDA), the state-funded public broadcaster. VTC is providing 12 hours a day of SW transmissions into the Sahel Region covering Mauritania, Mali, Niger and Chad (VT via Mike Barraclough, DXLD) So far only via UK sites with Kor'an service only; then not strictly an internal service back into Algeria (gh)

ANTARCTICA R. Nacional Arcángel San Gabriel, Base Esperanza, 15476, was being heard again in August, but who knows if it will be active now? Always a tough catch, Belgium seemed to be a hot spot for reception, reported there by Guido Schotmans and Maurits van Driessche in the M-F 19-21 period when frequency is in the clear; listen to Maurits' clip at http://tinyurl. com/puuak

But Americans succeeded too, Steve Lare in MI, and John Cobb in GA (reporting originally to us in Georgia font). It's USB plus reduced carrier, but the signal may be too weak to detect a carrier. It also breaks down frequently, so if you don't hear it at first, stay on the frequency a while and keep checking day after day. In B-06 there may be some problem from Chile on 15485, but CVC can also serve as a propagation beacon.

AUSTRALIA ARDS, 5049.93, at 1032-1101, interview in heavily-accented English, religious-like choral song, several Aboriginal vocal songs accompanied only by a drum. Was surprised to get a quick reply from Dale Chesson, Radio Service Manager, Nhulunbuy Language & Media Centre. Says they're using 400 watts full AM into a wire dipole fed by a balun, a quarter wave above ground and they'll be upgrading to a 1 kW LPB Omni transmitter. Says programs can be heard at http://www.ards.com.au/hear\_programs. htm (Dave Valko, PA, HCDX)

BOLIVIA 6025, R. Illimani, in Aymara at 1100 with Radio Patria Nueva ID, national news in Spanish (Arnaldo Slaen, Argentina, HCDX) Excellent sound and beautiful music on their streaming audio, using both IDs, via http:// abi.bo/index.php?i=patria-nueva (Henrik Klemetz, Sweden, ibid.) Also heard at 2340 on 6025 mentioning "Red Satelital Illimani" (Célio Romais, Brasil, radioescutas)

Radio Santa Ćruz, 6134.80, sudden sign-on at 0908, mentioning Santa Cruz, 0910 music, excellent to 0930 (Chuck Bolland, FL, DXLD) Exactly same frequency at 0020-0028 with talk of natural health food (José Bueno, Spain, Noticias DXI

BRAZIL unID on 11750 at 2245-2300 // 11780, 11815, 11830 with Voz do Brasil program, QRM from China, and not // other Brazilians after 2300. Any idea what this one is? (Alex Vranes, Jr., WV, DXLD)

That would be R. Marumby, Florianópolis, which has been inactive, not in WRTH, but in EiBi as 24 hours: PWBR had it on 11749.8, irregular, 10 kW, only at 08-21, or rather 09-22 at midyear

when DST is not on (gh) Also at 2100 with missionary program on 11749.8 (Carlos Gonçalves, Portugal, DXLD) Domingos Alfredo Loss reports that Anatel authorized a change in city for R. Marumby on 11750, 9665, moved from Florianópolis to an address in Balneário Camboriú, both in Santa Catarina state (Célio Romais, Panorama,

\* after hr = sign off; // = parallel programming; + = continuing but not monitored; 2 x freq = 2nd harmonic; B-06= $winter\ season$ ; [non] =  $Broadcast\ to\ or\ for$ the listed country, but not necessarily originating there; u.o.s. = unless otherwise stated

All times UTC; All frequencies kHz; \* before  $hr = sign\ on$ ,

@tividade DX) Did the transmitter really move? (gh)

For several days in September, R. Nacional da Amazônia was being heard on 11783.1 instead of 11780, then back to 11780 (Gilles Létourneau, QC; Alex Vranes, WV; Carlos Gonçalves, Portugal, DXLD) Maybe trying to avoid QRM from Martí and Anguilla on 11775? (Raúl Saavedra, Costa Rica, ibid.) But even more QRM to another Brazilian, R. Guaíba on 11785, literally covering it up (Célio Romais, Brazil, radioescutas) The two should never have been assigned adjacent frequencies (gh)

From July thru September, Brazilian stations had to carry election campaign programming at 1000-1050 and 1500-1550, with all parties and candidates sharing time based on their percentages of support. However, 11783 had been heard playing loop announcements about the free service instead of actual campaign commercials, because certain recordings had not been received, or opting out of carrying regional campaign material since it has national coverage (Huelbe Garcia, DXLD) An RNA operator told me they were only carrying election propaganda for the president. That may be contrary to the law, which makes no distinction for SW stations (Lúcio Haeser, radioescutas)

BULGARIA IRRS, Milano, Italy, tentative B-06 schedule (which never admits the transmissions are actually from Bulgaria):

5775 20 kW 2000-2130 Mon-Thu 2000-2300 Fri-Sun 9310 20 kW 0800-1300 Sat-Sun 100 kW 1500-1600 Sun 1700-1900 Fri & Sun 1900-2000 Sat 250 kW 1900-2000 Sun-Fri 13840 20 kW 0800-1300 Sat & Sun 15750 100 kW 1200-1300 Fri to WAf 1300-1330 Sun to India

Other 20 kW transmissions are for Eu; 100 and 250 kW for Eu/ME (IRRS via Alokesh Gupta, DXLD) This confusing sked is to satisfy coverage needs of individual clients, mostly religious (gh)

BURKINA FASO R. Burkina had been missing for weeks from 5030, or only with open carrier, but audible again in French September 10 at 1848, and also on 7230 at 1040-1225 (Carlos Gonçalves, Portugal, WORLD OF RADIO) Seems the technicians are working on modulator (Jari Savolainen, Finland, ibid.) Just before 2400 heard on 5030 with poor signal. Welcome back! (Raúl Saavedra, Costa Rica, ibid.) See NIGER

CHINA [and non] CRI changes in B06 season via the new RHC SW site at Quivicán, Cuba, 22 49 39 N, 82 17 34 W:

9580 to be replaced by 7220 0100-0300, 250 kW 10 degrees, to zone

15120 to be replaced by 9475 0000-0100, 250 kW 160 degrees, to zones 12, 14, 16 (CRI via BCDX)

7220?! Despite all its other faults, Cuba has never been known to run a non-jamming transmitter in the 40m hamband, in order to preserve a semblance of adherence to international norms. Surely that will not come to pass.

China had previously registered 40m frequencies from Canada, and those did not happen. Are the Chinese ignorant of Region 2 band limitations or just pushing the envelope? (gh)

As of mid-September, instead of 14050, 14260 and other frequencies inside the 20m hamband, Firedrake jamming was being heard on 13970 and weaker 14600 when checked daily around 1330. This indicated that Sound of

Hope had responded to intruder watch demands made by Uli Bihlmayer, DJ9KR, to stay out of the hambands. SOH at first defended the transmissions as only low-power from countries near China by SOH supporters to help get its message through. Meanwhile, SOH also appeared on the KWHR Hawaii 9930 schedule, M-F 14-17, and that was thoroughly Firedraked (gh)

Another Falun Gong clandestine is Ming Hui Radio, also via Taiwan, 11700 at \*1500-1600\*. After numerous tries, it came in over the jammer at times with ID heard, long talks with short clips of orchestral music. See <a href="http://minghui.net">http://minghui.net</a> and <a href="http://media.minghui.org/">http://minghui.net</a> and <a href="http://media.minghui.org/">http://www.clearwisdom.net/emh/index.html</a> (Edward Kusalik, Alberta, DXLD)

Sichuan PBS, Chengdu, reactivated on 7225.00, in the clear between 1400 (BBC Thailand off) and 1514 (DW Sri Lanka on). (Martien Groot, Netherlands, DXLD) Also with their Life, Travel and City Service program in Chinese, but with ID in English at 1045 and 1100, "This is the Voice of Golden Bridge", fair, // 6060.

PBS Nei Menggu, 7270.04v, at 1120-1201, conversation in assumed Mongolian, local chanting music, // 7210. Another day on 7270.08, 1014-1048 (Ron Howard, CA, ibid.) see GABON; MALAYSIA

- CONGO Surprised and pleased after 20 months to receive a partial data QSL card and letter from Radio Congo, 5985, after 1 followup report and 1 IRC. Verification signer is Jean Médard Bokatola (Steve Lare, MI, DXLD)
- CONGO DR Radio Kahuzi, Bukavu, 6209.66 at 1653 on a Monday with choral religious music, off at 1706, in Swahili or similar. E-mail reply soon received from Richard & Kathy McDonald giving sked as 07-11, 12-14, 16-17 Mon and Fri, but sign-off times vary (Jari Savolainen, Finland, DXLD) Thanks to Ethiopia vacating 6210, q.v.
- **CUBA** By mid-August, Arnie Coro had been pressed into service to announce more RHC programs than his *DXers Unlimited* and weekly science report, such as news on the half-hour, and also heard more in Spanish (Terry L Krueger, FL, DXLD) Also reading a hurricane update script written by someone else (gh)

R. Rebelde, 9505, heard on a Sunday 1259 wrapping up a 3-hour Musica de su Vida starting at 1000 (gh)

[non] Radio Cuba Libre, in August went on WRMI 9955 Mon-Sat 0700-0900. This is actually a new program (although the name has been used by other Cuban exile broadcasters in the past), sponsored by the Municipios de Cuba en el Exilio (Jeff White, CRW) Post DST: 0800-0900

Anticipated B-06 Radio República on WRMI 9955: daily 06-08, 16-22; M-F 11-13, Sun, Mon 03-05 (Jeff White, WRMI) see also CHINA

- CZECH REPUBLIC [non] R. Prague via Canada heard on 5990 at 0345 (Kevin Redding, AZ, ABDX) That relay resumed in August, English at 0330, though they switched to Czech at 0357 for transmission schedule. RP website also showed Spanish via Canada at 2330 on 9685 (gh) Continuing in B-06 on 5990, 2330 moving to 6000 (Wolfgang Büschel, BCDX) Prague via WRMI in B-06: English daily 1000 on 9955, 1500 on 7385; Spanish 0530 & 1030 on 9955 (Jeff White, DXLD)
- DIEGO GARCIA AFRIS heard at 1348-1457\* on new 12759 instead of 12579, by mistake? Nice signal in France (Franck Baste, DXLD) They stayed on 12759, a nice change since there's no ute interference (Walt Salmaniw, BC, ibid.) And http://myafn.dodmedia.osd.mil/radio/shortwave/ showed 12759 too; only USB sites remaining are this, Guam, Hawaii and Florida Key (gh)
- only USB sites remaining are this, Guam, Hawaii and Florida Key (gh) **ETHIOPIA** Looking for Azerbaijan, heard R. Fana on 6110 at 1600-1630, ex-6210 (Zacharias Liangas, Greece, DXLD) Their other frequency, 6940, also changed, heard on 7210 and 6110 at 1811 ID (Jari Savolainen, Finland, ibid.) 7210 and 6110 also heard at 0310-0350, both with QRM (Anker Petersen, Denmark, BCDX) 7210 from \*0255 but under BBC Swahili 0258-0329, then clear; 6110 under BBC Spanish via WHRI (Brian Alexander, PA, DXLD) 6210 was heard once again at 1610, // 6110 (Roberto Pavanello, Italy, playdx) But then at 1803 on 7210 // 6110 and nothing heard on 6210, maybe mistake (Jari Savolainen, Finland, WORLD OF RADIO)

Ethiopian Broadcasting Agency issued a commercial license to Radio Fana, almost two years after it was requested. See http://www.radiofana.com (Media Network blog) I strongly suspect that this move to proper in-band frequencies is related to the official license they just got (Kai Ludwig, DXLD) Website presented in English, but no English to be heard; archive of one-hour music shows (gh)

GABON [and non] On 7270, RTV Gabonaise at 1455 in French, QRM from Beijing in Chinese (Kevin Redding, AZ, ABDX) Unusual long-path catch, two+hours of daytime on each end. Malaysia, India, and Iran are also scheduled on 7270. Gabon 7270 does not appear in all listings; I heard Firedrake 1430 past 1500 on 7270, which would be against V. of China clandestine (gh) RTG transmitter is most likely not at Moyabi, but near Libreville, and not 250 kW. Tony Rogers, BDXC, gives site as Melen and power as 100 kW (Thorsten Hallmann, Germany, ibid.) It's a confusing situation on 7270; see also CHINA, MALAYSIA. China seems to be as high as 7270.08 and Malaysia on 7270.16.

GERMANY [and non] Information from reliable sources indicates that Deutsche Welle will be on air via the Wertachtal transmitters for the last time on New Year's Eve. Albanian, Bulgarian, Croatian, Macedonian, Polish, Serbian and Turkish (including Romany from RBB) will be entirely taken off SW. DW will continue to use Nauen, at least for the time being (remember that their contract with VT includes an option to substantially increase airtime beyond the initial 90 frequency hours). Some Wertachtal transmissions will move to Nauen, the remainder will go to the VT facilities in the UK, including 6075 (Kai Ludwig, DXLD)

The mailbag show of DW's German program referred to an abolition of SW for North America as of November, in favor of internet, podcasting and satellite (Paul Gager, A-DX via Ludwig) Deutsche Bundestag newspaper reported already last March that Wertachtal would be abandoned, while DRM and FM relays would be extended. Cost-benefit analysis results in SW in German to USA being switched off (Kai Ludwig, Germany, DXLD) Hmmm, maybe they have figured out that their German-speaking SW audience in NAm could

only be a tiny fraction of the abandoned English-speaking audience (gh)

Still plan some relays in German to ENAm in B-06: 1000-1200 via Sackville 6040, 0000-0200 Sines 9545 and Kigali 9655 (Kai Ludwig, Germany, DXLD)

- INDIA AIR stations sometimes show up on the wrong frequency, perhaps for only one day. 4765.8 at 1415 was probably Leh from 4760 or Jammu from 4830. Another day Lucknow was on 4900 instead of 4880 at 1430 (Jose Jacob, Hyderabad. dx. india)
- IRAN [non] Radio Zamaneh is a new station based at the Royal Tropical Institute in Amsterdam, with assistance from The Netherlands government. This independent non-partisan station aims to be a medium for the unheard voice of the young; in Farsi with news, analysis, educational programs, music and entertainment. SW was added to internet and satellite on Sept 11, 1700-2100 on 6245. See http://www.radiozamaneh.com/ (Pressnow.org via Ron Howard, DXLD)

Site? FSU probably. R. Farda certainly doesn't ignore the youthful audience! (gh) 6245, booming signal from 1701, audio cutting off (Jari Savolainen, Finland, WORLD OF RADIO) Wooly audio, ute QRM at 1830 (Noel Green, UK, ibid.) So much for clearing broadcasters out of marine band. Should be audible in ENAm before 2100\* (gh) Stayed on past 2115, excellent here (José Miguel Romero Spain, DXLD) No jamming initially; will they consider it worth jamming? Could be more dangerous than Farda (Jari Savolainen, Finland, ibid.)

- IRELAND Laser Hot Hits, pirate believed to be from here, says it was raided on August 22, off the air after 12 years of operation on SW frequencies including 6220 (Ed Insinger, NJ, DXLD)
- KOREA NORTH [non] Shiokaze, 9485 via Taiwan, 1300-1330 about Japanese abducted by North Korea, was consistently in English on Fri in Aug & Sept, and usually also on Wed, sometimes reading a roster of the kidnapped, others with news about North Korea; reception quality varied widely (gh)
- LIBYA [non] V. of Africa, 17610 ex-17725, via France, in Swahili at 1355 with big motorboating noise overriding audio, abruptly off at 1357:14. English at 1400-1557 still heard with similar noises on 17850, but no longer on 17725, which was supposed to have been replaced Sept 3 by 21695, also used in the spring. Talks about a "United States of Africa" and the "leader of the revolution". "News" headlines on half-hour interrupted every few seconds by musical stingers in a vain attempt to make them less boring (gh)
- MALAYSIA RTM was thought to have moved the 6050 frequency from Sibu, Sarawak to Kajang near Kuala Lumpur, as the latter's Info FM is there at 0200-0500, Asyik FM 0500-1500, then Suara Islam for Indonesia until 1700. However, visiting Kuching, I found Sibu is still active on 6050 but schedule reduced to 2200-0100 and 0400-0700, the latter unintelligible with QRM from Kajang on 6049.64.

Kuching on 7270.15 carries various Wai FM services, 2200-1600. 5030.02, Sarawak FM is still heard 2200-1600 in Malay, also on 7130.

5964.94 from Kajang carries the 24 h network renamed Klasik Nasional FM with news, info and Malay oldies (Alan Davies via Ron Howard, DXLD)

RTM stations on 7295 and 5965 now also have audio streaming via http://www.rtm.net.my/radio/html\_bi/index.html (Ron Howard, CA, DXLD) And also on drop-down are vom1 and vom2 for the external service, English starting at 0300 with V. of Islam, but includes travelog, rock music (ah)

- NEW ZEALAND RNZI tentative B-06 in analog: 1645-1800 9440 or 9870; 1745-1900 11675; 1945-2245 17675; 2245-0400 15720; 0745-1100 9885; 1100-1300 13840; 1300-1700 5950. Unclear whether there will really be gaps in analog at 1900-1945, 0400-0745 and exact frequency change times will vary (gh)
- NIGER LV du Sahel, as reported last month, continued to be widely heard on 9705, but on one occasion, Aug 22 at 0500-0730, was on 9000.0 instead (Luca Botto Fiora, Italy, bc.Inews.it) Could be default tuning by mistake to 9000 due to mispunching the frequency, which could also account for occasional landings on 9704 as well (gh) On a Thursday at 0615, 9704 heard with a program from RTV Burking Faso (Ignacio Sotomayor, Spain, Noticias DX) a v
- from RTV Burkina Faso (Ignacio Sotomayor, Spain, Noticias DX) q.v.

  NIGERIA | monitored the programming on V. of Nigeria, 15120 at 1700-2000 in English, announced for NAf, Eu. Those listed on website were not up to date.

M-F 1700-1800 Sixty Minutes, 1805-1815 Broad Street, 1830-1845 Insight, 1845-1900 Newsfile, 1905-1915 Landmarks, 2000-2100 Sixty Minutes.

Mon 1815 Impressions, 1915 Musical Heritage, 1930 Diplomatic Suite, 1945 Beyond Poverty Line.

Tue 1815 Issues, 1915 News Maker, 1930 The Villa, 1945 African Integra-

Wed 1815 Kiddies Voices, 1915 Grassroots, 1930 Round-Table, 1945 West

Thu 1815 Talking Agriculture, 1915 Investment Profile, 1930 Development Initiatives, 1945 Women and Developments.

Fri 1815 Echoes(?), 1915 People & Places(?), 1930 Nigerian Popular Music. Sat 1700 Africa Hour, 1805 African Safari, 1830 Weekend Magazine, 1845 National Assembly, 1905 Landmarks, 1915 Showbiz News, 1930 Nigerian Popular Music, 2000 Africa Hour.

Sun 1705 Weekly Analysis, 1715 Business Weekly, 1730 Periscope, 1745 Showbiz News, 1805 VON Link Up [mailbag], 1830 Talking Sports, 1905 This Week on VON, 1930 The Week in Review, 1945 Our Environment, 2015 Sports Roundup, 2030 The Villa(?), 2045 Nigeria and Politics(?). Also news on the hour not otherwise specified (Tony Rogers, BDXC-UK Communication)

PERÚ R. Wilkamayu, Cuzco, heard at 1930 on 10354 with huaynos, notices, ID (César Pérez Dioses, Chimbote, Perú, DXLD) It's very low power, variable frequency, hardly ever reported elsewhere, but worth a try, certainly while visiting Perú; see top (ah)

R. San Antonio, Atalaya, 4940 at 2330-2350 with sports show.

R. Libertad, Junín, 5039.1, reactivated in September after almost 4 years; at 1124-1205 folk music, ads mentioning Junín, but no IDs; recorded timechecks every dekaminute. Not heard at other times of day.

R. Santa Ŕosa, Lima, 6047.1, at 1030 relaying R. Vaticano (Rafael Rodríguez R., Colombia, condig list)

Carlos Gamarra Moscoso says license of R. Universal has been reinstated in Cusco, on 6090, with new 1.5 kW, operating 11-14 UT Mon-Sat only. Reception reports to him at Av. Garcilaso 4II, Distrito de Wanchaq, Cusco. Gamarra is with another friendly station, R. La Hora, 4855, which has a new pennant and QSL card (via José Elías Díaz Gómez, Venezuela, condig list) I got Universal's QSL #1; manager Luis Villasante points out their webpage http://www.radiouniversalcusco.com (Alfredo Cañote, Perú, DXLD) Heard on 6089.1 at 1103 with news, in the absence of R. Esperanza, Chile (Miguel Castellino, Argentina, Conexión Digital) Might propagate to NAm, but WYFR 6085 is a problem (gh)

ST. HELENA Remember the R. Saint Helena special reviving SW broadcast, Sat Nov 4 from 1800 until 0100 UT Sun Nov 5 on 11092.5 USB, as detailed in last month's column! (gh)

SLOVAKIA In a cabinet meeting Aug 31, the Minister of Culture proposed that external SW broadcasts of RSI be resumed Oct 31 (RSI Spanish news via José Miguel Romero, DXLD) Another version says its resumption is "guaranteed" (Luigi Cobisi, via Roberto Scaglione, bclnews.it) A briefer report in English and German pointed out that RSI still needed 921 kiloeuro to pay for resuming SW (gh) An article in SME, in Slovak, only mentions Slovaks abroad, so would it just be in the Slovak language? (Ted Schuerzinger, Swprograms list) RSI website in German said the State had ensured its finances. But a few days later the same website announced that future broadcasts will not be using SW! Just Internet and WRN satellites (Luigi Cobisi, Italy, DSWCI DX Window) Many of the former RSI frequencies were coördinated with HFCC for the B-06 season, at least on a contingency basis, so that is not an obstacle (gh)

SRI LANKA SLBC, 15745 at 0215 in English with morning service to the subcontinent, including Bible shows (Jerry Lenamon, TX, DXLD)

Also added 15745 to evening service to Asia in Indian languages, 0800-1530 (Jose Jacob, India, DXLD) Presumed Tamil at 1225. Good signal and a carrier noted also on 7301.5 but nothing on 11905, so replacing that? (Mauno Ritola, Finland,  $dx_india$ )

TURKEY V. of Turkey has two transmitter sites, Emirler and Çakirlar. Some of the Cakirlar transmitters have suffered many years from low modulation, even just a trace. Years ago weak tubes were mentioned as cause. E.g., Serbo-Croatioan at 1600 on 9605, so all editorial work put into it gets lost this way (Kai Ludwig, Germany, DXLD) For the last three years, I have been constantly told that the engineers will try to correct the problem, but this never happens. Now a solution depends on "the available budget." I reckon the site will eventually be closed, with just the newer transmitters at Emirler left on the air. Turkish at 0700-1400 on 15350 has been moved to Emirler with much improved modulation, though with the familiar "squeal" of maladjusted ABB transmitters. 9460 cannot be broadcast from Emirler, as ABB units are only programmed to operate in the "official" broadcasting bands (Alan Holder, Isle of Wight, DXLD)

VOT B-06 in English: 1330-1430 11735 As 12035 WEu 1930-2030 6055 WEu 2130-2230 9525 As 2300-2400 5960 NAm 0400-0500 6020 NAm 7240 SAs

Some Turkish frequencies toward Eu/Am:  $0500-0800\,9460$ ,  $0800-1500\,15350$ ;  $1800-2300\,9840$ ,  $2300-0200\,7300$ .

TRT revamps its schedule annually on January 1. Many European and Asian languages are retimed, reduced, but there is an additional broadcast in Spanish at 0200-0300 on 9865 at 290 degrees for Caribbean, Mexico, CAm, NW SAm (via Wolfgang Büschel, BCDX) This was met with great anticipation by Latin Americans who can barely pull in the existing Spanish broadcast to Europe (gh) Then the Spanish section of VOT denied there would be such a new broadcast, although it had been coördinated (Jorge García, Venezuela, Noticias DX)

UKRAINE RUI changed its NAm frequency in September from 7440 to 5820 (instead of planned 5810, occupied by WEWN), with English at 0000 and 0300. 5820 was clear but weak by comparison, even though nominally 1000 kW (gh, OK) 5820 at 0300 loud and clear (Joe Hanlon, NJ, DXLD) Booming in (Raul Saavedra, Costa Rica, ibid.) Other English hours to Eu moved at 1100 to 9950, 2100 to 5840 (Alex Yegorov, RUI, DXLD) All one hour later for B-06, but plans to stay on 5820 to NAm (gh)

Celebrating its 55th birthday in Sept, RUI Dir. Olexander Dykyi wrote that RUI plans to add more languages, Russian, Polish, French, Spanish and Arabic to the present Ukrainian, English, German and Romanian (Andy Sennitt, Media Network blog)

U K [non] BBCWS plans to use WHRI relay in B-06, 250 kW, 173 degrees: 5875 at 1100-1200, 9660 1200-1300 & 2100-2300; 6110 [Spanish] at 0300-0400 (Wolfgang Büschel, BCDX)

U S A State Department investigators concluded that Kenneth Y. Tomlinson, head of the Broadcasting Board of Governors, improperly hired a friend on the public payroll for nearly \$250,000 over two and a half years, according to a summary of their report. They also said that Tomlinson, in charge of VOA and RFE, used his government office for personal business, including running a

"horse racing operation" in which he supervised a stable of thoroughbreds he named after leaders from Afghanistan, that he repeatedly used government employees to do his personal errands and that he billed the government for more days of work than the rules permit.

Tomlinson's ouster last November from the Corporation for Public Broadcasting was prompted by a separate investigation by that organization's inspector general. That inquiry found evidence that Mr. Tomlinson had violated rules as he sought more conservative programs. (NY Times Aug 29 via Larry Nebron) There was much more press about this, including a Times editorial two days later calling for Tomlinson not to be reappointed, as was pending. Check http://www.kimandrewelliott.com archives for links starting August 31 (gh) This depends on how the election goes; more than likely because of the Rove connection this will be a recess appointment like the UN ambassador (Lou Josephs, Media Network blog)

A few days later there was another flap as the Miami Herald fired some of its journalists for having also worked for R. Martí, even though this had not been any secret: not appropriate for its journalists to be paid by the US government, a conflict of interest. The controversy also spread to the VOA itself, which also employs private media journalists on some of its programs. More about this, too, via Kim's website.

WBCQ resumed webcasting its 7415 service in mid-September, at http://johnlightning.com:8020/listen.pls (Larry Will, WORLD OF RADIO) Including WORLD OF RADIO, after DST ends, expected: Wed 2300, Mon 0515; also on WBCQ 18910-CLSB Thu 0000, 9330-CLSB Mon 0400. On WWCR, Fri 2130 15825 but probably moving to 9985 or 7465 in Dec; Sat 1700 12160; Sun 0330 5070, 0730 3215; Wed 1030 9985. For latest schedule see http://www.worldofradio.com/radioskd.html

KAIJ, near Dallas, which used to be 100% Dr. Gene Scott relay, heard on 13815 at 1700 in Spanish religion (Alex Vranes, WV, NASWA Flashsheet) As early as Jan 2005, KAIJ website http://www.kaij.org said they would start broadcasting in Spanish, especially to Cuba; but their antenna is aimed NW, 320 degrees, both on 13815 and 5755 at night (gh)

UZBEKISTAN [and non] Contrary to last month's fears, Tashkent is not closing down relays of foreign stations. There was a temporary business dispute between Tashkent and the Russians, with whom we deal (Andy Sennitt, Radio Netherlands. DXLD)

VENEZUELA R. Amazonas made another of its rare appearances on SW, 4939, Sept 9 at 0215-0242+ with lively Latin pops, probable ID (Roger Chambers, NY, WORLD OF RADIO) When on, always seems to be low, around 4939 and two thirds, and modulation may be bad. Be aware of another Latin sometimes on 4940, R. San Antonio; see PERÜ

[non] In mid-August, R. Nacional de Venezuela, Canal Internacional began to show up at new times and frequencies via Cuba: 1000-1057 on 6180, and then 1100-1157 on 6060 (Joe Karthaus, Ont., DXLD) These two were then heard by many other listeners (gh) Also at 2200 on new 11670 (José Turnes Núñez, Panorama, @tividade DX) That one apparently replaces 2000 on 13680, no longer heard; still at 2300 on 13680 and newish 15250. There may well be other new times we can only find by running across them (ab)

WESTERN SAHARA [non] After a few months' absence, Radio Nacional de la República Árabe Saharaui Democrática revived its SW outlet 7460, first reported August 19: good signal at 1900 (Dave Kenny, BDXC-UK) And at 2315-0002\*, fair to decent in Arabic (Mark Schiefelbein, MO, DXLD) Also at 0800 the next morning (Luca Botto Fiora, Italy, playdx yg) Signed on at \*0602 (DSWCI DX Window) It's the only SW station operating from Algeria (Liz (Cameron, MI, DXLD) Castilian is at 1700-1800, announcing 7470 instead of 7460 and MW 1550, also heard here (Carlos Gonçalves, Portugal, WORLD OF RADIO)

ZIMBABWE [and non] SW Radio Africa returned to SW in July, on 4880 at 1700-1900 via South Africa, but did not publicize it in order to discourage jamming. This worked until jamming finally started in September. Meanwhile, reports of 4880 were appearing in numerous DX publications. Once jamming resumed, SW Radio Africa said it would have to start changing frequencies and times again. SWRA relies on word of mouth in Zimbabwe to spread news about its frequency (gh)

There are times when DXers/SWLs can be of help in a desperate situation. IMHO this is one of them. It could just be \*your\* logging that is discovered by the person working for Robert Mugabe who runs the jamming operation. So why take the risk, however small? Because it's your "hobby"? You probably haven't met journalists who have been tortured by the Mugabe regime. I have (Andy Sennitt, DXLD)

Gerry Jackson of SWRA forwarded a reception report from Harare that describes the jamming: "4880 is jammed from 1800 UT with a new type of jammer, extremely severe, a siren/car horn sound, cycles within 5 seconds. At 1830 this jammer goes off and is replaced by the jammer that was on VOA MW's 909, less effective but still wipes you out, unmodulated signal" (Media Network blog)

The Government of Zimbabwe has released funds for opening a new radio station, Studio 24/7, in Gweru, the acting Minister of Information and Publicity, Cde. Munyaradzi Paul Mangwana, said. It would be operational before the end of the year (The Herald via Media Network) Earlier reports said his station would use SW to cover the whole of Zimbabwe. Other reports said it would be a de facto external service. If there are SW transmitters at Gweru being readied for use, this could explain the apparent new source of jamming to SW Radio Africa (Andy Sennitt, ibid.)

Until the Next, Best of DX and 73 de Glenn!

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#### 0043 UTC on 4845

MAURITANIA: Radio Mauritaine. French. Local pop music and announcer's chat. Koran recitations 0050 to brief announcement by woman and abrupt end of transmission. Poor signal SINPO 22222. Observed no Africans and very little else on the tropical bands for the previous ten days. (Jim Evans, Germantown, TN)

#### 0417 UTC on 15515

AUSTRALIA: Radio. Good signal for Australian Rules football game (Eagles vs. West Coast); 9580, 1312 fair signal. (Joe Wood, Greenback, TN) Radio Australia 13630, 2205 news on Aussie goods going to the Middle East. Station ID 2210 //12080 (SIO 232), 15240 (SIO 333) via Taiwan, 15515 (SIO 444) Shepparton 17785 (SIO 444); (Stewart MacKenzie WDX6AA, Huntington Beach, CA) 2226-2235+ Radio National Saturday Extra. SIO 3+33. (Frodge, MI) VL8A-Alice Springs 2310, 1006-1015; VL8T-Tennant Creek 2325, 0940-1000+ Tigers vs Bombers sports match. (Scott Barbour, Intervale, NH)

#### 0440 UTC on 3185

USA: WWRB. Bro. Stair with his views on the current events in the Middle East. WHRI 4960, 0456-0516 news and mentions of the New World Order. Station ID at 0458 and address for reception reports //5860 good; 5050, 0457. AFR/AFRTS 5446, 0521-0526 with Overnight America segment.5546 (Key West) 0500 (Wood, TN) Taiwan Radio Int'l via Okeechobee, Florida 15600, 2216 with Air Force One news and item on Taiwan. (MacKenzie, CA)

#### 0603 UTC on 9615

NEW ZEALAND: News on medical care for children. Mentions of *Media Watch Program* and an interview with Planned Parenthood leader. Several IDs as "National Radio," followed by weather forecast. (Wood, TN) R. NZ Int'l 9870, 1245 aboriginal music program (fair-poor signal). (Bob Fraser, Belfast, ME) New Zealand's **Radio Reading Service** 3935, 0815+. SINPO 25332. (Slaen, ARG) R. NZ Intl 13730, 0323. (MacKenzie, CA)

#### 1015 UTC on 7295

MALAYSIA: Traxx FM. DJ banter and pop music poking through the static. Poor but first signs of audio here at my location since early spring. **Voice of Malaysia** 9750, 1036-1105. Vernacular text to tentative "Saura Malaysia." Time pips at 1100 to music and chat. Fair signal amid WYFR interference at 1100. (Barbour, NH)

#### 1130 UTC on 3320.11

NORTH KOREA: KCBS Pyongyang. Korean text to classical string music at 1138. Patriotic choral for fair signal quality. French service ID as "La Voix de la Corée" 9335, \*1400-1425 with opening ID then "nouvelles et paroles en français" until 1424, then a bit of music. (Wilkins, CO)

#### 1145 UTC on 13640

FRANCE: Radio France Int'l. French weather forecast during excellent signal quality. *International Newsflash* on 17605 at 1720. (Fraser, ME) RFI 17605 at 1640. (Gerald Brookman, Kenai, AK)

#### 1204 UTC on 3280

CHINA: Voice of Pujiang (tentative). Seemed to be a few commercials to male/female's lively Chinese chat session. Vocal music at 1209, followed by same format to tune-out at 1235 as signal was deteriorating. China's **Nei Menggu PBS** 4000 kHz still missing and absent for a week. China's **Gannan PBS** 3990 (tentative) 1225-1235 in presumed Tibetan from GPBS. Signal fair around 1230 and hard to copy. (John Wilkins, Wheat Ridge, CO) **China Radio Int'l** 9745, 1930-1940 in Esperanto language. (Slaen, ARG) **CRI** 9570, 1648 with music amid SIO 233. (Brookman, AK)

#### 1218 UTC 3987.04

INDONESIA: RRI-Manokwari (tentative). Speech segments before live audience followed by announer's comment or analysis to 1238. Eighteen minutes of Arabic sounding music style to SCI (Song of the Coconut Island) interval signal to Jakarta program

at 1300. Good signal. Additional Indo's observed as: **RRI-Ternate** 3345.03, 1244-1305. **RRI-Kendari** (tent) 3995.04, 1222-1300. Signal much better than usual. **RRI- Manokwari** 3987.04, 1249-1303. **RRI-Pontianak** 3976.04 audible for two days, noted silent recently. September 6, 2006 (Wilkins, CO)

#### 1500 UTC on 15650

CLANDESTINE: Voice of Oromiya Independence via Jülich in presumed Oromo language. Brief Radio Miami Int'l announcement at 1500. Many mentions of "Oromiya" during program segment to theme music at 1525. Transmitter off at 1530 for fair signal throughout broadcast. (Wendel Craighead, Prairie Village, KS)

#### 1500 UTC on 11700

TAIWAN: Ming Hui Radio. Sign-on heard with opening orchestral melody and male's announcements in standard Chinese. Several mentions of "ming hui...ming hui...taiwan." Jammer present and usually appears at 1458. Last attempt to log \*1500-1600\* observed male/female speakers with slogans and promotional items. (Ed Kusalik, Alberta, Canada)

#### 1630 UTC on 6170

SRI LANKA: Deutsche Welle. News and magazine format for SIO 344. Deutsche Welle from various locations 1658 on 15705. (Brookman, AK) **Voice of Croatia** via Germany 9925, 2220 (MacKenzie, CA)

#### 1730 UTC on 13675

ISRAEL: Kol Israel. Item on strained Israeli/Lebanon relations // 11590 (tent). (Fraser, ME) Israel's Radio Galei Zahal 6973, 2110-2115. Hebrew news from male/female duo. (Slaen, ARG)

#### 2006 UTC on 11940

ROMANIA: Radio Romania Int'l. Radio Newsreel, Focus and All That Jazz programs SIO 352. Same programs monitored 9645, 2300-2332. SIO 453. (Kraig Krist KG4LAC, Manassas, VA; Brookman, AK) 7265, 2311-2316 w/news to ID at 2315 into poetry feature. (Frodge, MI)

#### 2054 UTC on 11640

MALI: China Radio Int'l relay. Pop music segments to ID spot and *Chinese Studio* Chinese/English lessons. SIO 333 and intermittent buzz QRM. **RTV du Mali** 4835.4, 2312-2322. Afro tunes to ID, "RTV du Mali" //5995. SIO 2+32+ only audible in USB but much better than 4835. (Frodge, MI) 5995, 0616-0637 w/ drops in audio levels. (Barbour, NH) **CRI** via Mali relay 13630, 2051-2103 with *Chinese Studio*. (Wood, TN)

#### 2110 UTC on 11675

UK: BBC World Service. News items on ancient Thracian grave found. (Fraser, ME) BBC WS 6196, 1643 sports news; 12095, 1650. (Brookman, AK)

#### 2152 UTC on 9705

NIGER: La Voix de Sahel. West African pop/high life music to French announcements. Talk and music noted at 2200 followed by Koran recitations at 2255. Closing comments to interval signal and national anthem and 2301\*. Anthem is distinctive with fanfare followed by women/children singing. Very poor signal, marginally above/below noise level at 2152, gradually improving to peak SINPO 22222 from 2255-2301\*. First log of Niger since 2001. (Evans, TN) 9705, 1940-1944 French. (Slaen, ARG)

#### 2300 UTC on 11950

EGYPT: Radio Cairo. Sign-on into news of fair signal quality. (Fraser, ME) 11950, 2352-0006. Arabic and French music vocals. Announcer's English IDs, frequencies and schedule to Arabic language lesson for good signal quality. (Wood, TN)

Thanks to our contributors – Have you sent in YOUR logs? Send to Gayle Van Horn, c/o Monitoring Times English broadcast unless otherwise noted.

fredwaterer@monitoringtimes.com

## **Broadcasting from China – Blurred Distinctions**

hina and Taiwan are not only divided by the Formosa Strait, but by history, politics, and culture. Most people are aware of the history of these two entities. Following the Second World War, China plunged into a bitter civil war between the Communists under Mao Tse-tung and the Nationalists under Chiang Kai-shek. With the Communist victory in 1949, Chiang continued his resistance from Taiwan, which he continued to maintain was the legitimate Republic of China.

Chiang's government continued to hold China's seat at the UN until 1971, when the People's Republic assumed that seat. The consequences of all of these events are felt to this day. China maintains that Taiwan is a rebel province. Taiwan maintains an uncomfortable status quo, neither declaring independence nor embracing re-unification.

These distinctions show up in the English broadcasts of these two nations. Oddly enough, the English transmissions of both China and Taiwan tend to also blur the distinctions and may not be what you might expect. The bellicose broadcasts of the '50s and '60s by the then Radio Peking are long forgotten.

Here's one listener's recollection of those days: "The Lafayette KT-135 was nothing short of a dream come true for a me when in my teenage years trying to reach beyond the walls of my childhood bedroom to distance places far away...Then the turbulent times as the Vietnam war raged on (1969) right there all on my desktop from this little amazing box! I'll never forget Radio Peking saying one night 'People of the world unite! ~ Defeat the US aggressors and their running dogs!' Good God almighty, I thought at a youthful age, someone out there hates us! I wonder how many of you received the little red book with the teachings of Chairman Mao from Radio Peking like I did?" (Carol L. Maher W4CLM)

Today, China Radio International and Radio Taiwan International are two of the easiest stations to hear in North America, thanks to the use of powerful relay stations. Every night you can hear CRI via a number of frequencies, such as 6020 kHz at midnight UTC. (Frequencies may change with the start of a new broadcast season this month.) Each night you can also hear Taiwan via the transmitters of WYFR in Florida on 5950 kHz from 0200-0300 UTC and repeated an hour later

#### What can you hear?

You will not hear hysterical rants. Each program of both CRI and RTI opens with news and

current affairs. In the case of CRI, this consists of *News*, followed by *News and Reports*. "News from China, in an international language, world reports with a Chinese perspective. This is News and Reports in CRI."

Listening to CRI's News Department, one could be forgiven for forgetting the United States exists. This may have just been a fluke during the period in which I was listening (Sept 1-7) and I should point out they did discuss the United States extensively during their UTC Sept 12 broadcast.

Otherwise, news coverage was exclusively about China, Asia, Iran, and the Lebanon-Israel crisis. The European Moon mission also got coverage a few times. Most of the topics covered were economic in nature as well. Foreign investment. The booming economy. Anti-Money Laundering legislation. Trade with Japan and Uruguay.

Taiwan on the other hand, while also focussed on domestic and Asian issues, makes no bones about its ties to the United States.

The latter part of the hour in each broadcast is devoted to rotating features as follows (hosts' names in brackets).

#### **China Radio International**

Sunday - In The Spotlight (host unclear)

CRI's spotlight on culture. The program looks at developments in Chinese film, literature and music. A recent episode featured the film "Tokyo Trial" about the Asian war crimes trial following World War II (which persuaded me to want to see it), a rather maudlin novel, and a Singaporean singer who is (reportedly) quite popular in the Chinese music world. A very worthwhile listen.

Monday - Front Line (Wu Jia)

"Stories from Modern China and the people behind them" is the tagline for this show. Interesting views on modern China, from intellectual property fights to the changing nature of marriage.

Tuesday - Biz-China (Tu Yun)

Listening to this show, one imagines Chairman Mao spinning in his grave. The program discusses the booming Chinese economy, foreign investment in and by China, job opportunities in China for Chinese overseas, and other largely capitalist notions.

Wednesday - China Horizons (Wu Jia or Wang Lu)

China Horizons provides an in-depth look at various regions of China and her people. Recent episodes have included an examination of homelessness in China, and the movie industry (which like every other industry in China, is of course, booming). It also includes tours of the Chinese regions and ethnic groups. A very interesting presentation.

Thursday - Voices From Other Lands (Su Sha-Wei )

A weekly program which interviews people from abroad who are visiting China, on any number of subjects. Recent programs have included an Indian artist with an exhibition in Beijing, a German scientist attending a conference in Beijing on containing a world flu pandemic, and "Chef Dan," an American chef currently working in Hong Kong.

Friday - Life in China (Various)

"See China, meet its people, share the experience. *Life in China*" So opens CRI's weekly look at, well, life in China.

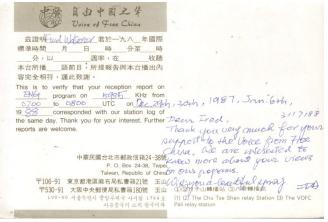
They explore many areas of life in this program, including ethnic minorities, Salsa dancing, Blog fever, and Tangshan 30 years after the devastating earthquake. From World Cup Fever to rural health care clinics, from the frivolous to the vital – the program explores all aspects of the people of China.

Saturday - Listener's Garden (Li Peichun and Xiaohua)

Listeners Garden is CRI's mailbag program. It is more formal than RTI's program,



This is a photo of me taken in 1987 at the ANARC convention in Mississauga, Ontario, with Joan Chao Mei-Yee from (I believe) the audience research department of the (then) Voice of Free China.



but has its own charm. Li Peichun and Xiaohua are pleasant, and there is a cool jazz riff playing under them. They acknowledge listeners letters and answer their questions.

But it is more than just a mailbag show. Also included in the program is the "Get to Know CRI" quiz (which wrapped up recently). Grand prize was a trip to China in the New Year. This is followed by "Topic of the Week," usually suggested by a listener, and a short feature about selected Chinese idioms. Finally, a review of what is coming up in the feature programs for the next week. It's a great way to finish up the week.

Each daily CRI program ends with *Chinese Studio*, a brief 5 minute Chinese language lesson.

#### **Radio Taiwan International**

Sunday - Taipei Magazine (Carlson Wong)

Taipei Magazine is a program discussing political, economic and social developments in Taiwan. The most recent edition (as this was written), discussed Taiwan's diplomatic relations (13 countries still recognize Taiwan, none of which is a significant player), and Taiwan's investments in petroleum projects abroad.

Stage, Screen and Studio (Craig Quintero)

The program provides background to what's current in the arts in Taiwan, from galleries to theatres. Not as comprehensive or as entertaining as CRI's "In The Spotlight."

Monday - Asia Review (Radio Australia)

The program is an Asia newsmagazine produced by Radio Australia. Good background coverage of events in Asia, but it would have been more interesting to hear a Taiwanese perspective on these things. Still, it's another example of co-operation between international broadcasters.

Let's Learn Chinese (Carlson Wong)

Weekly Chinese language lesson. Carlson still invites people to consult the website for lesson details, but as I pointed out in last month's *Programming Spotlight*, this page is still blank.

Tuesday - We've Got Mail! (Natalie Tso & Shirley Lin)

Natalie and Shirley have a good chemistry,

which makes this program very enjoyable to listen to. Listeners letters are interspersed with chat and some really good Taiwan/Chinese pop music.

Other features include "Global Exchange" which encourages listeners to respond on a given topic. In September the topic was "The Dumbest Thing I Have Ever Done." Apparently response was under whelming. Finally, "Your Questions, Our Answers" responds to listener's specific questions about Taiwan.

Wednesday - Speak Out (Caroline Gluck)
Human rights and democracy news from
Asia plus interviews with activists.

Listed as being on Tuesday UTC broadcasts, I recently heard *Strait Talk* on a *Wednesday* UTC broadcast. It's a discussion program about Taiwan and its place in the world. The topic was the 14<sup>th</sup> attempt by Taiwan for recognition at the UN (which later failed, vetoed by China).

Jade Bells & Bamboo Pipes (Carlson Wong)

Perhaps (in my opinion as well as others') the best program on either station. An excellent presentation of Chinese and Taiwanese traditional music and, in one recent episode, some Latin flavored music that wouldn't have been out of place on Radio Habana Cuba. The program leaves one wanting to learn and know more about the music of Taiwan and Asia in general. ... That's part of the beauty of shortwave and the internet: listeners are exposed to so many different musical genres. But that's a discussion for another day (I smell a future column).

Thursday - People (Natalie Tso)

Natalie interviews people from all walks of life, discussing their lifestyles, careers and perspectives.

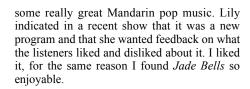
Instant Noodles (Andrew Ryan)

Andrew Ryan presents the weird, the silly, and the wacky from the Asia-Pacific region.

For example, a Vietnamese man who once appeared on national television to demonstrate his ability to resist electric shocks has been electrocuted while repairing a generator. A fun program. Andrew, who is quite a character, will be back on the Saturday broadcast.

Friday - Mando Pop 101 (Lily C)

While the website lists other programs, what was actually heard was "Mando Pop 101," which follows gossip and news from the Manadarin Pop Scene. Hosted by Lily C, it's a high-energy show featuring



Saturday - Groove Zone (Ellen Chu & Andrew Ryan)

This is perhaps the most entertaining and light-hearted program on either station. Appealing to a youthful audience, Ellen and Andrew engage in friendly banter (in the most recent episode, about different candies from the past) and play some really good Chinese-language pop music. This music would not be out of place on any North American station if it were in English. The interaction between Ellen and Andrew reminds me of the fun and frivolity of HCJB's Musical Mailbag in years past (without the mail of course).

#### Blurred distinctions.

I found it interesting (after almost 30 years of listening to the Cold War posturing between the two countries) that, whereas at one time Mao's Radio Peking might have thundered about "Imperialist Running Dogs" and the like, nowadays, almost all of the political discussion comes from the capitalist Taiwan side, and all of the economic discussion comes from Communist Beijing programming.

In fact, in a week of listening I heard no references at all to the Communist Party of China. But I heard many political discussions from Taiwan. It's all very subtle. Taiwan never attacks China, but promotes "democracy and human rights in Asia." A number of reports on intellectual property rights on CRI showed, in a clever way, that they are addressing piracy issues, and other reports about the economy left little doubt that China was open for business, within limits.

30 years ago, Beijing's talks would still be dominated by discussion of Chairman Mao. During the week I listened, the only Chairman heard on any CRI broadcast was the "Chairman of the Board," Frank Sinatra singing "Fly Me to the Moon."

Music heard on both stations could, for the most part, have been heard on either station.

Almost all of it was western sounding, pop, and jazz – even hip-hop in Chinese. As mentioned already, some of the Latin Jazz heard on RTI could just as easily have come from Havana.

RTI comes off as a friendlier, more laid back broadcaster and very listener friendly.

Thanks to Carol L. Maher W4CLM, Webmaster for www.foxtango.org – an international Yaesu users group – for permission to use the excerpt from his listening experiences in 1969.

See you all here again next month. 73!



VERIFICATIONS RECEIVED BY OUR READERS

gaylevanhorn@monitoringtimes.com

# **F/D, N/D, P/D**

In case you're wondering what code we're trying to break ... you're on the wrong track. If you follow this column regularly, you've observed verification card or letters noted as "full data." (F/D) That is what every collector strives for: a card that includes the station name, frequency, time and date. If they include a transmitter site, that's even better! This is the ideal kind of reply, but not always what we receive.

A partial data (P/D) QSL, lists only part of the verification information; for instance, the frequency is listed but the date or time is not. A "no-data" (N/D) card is just as it implies – the data is blank, and the card may only be signed or stamped. Every DXer has these in their collection, and they are the least favorite to receive. I suppose

if it's the only way to have a station reply it might suffice; however, I've known of several DXers returning their cards, enclosing a note with their original report to "please fill in the details."

What is considered a confirmation can be left to the individual to decide. Enclosed items such as bumper stickers, pennants, or holiday cards should not be counted as a verification. However, any response which does not indicate that you did NOT hear the station you are reporting should be considered an intent by the station to verify your report. DXers who are counting countries to qualify for an awards program should consult the awards program qualifications; many have waited until a letter or card is verified properly before they check off a station or country as complete.

#### **AMATEUR RADIO**

Vatican City, HV5PUL, 20 meters SSB. Amateur radio station for Pontificia Universita Lateranense Vatican City. Original contact 2003 with no reply. Relog of twice annual broadcast, received in two and a half months, complete with two first class stamps issued by the Vatican City State, for two US dollars and a SAE. QRZ indicates, "This station is activated during the special events at the University like the Acadmic Year Opening Day (Dies Accademicus) in November or the Lateran Journey at the end of April." Mailing address: HV5PUL c/o Luca Della Giovampaola, Pontificia Università Lateranense, P.zza S.Giovanni in Laterano, 4 - 00120 Città del Vaticano, Vatican City State. (Ken Reitz KS4ZR, VA) Congrats!



#### **ARMENIA**

Voice of Armenia, 9965 kHz. Full data Public Radio of Armenia card, plus schedule and personal letter, received in 226 days for an English report. (Scott Barbour, Intervale, NH) At press time, VO Armenia was schedule to leave shortwave next week. Correspondence or follow-up reception reports with two IRCs, may be sent to: Public Radio of Armenia, 5 Alex Manoocian St., 375025 Yerevan, Republic of Armenia. Web: (streaming audio) www.armradio.am Email: pr@armradio.am (GVH)

#### **GABON**

Inpact du Plein Evangile, via Gabon, 9580 kHz. Nondescript style letter signed by Sergine & Andre Snanoudj. Large French religious book enclosed. My prepared cards (French & English) not returned. Re-

ceived in 22 days for a CD report. Mailing address: 32140 Panassac, France. (Edward Kusalik, Alberta, Canada) Station programming is relayed via Gabon's Afrique Numéro Un. (GVH)

#### INDIA (GOA)

All India Radio-Panaji, 11715 kHz. Full data Sculptures on Visvanatha Temple card including site, signed by Y.K. Sharman, Director of Spectrum Management & Synergy. Received in 124 days via regular mail, after posting reception details at: www.allindiaradio.gov.in with email response that a reply would be forthcoming. Total of 14 reports over 11 years to verify Panaji. (Jim Evans, Germantown, TN) Station address: External Service Division, Spectrum Management, All India Radio, Room 204, Akashani, Bhaven, New Delhi 110 001 India.

#### **MADAGASCAR**

Radio Nile, 9905, 12060 kHz. Full data large color Madagascar map card, plus letter signed by Rahamefy Eddy-5R8FT. Technical Dept. Received in 11 weeks after unsuccessful reports to Kampala, Ultrecht and email addresses. Station address: c/o Technical Dept., P.O. Box 404, Antananarivo-101, Madagascar. (Wendel Craighead, Prairie Village, KS) Radio Nile relays via Radio Netherlands Madagascar relay station. Programs are produced by the New Sudan Council of Churches, at studios in Uganda and Netherlands. Radio Nile is sponsored by the Dutch public broadcaster NCRV. (GVH)

#### **MEDIUM WAVE**

1610 WA, Ilwaco. Verification letter signed by Kyle L. Betts-BMI, Special Operations by direction. Received in three days for an AM report. No call letters noted in verification. Mailing address: U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security, USCG, Cape Disappointment, P.O. Box 460, Ilwaco, WA 98624. (Patrick Martin, Seaside, OR) AM QSL # 2,932.

CFMB, 1280 AM kHz. Full data prepared QSL card signed by Luigi Valente-Station Manager, plus station decal and business

card. Received in 35 days for an AM report, SAE and one US dollar. Station address: 35 York Street, Montreal, Quebec H3Z 2Z5 Canada. (Greg Harris WDX9KHY, Forest Park, IL)

KCKN 1020 kHz AM. Full data card Alien Cowboy card signed by Don Niccum. Received in 16 days for a DX Test. Station address: P.O. Box 220, Roswell, NM 88202-0220. (Martin, OR)

Guam-KTWG, 801 AM kHz. Full data over sized Guam postcard and friendly note signed by Leilani Dalulig. Received for an AM report. Station address: 1868 Halsey Drive, Piti, Guam 96915. (Craig Edwards, Nhulunbuy (Gove) NT, Australia)

#### PIRATE

Undercover Radio, 6925 kHz USB. 20<sup>th</sup> Anniversary Show-Progressive Music Radio card # 442, plus CD of anniversary program highlighting 20 years as a pirate broadcaster. Received in 69 days for an email report to: undercoverradio@mail.com (Barbour, NH) Maildrop: P.O. Box 293, Merlin Ontario NOP 1WO Canada.

#### USA

Sudan Radio Service, 9525 kHz. Verification letter signed by Tamburo Michael Renzi-SRS Marketing Coordinator, plus station information, freq schedule, and brochure. Received for an English report. Mailing address: Kenya Production Studio, c/o EDC, Dennos Pret Road, P.O. Box 4392, 00100 Nairobi, Kenya. (Arnaldo Slaen, Buenos Aires, Argetina) SRS is an independent station dedicated to peace and development in Sudan, and financially supported by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID). Correspondence may also be directed to: International Development (USAID), States Agency for International Development (USAID)., Education Development Center, 1000 Potomoc Street NW - Suite 350, Washington, DC 20007 USA Web: (on-demand audio) www.sudanradio. org/ Web: EDC parent organization www. edc.org (GVH)

### How to Use the Shortwave Guide

0000-0100 twhfa USA, Voice of America 5995am 6 7 ① ② ⑤

#### Convert your time to UTC.

Broadcast time on ① and time off ② are expressed in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) - the time at the 0 meridian near Greenwich, England. To translate your local time into UTC, first convert your local time to 24-hour format, then add (during Standard Time) 5, 6, 7 or 8 hours for Eastern, Central, Mountain or Pacific Times, respectively. Eastern, Central, and Pacific Times are already converted to UTC for you at the top of each hour.

Note that all dates, as well as times, are in UTC; for example, a show which might air at 0030 UTC Sunday will be heard on Saturday evening in America (in other words, 7:30 pm Eastern, 6:30 pm Central, etc.).

#### Find the station you want to hear.

Look at the page which corresponds to the time you will be listening. On the top half of the page English broadcasts are listed by UTC time on  $\odot$  , then alphabetically by country  $\odot$ , followed by the station name 4. (If the station name is the same as the country, we don't repeat it, e.g., "Vanuatu, Radio" [Vanuatu].)

If a broadcast is not daily, the days of broadcast (5) will appear in the column following the time of broadcast, using the following codes:

Day Codes s/S Sunday m/M Monday t/T Tuesday w/W Wednesday h/H Thursday f/F Friday a/A Saturday Daily mon/MON monthly occasional occ:

DRM: Digital Radio Mondiale

In the same column ⑤, irregular broadcasts are indicated "tent" and programming which includes languages besides English are coded "vl" (various languages).

#### Choose the most promising frequencies for the time, location and conditions.

The frequencies 6 follow to the right of the station listing; all frequencies are listed in kilohertz (kHz). Not all listed stations will be heard from your location and virtually none of them will be heard all the time on all frequencies.

Shortwave broadcast stations change some of their frequencies at least twice a year, in April and October, to adapt to seasonal conditions.

But they can also change in response to short-term conditions, interference, equipment problems, etc. Our frequency manager coordinates published station schedules with confirmations and reports from her monitoring team and MT readers to make the Shortwave Guide up-to-date as of one week before print deadline.

To help you find the most promising signal for your location, immediately following each frequency we've included information on the target area 7 of the broadcast. Signals beamed toward your area will generally be easier to hear than those beamed elsewhere, even though the latter will often still be audible

Target Areas

af: Africa

al: alternate frequency

(occasional use only)

The Americas am:

as: Asia

ca: Central America domestic broadcast do:

Europe eu:

irreaular (Costa Rica RFPI) irr·

Middle East me: North America

na: Oceania oc: Pacific

pa: South America sa:

va: various

#### MT MONITORING TEAM

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#### Daniel Sampson

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Larry Van Horn, MT Asst. Editor larryvanhorn@monitoringtimes.com

# Thank You ...

#### Additional Contributors to This Month's Shortwave Guide:

Rich D'Angelo/*NASWA Flash Sheet*; Anker Petersen/DX Window; Adrian Sainsbury/R.NZ Intl; Harold Sellers/ODXA/DX Ontario; Larry Van Horn N5FPW, MT Asst. Editor; BCL *News; Cumbre DX; Hard Core DX;* NASWA Journal; WWDXC-Top News.

#### **Shortwave Broadcast Bands**

#### Meters 2300-2495 120 meters (Note 1) 3200-3400 90 meters (Note 1) 3900-3950 75 meters (Regional band, used for broadcasting in Asia only) 3950-4000 75 meters (Regional band, used for broadcasting in Asia and Europe) 4750-4995 60 meters (Note 1) 5005-5060 60 meters (Note 1) 5730-5900 49 meter NIB (Note 2) 5900-5950 49 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 5950-6200 49 meters 6200-6295 49 meter NIB (Note 2) 6890-6990 41 meter NIB (Note 2) 7100-7300 41 meters (Regional band, not allocated for broadcasting in the western hemisphere) (Note 4) 41 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 7300-7350 7350-7600 41 meter NIB (Note 2) 9250-9400 31 meter NIB (Note 2) 31 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 9400-9500 9500-9900 31 meters 11500-11600 25 meter NIB (Note 2) 11600-11650 25 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 11650-12050 25 meters 12050-12100 25 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 12100-12600 25 meter NIB (Note 2) 13570-13600 22 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 13600-13800 22 meters 13800-13870 22 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 15030-15100 19 meter NIB (Note 2) 15100-15600 19 meters 15600-15800 19 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 17480-17550 17 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 17550-17900 17 meters 18900-19020 15 meter WARC-92 band (Note 3) 21450-21850

#### Notes

25670-26100

Tropical bands, 120/90/60 meters are for Note 1 broadcast use only in designated tropical areas of the world.

13 meters

11 meters

- Broadcasters can use this frequency range Note 2 on a (NIB) non-interference basis only.
- Note 3 WARC-92 bands are allocated officially for use by HF broadcasting stations in 2007. They are only authorized on a non-interference basis until that date.
- Note 4 WRC-03 update. After March 29, 2009, the spectrum from 7100-7200 kHz will no longer be available for broadcast purposes and will be turned over to amateur radio operations worldwide

#### **GLENN HAUSER'S** WORLD OF RADIO

http://www.worldofradio.com

For the latest DX and programming news, amateur nets, DX program schedules, audio archives and much more!

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		0030		Burma, Dem Voice of Burma	5955eu	
		0030		Egypt, Radio Cairo 11950na	J7JJe0	
		0030		Thailand, Radio 9570va		
		0030		UK, BBC World Service 9740as 9790as 17615as	3915as 11945as	5970as 15360as
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		0100		Japan, Radio Japan/NHK Worl	d	6145na
		0100		Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	7295as	
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		0100		Netherlands, Radio	9845na	
		0100	DB44	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	13730pa	
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				12133usb 12759usb	13362usb	
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		0100		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT	7505na	
C	0000	0100		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME	5110na	7415na
,	000	0100		9330na	5020~	
		0100 0100		USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	5920am 5810va	5835va
		0100		USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	7520na	J03Jvu
		0100		USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC	7320na 7490am	7555am
		0100	twhfa	USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC		13760am
ď	0000	0100	.,,,,,,,,	USA, WINB Red Lion PA	9265am	. 57 554111
		0100	twhfa	USA, WRMI Miami FL	7385am	
Č	0000	0100		USA, WTJC Newport NC	9370na	
		0100		USA, WWCR Nashville TN	3215na	5070na
	0000	0100		7465na 13845na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	3185na	5050na
	0000	0100		5745na 6890na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho		6065am
				9505am 11835am		
C	0000	0100		Zambia, Christian Voice	4965af	
		0030	m	USA, WRMI Miami FL	9955am	
		0045		USA, WRMI Miami FL	9955am	
C	0030	0100		Thailand, Radio 5890na		
	030			UK, BBC World Service	5970as	6195as
				9410as 9790as	11955as	15280as
,	1020	0100		15310as 15360as	0715	0700
C	0030	0100		USA, Voice of America	9715va	9780va
				15185va 15205va 17740va 17820va	15290va	15560va
r	035	0100	sm	Austria, Radio Austria Intl	9870am	
	033	0058		Austria, Radio Austria Intl	9870am	
	055	0100	·······································	Italy, RAI Intl 11800na	, 0 , Julii	
				,,		

0100         0100         Cuba, Radio Havana         6000na         6060na           0100         0115         Italy, RAI Intl         11800na         7345na           0100         0127         Czech Rep, Radio Prague         6200na         7345na           0100         0128         Vietnam, Voice of 6175na         9480as           0100         0129 s         Germany, Universal Life         9480as           0100         0130         Hungary, Radio Budapest         9590na           0100         0145 w         Australia, Radio         15405as           0100         0156         Romania, Radio Romania Intl         9690na         11825r           0100         0159         Canada, Radio Canada Intl         9755am         13710c           0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Katherine         5025do           0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek         4910da           0100         0200         Australia, Radio 9660pa         12080pa         13670p           0100         0200         Australia, Radio 91540pa         17715pa         17750a	ia im
0100         0115         Italy, RAI Intl         11800na         7345na           0100         0127         Czech Rep, Radio Prague         6200na         7345na           0100         0128         Vietnam, Voice of 6175na         7345na           0100         0129 s         Germany, Universal Life         9480as           0100         0130         Hungary, Radio Budapest         9590na           0100         0154         w         Australia, Radio Romania Intl         9690na         11825r           0100         0159         Canada, Radio Canada Intl         9755am         13710c           0100         0200         Anguilla, University Network         6090am           0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Katherine         5025do           0100         0200         Australia, CVC International         7355as           0100         0200         Australia, Radio         9660pa         12080pa         13670ga	ia im
0100         0129         s         Germany, Universal Life         9480as           0100         0130         Hungary, Radio Budapest         9590na           0100         0145         W         Australia, Radio         15405as           0100         0156         Romania, Radio Romania Intl         9690na         11825r           0100         0159         Canada, Radio Canada Intl         9755am         13710a           0100         0200         Anguilla, University Network         6090am           0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Katherine         5025do           0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek         4910do           0100         0200         Australia, CVC International         7355as           0100         0200         Australia, Radio         9660pa         12080pa         13670ga	im o
0100         0156         Romania, Radio Romania Intl         9690na         11825r           0100         0159         Canada, Radio Canada Intl         9755am         13710c           0100         0200         Anguilla, University Network         6090am         6090am           0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Katherine         5025do           0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek         4910dc           0100         0200         Australia, CVC International         7355as           0100         0200         Australia, Radio         9660pa         12080pa         13670pa	im o
0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Katherine         5025do           0100         0200         Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek         4910dc           0100         0200         Australia, CVC International         7355as           0100         0200         Australia, Radio         9660pa         12080pa         13670pa	a
0100 0200 Australia, Radio 9660pa 12080pa 13670p	
17775va 17795va	
0100         0200         Canada, CFRX Toronto ON         6070na           0100         0200         Canada, CFVP Calgary AB         6030na           0100         0200         Canada, CKZN St John's NF         6160na           0100         0200         Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC         6160na	
0100         0200         DRM         China, Ćhina Radio Intl         6140na           0100         0200         China, China Radio Intl         6020na         6080na           9570na         9580na         9790na         11870a	
13600eu 13640as 0100 0200 Costa Rica, University Network 5030va 6150va 7375va 9725va	
0100 0200 f Germany, Bible Voice BC Network 6140m 0100 0200 Guyana, Voice of 3291do 0100 0200 Indonesia, Voice of 9525as 11785p	
15150al 0100 0200 Japan, Radio Japan/NHK World 5960va	
11720va 11935sa 15325as 17685a 17810as 17825va 17845as 0100 0200 Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM 7295as	C
0100 0200 vl Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 3270do 3290do 6060do 6175do	ı
0100         0200         Netherlands, Radio         9845na           0100         0200         New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl         13730pa           0100         0200         DRM         New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl         15720pa           0100         0200         North Korea, Voice of Korea         7140as         9345as	
9730am 11735ca 13760ca 15180c 0100 0200 vl Papua New Guinea, Wantok R. Light 7120va 0100 0200 Russia, Voice of 7250na 9665na 15555r 15595na	
0100         0200         Singapore, MediaCorp Radio         6150do           0100         0200         Sri Lanka, SLBC         6005eu         9770eu         15745e           0100         0200         Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl         11875as         15465c	IS
0100 0200 UK, BBC World Service 6195as 9410as 11955as 15280as 15310as 15360a 17790as 0100 0200 f UK, Bible Voice 6140me	
0100 0200 Ukraine, Radio Ukraine Intl 5820na 0100 0200 USA, American Forces Radio 4319usb 5446us 5765usb 6350usb 7812usb 10320u	
12133usb 12759usb 12579usb 0100 0200 USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 5755na 0100 0200 USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT 7505na	
0100 0200 USA, KWHR Naalehu HI 17655as 0100 0200 USA, Voice of America 9885va 11705v 11725va	
0100 0200 USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 5110na 7415na 9330na 0100 0200 USA, WBOH Newport NC 5920am	
0100         0200         USA, WBOH Newport NC         5920am           0100         0200         USA, WEWN Birmingham AL         5810va         5835va           0100         0200         USA, WHRA Greenbush ME         5850na         7490ar           0100         0200         USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC         5875am         7490ar	
9515am 0100 0200 sm USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 7315am	-
0100 0200 USA, WINB Red Lion PA 9265am 0100 0200 twhfa USA, WRMI Miami FL 7385am 0100 0200 s USA, WRMI Miami FL 9955am	
0100 0200 USA, WTJC Newport NC 9370na 0100 0200 USA, WWCR Nashville TN 3215na 5070na 5935na 7465na	I
0100 0200 USA, WWRB Manchester TN 3185na 5050nc 5745na 6890na	
0100 0200 USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL 6065va 9505va 15195va 0100 0200 Uzbekistan, Christian Vision 7355as	
0100         0200         Zambia, Christian Voice         4965af           0103         0200         Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep         7235am         9495ar	n
0105         0110         Pakistan, Radio         7445eu         9340eu           0105         0130         sm         Austria, Radio Austria Intl         9870am           0113         0130         twhf         Austria, Radio Austria Intl         9870am	
0115       0130       a       Austria, Radio Austria Intl       9870na         0115       0130       twhf       Seychelles, FEBA       7365va         0130       0200       Sweden, Radio       6010na       9435va	
0130 0200 twhfa USA, Voice of America 7405am 13740c 0133 0200 sm Austria, Radio Austria Intl 9870na	m
0140 0200 Vatican City, Vatican Radio 7335as 9650as 0143 0158 twhfa Austria, Radio Austria Intl 9870na 0145 0200 w Australia, HCJB 15405as	

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	02	200 l	JTC - 9	PM EST / 8	PM CST	7 / 6PM	PST				6035af 12035af	6190af	7160af	9750af
020	0 021			Croatia, Croatian		9925na			0330		USA, KJES Vado	NM	7555na 4930af	4000~f
020	0 022	27	Ir	an, Voice of the I	slamic Rep		9495am		0330		USA, Voice of A 7340af	9885af	12080af	6080af 15580af
020	0 023 0 024	15	L	hailand, Radio JSA, WYFR/Family			11835va	0300	0330		USA, WBCQ Kei 9330na	nnebunk ME	5110na	7415na
	0 030 0 030	)0 )0 twh		inguilla, Universit irgentina, RAE	y Network 11710am	6090am			0330 0355		Vatican City, Vat South Africa, Ch		9660af 5960af	
	0 030			ustralia, ABC NT 4835do		s	2310do	0300	0400		Anguilla, Univer	sity Network	6090am	00101
	0 030			ustralia, ABC NT		5025do	4010 I		0400		Australia, ABC N 4835do			2310do
020	0 030 0 030	00	A	iustralia, ABC NT iustralia, CVC Inte	ernational	7355as	4910do		0400 0400		Australia, ABC N Australia, ABC N		5025do eek	4910do
020	0 030	00	Α	iustralia, Radio 13670pa	9660pa 15240va	12080pa 15415va	13630pa 15515va		0400 0400		Australia, CVC I Australia, Radio		13685as 12080pa	13630pa
020	0 030	00	В	17750as ulgaria, Radio	21725va 9700na	11700na			0-100		13670va	15240va	15415va	15515va
020	0 030	00	C	Canada, CFRX Tor	onto ON	6070na				twhfas	17750as Canada, CBC N			
020	0 030	00	C	Canada, CFVP Cal Canada, CKZN St	John's NF	6030na 6160na			0400 0400		Canada, CFRX 1 Canada, CFVP (		6070na 6030na	
020	0 030 0 030	00	C	Canada, CKZU Va China, China Radi	o Intl	11870as	13640as		0400 0400		Canada, CKZN Canada, CKZU		6160na 6160na	
020	0 030	00	C	Costa Rica, Univer 7375va	sity Network 9725va	5030va	6150va		0400		China, China Ro 11870as		9690na	9790na
020	0 030	00	C	Cuba, Radio Hava 9820na		6000na	6060na	0300	0400		Costa Rica, Univ	ersity Networ	k 5030va	6150va
	0 030		E	gypt, Radio Cairo Greece, Voice of	7270na	9420va	17520va	0300	0400		7375va Cuba, Radio Ha	9725va vana	6000na	6060na
020	0 030	00	C	Buyana, Voice of	3291do		17320vu		0400		9820na Guyana, Voice o			
	0 030 0 030			Nalaysia, RTM/Tra Namibia, Namibia	in BC Corp	7295as 3270do	3290do		0400 0400		Japan, Radio Ja Malaysia, RTM/1		ld 7295as	21610oc
020	0 030	00	١	6060do Iew Zealand, Rad	6175do lio NZ Intl	13730pa			0400 0400	vl	Malaysia, Voice Namibia, Namil	of 6175as	9750as 3270do	15295as 3290do
	0 030	00 DR/	M N	lew Zealand, Rad Iorth Korea, Voice	lio NZ Intl	15720pa 13650as	15100as		0400		6060do	6175do		02,000
020	0 030	00 vl	P	apua New Guine	a, Wantok R	. Light	7120va 15270va	0300	0400	DRM	New Zealand, R New Zealand, R	adio NZ Intl	13730pa 15720pa	00.45
				hilippines, Radio 17665va	·	11885va			0400		North Korea, Vo 9730as		7140as	9345as
	0 030			15595na	9665na	9860na	15555na		0400 0400	vl	Oman, Radio O Papua New Gui		15355as L. Light	7120va
	030 000			ingapore, Media( outh Korea, KBS			9560na	0300	0400		Russia, Voice of 9890na	5900na 15425na	9665na 15455na	9860na 15555na
020	0 030	00	ι	11810sa JK, BBC World Sei	15575na rvice	6195me	11760me	0300	0400	vl	15595na Rwanda, Radio	6055do		
				11955as 17790as	15280as	15310as	15360as	0300	0400	V1	Singapore, Med	iaCorp Radio	6150do	
020	0 030	00	ι	JSA, American Fo		4319usb	5446usb		0400 0400		South Africa, Ch Taiwan, Radio To		3345af 5950va	15215va
				5765usb 12133usb	6350usb 12759usb		10320usb	0300	0400		15320va UK, BBC World	Service	6195va	9410eu
	0 030 0 030			ISA, KAIJ Dallas T ISA, KJES Vado N		5755na 7555na		0300	0400		11760me USA, American	15575me Forces Radio	4319usb	5446usb
	0 030 0 030			JSA, KTBN Salt La JSA, KWHR Naale		7505na 17655as					5765usb 12133usb	6350usb	7812usb 12579usb	10320usb
020	0 030	00		JSA, WBCQ Kenno 9330na	ebunk ME	5110na	7415na		0400 0400		USA, KAIJ Dalla USA, KTBN Salt	s TX	5755na 7505na	
	0 030		L	JSA, WBOH Newp JSA, WEWN Birmi		5920am 5810va	5835va	0300	0400		USA, KWHR Nac	alehu HI	17655as	7415
020	0 030	00	l	JSA, WHRA Green	nbush ME	5850na	3033vu	0300	0400 0400		USA, WBCQ Kei USA, WBOH Ne	wport NC	5110na 5920am	7415na
020	0 030 0 030			JSA, WHRI Cypres JSA, WHRI Cypres			7490am		0400 0400		USA, WEWN Bir USA, WHRA Gre		5810va 5850na	5835va
020	0 030	00	ι	9515am JSA, WINB Red Lid	on PA	9265am			0400 0400	twhfa sm	USA, WHRI Cyp USA, WHRI Cyp			
	0 030	00 twh		JSA, WRMI Miami JSA, WRMI Miami		7385am 7385am		0300	0400 0400		USA, WHRI Cyp USA, WINB Red	ress Creek SC		7315am
020	0 030	00	ι	JSA, WTJC Newpo JSA, WWCR Nash	ort NC	9370na 3215na	5070na	0300	0400		USA, WRMI Mia	mi FL	7385am	
				5935na	7465na			0300	0400 0400	sm	USA, WRMI Mia USA, WTJC Nev	port NC	9955am 9370na	
	0 030			JSA, WWRB Manc 5745na	6890na	3185na	5050na	0300	0400		USA, WWCR No 5765na	shville TN 5935na	3215na	5070na
020	0 030	00	·	JSA, WYFR/Family 6065va	, R Okeecho 9505va	bee FL 11855va	5985va	0300	0400		USA, WWRB Ma 5745na	nchester TN 6890na	3185na	5050na
	0 030			Izbekistan, Christi ambia, Christian		7355as 4965af		0300	0400		USA, WYFR/Fan 9505am		bee FL 15255am	6065am
020	0 300 5 022	00	T	aiwan, Radio Taiw atican City, Vatica	van Intl	5950na 15560oc	9680na		0400		Uzbekistan, Chr	istian Vision	13685as	
	5 023		١	lepal, Radio	3230as	5005as	6100as	0300	0400 0400		Zambia, Christic Zimbabwe, ZBC	Corp	4965af 5975do	
	0 025		٧	7165as lietnam, Voice of					0500 0345	vl/mtwhf	UK, Sudan Radi Israel, Kol Israel		7120af 9345va	17600va
	0 030 0 030	00 twh 00		Ilbania, Radio Tiro Iungary, Radio Bu		6115eu 9795eu	7465eu	0330	0357		Czech Rep, Radi 11600va	o Prague	5990am	9455va
	0 030 5 030			weden, Radio Ayanmar, Radio	6010na 9730do				0358	twhfas	Vietnam, Voice Albania, Radio 1		6115eu	7465eu
	0 030			atican City, Vatico		7305am	9610am	0330	0400		Belarus, Radio	5970eu	6155eu	7210eu
	03	no H	TC - 1	OPM EST / 9	OPM CS	T / 7DM	PST	0330	0400		UK, BBC World	6190af	3255af 7160af	6005af 9750af
								0330	0400		12035af USA, Voice of A		4930af	6080af
030	0 032 0 032	27	C	'atican City, Vatico Zzech Rep, Radio I	Prague	7305am 7345na	9610am 9870na	0330	0400	twhfa	9885af USA, WBCQ Kei	12080af nnebunk ME	15580af 9330na	
	0 033	30 mtv 30		elarus, Radio gypt, Radio Cairo	5970eu 7270na	6155eu	7210eu				•			
030	0 033	30	٨	Ayanmar, Radio hilippines, Radio	9730do	11885va	15270va	C	400	UTC - 1	.1PM EST /	10PM C	ST / 8PI	M PST
	0 033			17665va JK, BBC World Sei	•	3255af	6005af		0427		Czech Rep, Radi		6100na	11700 (
550	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	_	, 5 ,, 5 iiu 5ei		J_JJ4!		U400	U43U	mtwhf	France, Radio Fr	unce Inti	9805af	11700af

Czech Rep, Radio Prague France, Radio France Intl

0400 0427 0400 0430 mtwhf

6100na 9805af

0400	0430		USA, Voice of America 6080af 9575	4930af af 9885af	4960af 11835af				11955as 15420af	15280as 17640af	15310as 17760as	15360as 17790as
0400	0445		12080af 1558 USA, WYFR/Family R Ok	Oaf eechobee FL	6065va	0500	0530		17885af Vatican City, Vatica	21660as	9660af	11625af
0400	0456		6855va 9505 Romania, Radio Romania		11795na	0500	0555		13765af South Africa, Chai	nnel Africa	9685af	
	0459		15110va 1778 South Africa, Channel A	0va			0600 0600		Anguilla, Universit Australia, ABC NT	y Network	6090am	2310do
0400	0500		Anguilla, University Net	work 6090am					4835do			201000
0400	0500		Australia, ABC NT Alice 4835do	Springs	2310do	0500	0600 0600		Australia, ABC NT Australia, ABC NT		5025do eek	4910do
	0500 0500		Australia, ABC NT Kathe Australia, ABC NT Tenno		4910do		0600 0600		Australia, CVC Int Australia, Radio	ernational 9660pa	13685as 12080pa	13670va
0400	0500		Australia, CVC Internation	onal 13685as					15160va 17750as	15240va		15515va
	0500		Australia, Radio 9660 15240pa 1541	5va 15515va	13670va 21725va		0600		Bhutan, BBS	6035as	(070	
	0500 0500	twhfas	Canada, CBC NQ SW Se Canada, CFRX Toronto C				0600 0600		Canada, CFRX Tor Canada, CKZN St	John's NF	6070na 6160na	
0400	0500		Canada, CKZN St John's	NF 6160na			0600 0600		Canada, CKZU Va China, China Radi		6160na 6020na	6190na
	0500 0500		Canada, CKZU Vancouv China, China Radio Intl	6020na	6080na				9560na	11710al	11880as	15350af
0400	0500		9560na 9755 Costa Rica, University N		6150va	0500	0600		15360as Costa Rica, Univer		17505as k 5030va	17540as 6150va
	0500		7375va 9725 Cuba, Radio Havana		6060na	0500	0600		7375va Cuba, Radio Hava	9725va na	6000va	6060va
			9820na				0600		9550va Germany, CVC Th	9820va	11760va	9430af
0400	0500		Germany, Deutsche Wel 12045af 1544		9630af		0600		Germany, Deutsch	e Welle	9630af	9700af
	0500 0500		Guyana, Voice of 3291 Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	do 7295as		0500	0600		15410af Guyana, Voice of			
0400	0500		Malaysia, Voice of 6175	as 9750as	15295as	0500	0600		Japan, Radio Japa 6110na	n/NHK Wor 7230eu	ld 15195as	5975eu 17810as
0400	0500	vl	Namibia, Namibian BC 6060do 6175		3290do	0500	0/00		21755oc			17010us
	0500 0500		Netherlands, Radio New Zealand, Radio NZ	6165am Intl 13730pa	9590va		0600 0600		Malaysia, RTM/Tra Malaysia, Voice of		7295as 9750as	15295as
0400	0500	DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ	Intl 15720pa		0500	0600	vl	Namibia, Namibio 6060do	in BC Corp 6175do	3270do	3290do
	0500 0500	vl	Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Papua New Guinea, Wa	6090do ntok R. Liaht	7120va		0600	DD14	New Zealand, Rad	lio NZ Intl	13730pa	
	0500		Russia, Voice of 5900 15555na		9860na		0600 0600	DKM	New Zealand, Rad Nigeria, Radio/Ibo		15720pa 6050do	
	0500	vl	Rwanda, Radio 6055				0600 0600		Nigeria, Radio/Ka Nigeria, Radio/Lag		4770do 3326do	6090do 4990do
	0500 0500		Singapore, MediaCorp R Turkey, Voice of 6020			0500	0600		Nigeria, Voice of	15120af		
0400	0500	vl	Uganda, Radio 4976	do 5026do	7196do		0600 0600	VI	Papua New Guine Russia, Voice of	a, wantok i 17635oc	21790oc	7120va
0400	0500		UK, BBC World Service 6190af 6195		6005af 7160af		0600 0600		Singapore, Media South Africa, Chai		6150do 7240af	
			9410va 1176 15310as 1536		15280as 15575me	0500	0600		Swaziland, TWR	3200af	4775af	9500af
0.400	0500	DDM	17760as 1779	0as 21660as			0600 0600	VI	Uganda, Radio UK, BBC World Se	4976do rvice	5026do 11760me	7196do 15575me
	0500 0500	DKM	UK, BBC World Service Ukraine, Radio Ukraine	6010na Intl 5820na			0600 0600	vl/ mtwhf	UK, Sudan Radio S USA, American Fo		9525af 4319usb	5446usb
0400	0500		USA, American Forces R 5765usb 6350		5446usb 10320usb		0000		5765usb	6350usb	7812usb	10320usb
0.400	0500		12133usb 1275	9usb 12579usb	10020035	0500	0600		12133usb USA, KAIJ Dallas 1	12759usb X	12579usb 5755na	
	0500 0500		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KTBN Salt Lake Cit	5755na y UT 7505na			0600 0600		USA, KTBN Salt La USA, KWHR Naale		7505na 11565as	13650as
	0500 0500		USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, WBCQ Kennebunk	17655as ME 5110na	7415na		0600		USA, Voice of Ame	erica	4930af	6080af
0400	0500		USA, WBOH Newport N	C 5920am		0500	0600		6180af USA, WBCQ Kenn		15580af 5110na	7415na
	0500 0500		USA, WEWN Birminghar USA, WHRA Greenbush		5835va		0600 0600		USA, WBOH New USA, WEWN Birm		5920am 5850va	
	0500 0500		USA, WHRI Cypress Cree USA, WHRI Cypress Cree			0500	0600	4l.f	USA, WHRA Green	nbush ME	6145na	7445
0400	0500		USA, WHRI Cypress Cree	ek SC 5875am	7315am		0600 0600		USA, WHRI Cypres USA, WHRI Cypres	s Creek SC		7465am
	0500 0500	mtwhfa a	USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miami FL	9265eu 9955am			0600 0600	mtwhfa asm	USA, WMLK Bethe USA, WRMI Miami		9265eu 9955am	
	0500 0500		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville T		5070na	0500	0600 0600		USA, WTJC Newpo USA, WWCR Nash	ort NC	9370na 3215na	5070na
			5765na 5935	na					5765na	5935na		307 Ona
	0500		USA, WWRB Manchester 5745na 6890	na	5050na		0600 0600		USA, WWRB Mand USA, WYFR/Family		3185na bee FL	6855va
0400	0500		USA, WYFR/Family R Ok 9715va	eechobee FL	7780va	0500	0600		9355va Uzbekistan, Christ	ian Vision	13685as	
	0500		Uzbekistan, Christian Vis	sion 13685as 4965af	4045-4	0500	0600	ul.	Zambia, Christian	Voice	4965af	6065af
	0500 0500	vl	Zambia, Christian Voice Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp	5975do	6065af	0505	0600 0520	m	Zimbabwe, ZBC C Austria, Radio Aus		5975do 17870me	
	0500 0500		Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna	6050do 4770do			0530 0600	as	Austria, Radio Aus Germany, CVC Th		17870me :a	9555af
0430	0500		Nigeria, Radio/Lagos	3326do	4990do	0525	0600	vl	Ghana, Ghana BC	Corp	3366do	4915do
	0500 0500		Swaziland, TWR 3200 USA, Voice of America	af 4775af 4930af	4960af		0600 0600		Thailand, Radio UK, BBC World Se		3255af	6005af
			6080af 9575 15580af	af 11835af	12080af				6190af 11765af	6195eu 11955as	7160af 15310as	9410af 15360as
0445	0500		Italy, RAI Intl 6110	af 6145af	7235af	0530	0600	mtwhf	15420af UK, BBC World Se	17640af	17760as 17885af	21660as
	)EQQ	LITC -	L2AM EST / 11PN	A CCT / ODA	M DCT	0530	0600	vl/ mtwhf	Vatican City, Vatica	an Radio	6185va	
					MITSI	0545	0600 0600	twhf	Austria, Radio Aus Austria, Radio Aus	tria Intl	17870me 17870me	
	0507 0520	twhfas	Canada, CBC NQ SW Se Vatican City, Vatican Rac		7250eu	0545	0600	vI	Rwanda, Radio	6055do		
		mtwhf	9645eu France, Radio France Int		15160af		0600	UTC - 1	LAM EST / 12	AM CS	T / 10PI	M PST
0500	0530		Rwanda, Radio 6055	do			0615		South Africa, TWR			
0500	0530		UK, BBC World Service 6195eu 7160	6005af af 9410af	6190af 11765af			mtwhf	France, Radio Fran		15160af	17800af

SHORTWAVE GUIDE

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0600	0630		UK, BBC World Service 9410af 9530af	6005af 11765af	6190af 11940af	0645	0700	c	15570af Albania, TWR Europ	15595af	11865eu	
			12095af 17640af	1170301	1174001	0645	0700		Monaco, TWR	9800eu		
		mtwhf vl/ mtwhf	South Africa, TWR 11640af Vatican City, Vatican Radio	6185va			0700 0700	DRM	New Zealand, Radio		6095pa 7145pa	
0600	0655	**, ********	South Africa, Channel Africa	15255af		0007	0,00	Diun	Now Zoulana, Raak	) ( \ <u>_</u>	7 1 4 5 pu	
	0658 0658	DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	13730pa 15720pa			0700	O UTC - S	2AM EST / 1A	M CST	/ 11PN	1 PST
0600	0659		South Africa, Channel Africa	7240af								
	0700 0700		Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring		2310do	0700	0715		UK, BBC World Servine 11940af	vice 11765af	6005af 15400af	6190af 15485af
			4835do	•	20.000				17640af	17830af		
	0700 0700		Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre		4910do		0727 0745		Czech Rep, Radio Pi USA, WYFR/Family		9880eu	11600eu 7780va
0600	0700		Australia, CVC International	15335as		0700	0800	smtwhf	Albania, TWR Europ	е	11865eu	770014
0600	0700		Australia, Radio 9660pa 15160va 15240va	12080pa 15415va	13670va 15515va		0800 0800		Anguilla, University Australia, ABC NT A			2310do
0400	0700		17750as	4070					4835do			20.000
	0700 0700		Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	6070na 6030na			0800 0800		Australia, ABC NT K Australia, ABC NT T		5025do eek	4910do
	0700 0700		Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC	6160na		0700	0800		Australia, CVC Inter	rnational	15335as	
	0700		China, China Radio Intl		11880as		0800 0800			11750as 9660pa	9710pa	11750pa
			13620as 15350as 17505as 17540as	15465as	17490eu				12080pa	13650pa	15160va	15240va
0600	0700		Costa Rica, University Network		6150va	0700	0800		15415va Canada, CFRX Toro	17750as nto ON	6070na	
0600	0700		7375va 9725va Cuba, Radio Havana	11870va 6000va	6060va		0800		Canada, CFVP Calg	gary AB	6030na	
			9550va 9820va	11760va			0800 0800		Canada, CKZN St J Canada, CKZU Van		6160na 6160na	
0600	0700		Germany, CVC The Voice Afric 15640af	ca	9555af	0700	0800		China, China Radio			13710eu
0600	0700		Germany, Deutsche Welle	6140eu	7170af	0700	0800		15350as Costa Rica, Universi		17490eu c5030va	6150va
0600	0700	vl	15275af 17860af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp	3366do	4915do	0700	0800		7375va S France, Radio France	9725va	11870va 17800af	
	0700		Guyana, Voice of 3291do	l.J	11715eu	0700	0800		Germany, Bible Void	ce BC Netw	ork/	6140me
0000	0700		Japan, Radio Japan/NHK Wor 11740as 11760eu		15195as		0800 0800	S	Germany, Bible Voic Germany, CVC The			5945eu 9555af
0600	0700		17870pa 21755oc Liberia, ELWA 4760do						15640af			
0600	0700		Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	7295as		0700	0800		Germany, CVC The 15640af	Voice Afric	a	9555af
	0700 0700	vl	Malaysia, Voice of 6175as Namibia, Namibian BC Corp	9750as 3270do	15295as 3290do		0800		Germany, Deutsche		6140eu	
			6060do 6175do				0800 0800	VI	Ghana, Ghana BC Guyana, Voice of		3366do 5950do	4915do
	0700 0700		Netherlands, Radio Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan	9700pa 6050do			0800	as	Italy, IRRS	9310eu		
	0700		Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna	4770do 3326do	6090do 4990do		0800 0800		Liberia, ELWA Liberia, Star Radio 9	4760do 9525af		
	0700 0700		Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 15120af	332000	499000		0800 0800		Malaysia, RTM/Trax		7295as 9750as	15295as
	0700 0700	vl	Papua New Guinea, Wantok R Russia, Voice of 17635oc	l. Light 21790oc	7120va		0800		Malaysia, Voice of a Monaco, TWR	9800eu	11865eu	1327308
0600	0700	irreg/ vl	Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do				0800 0800	vl	Myanmar, Radio 9 Namibia, Namibian		3270do	3290do
	0700 0700	vl	Singapore, MediaCorp Radio Solomon Islands, SIBC	6150do 5020do	9545do			VI	6060do	6175do <sup>·</sup>		327000
0600	0700		Swaziland, TWR 3200af	4775af	9500af		0800 0800		Netherlands, Radio New Zealand, Radio		9700pa 6095pa	
	0700 0700	as	UK, BBC World Service UK, BBC World Service	17885af 6195eu	9410eu	0700	0800	DRM	New Zealand, Radio	o NZ Intl	7145pa	
			11955as 12095eu 15565eu 15575me	15310as 17760as	15360as		0800 0800		Nigeria, Radio/Ibad Nigeria, Radio/Kad		6050do 4770do	6090do
			21660as			0700	0800		Nigeria, Radio/Lago	os	3326do	4990do
0600	0700		USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7812usb	5446usb 10320usb		0800 0800	VI	Papua New Guinea Russia, Voice of	, wantok к 17495ос	. Lign <del>i</del> 17635oc	7120va 21790oc
			12133usb 12759usb	12579usb	10020035		0800 0800	irreg/ vl	Sierra Leone, SLBS 3 Singapore, MediaC		41504-	
	0700 0700		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT	5755na 7505na			0800	vl	Solomon Islands, S		5020do	9545do
0600	0700		USA, KWHR Naalehu HI	11565as	13650as		0800 0800		Swaziland, TWR of Taiwan, Radio Taiwa		9500af 5950na	
0600	0700		USA, Voice of America 12080af 15580af	6080af	6180af		0800		UK, BBC World Serv		11955as	15310as
	0700 0700		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC	5110na 5920am	7415na				15575me 21660as	17760va	17790as	17885as
0600	0700		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	5850va	7570va		0800	as	UK, Bible Voice	5945eu	4010 '	5444
	0700 0700		USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC	5860na 7315am	7465am	0/00	0800		USA, American Ford 5765usb	ces Radio 6350usb	4319usb 7812usb	5446usb 10320usb
0600	0700	mtwhfa	USA, WMLK Bethel PA	9265eu		0700	0000		12133usb	12759usb	12579usb	
	0700 0700	S	USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC	9955am 9370na			0800 0800		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KTBN Salt Lak		5755na 7505na	
	0700		USA, WWCR Nashville TN	3215na	5070na		0800 0800		USA, KWHR Naaleh		11565as	13650as
	0700		5765na 5935na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	3185na		0700	0800		USA, WBCQ Kenne USA, WBOH Newpo	ort NC	5110na 5920am	7415na
0600	0700		USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 7780va 9680va	bee FL 11530va	6000va 11580		0800 0800		USA, WEWN Birmin USA, WHRA Greent		5850va 5860na	7570va
	0700		Uzbekistan, Christian Vision	13685as		0700	0800		USA, WHRI Cypress	Creek SC	7315am	7495am
	0700 0700	٧l	Vanuatu, Radio 4960do Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio	9780me			0800 0800	mtwhfa	USA, WMLK Bethel USA, WTJC Newpor		9265eu 9370na	
0600	0700	. d	Zambia, Christian Voice	6065af			0800		USA, WWCR Nashv	ille TN	3215na	5070na
	0700 0645	٧I	Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Vatican City, Vatican Radio	5975do 4005eu	5885eu	0700	0800		5765na S USA, WWRB Manch	5935na iester TN	3185na	
			6185eu 7250eu 15595va	9645eu	11740eu		0800		USA, WYFR/Family	R Okeecho	bee FL	5985va
	0645		Vatican City, Vatican Radio	15595va			0800	vl		9505va 4960do	9715va	9930va
0630	0656		Romania, Radio Romania Intl 15440va 17770va	9655va	11830va	0700	0800 0745		Zambia, Christian V	/oice 9800eu	6065af 11865eu	
	0700		Bulgaria, Radio 9500eu	11500eu	/100 f	0715	0750	а	Albania, TWR Europ	ре	11865eu	
0630	0700		UK, BBC World Service 9410af 9530af	6005af 11765af	6190af 11940af		0750 0800			9800eu 5945eu	11865eu	
0430	0700		11990af 12095af	17640af 11625af		0730	0800		Guam, TWR/KTWR	17665as	17005	
0030	0/00		Vatican City, Vatican Radio	1102301	1370301	0/30	0800		Pakistan, Radio	15100eu	17835eu	

0740 0800 mtwhf

ervice 6190af 11765af 15400af 15485af 17640af UK, BBC World Service

11940af 17830af Guam, TWR/KTWR 17665as 0815 0900 as 0830 0900 0830 0900 0845 0900 f

Guam, TWR/KTWR 11840as Australia, ABC NT Katherine 2485do Australia, ABC NT Tennant Creek UK, Bible Voice 17595va

0900 UTC - 4AM EST / 3AM CST / 1AM PST

2325do

#### 0800 UTC - 3AM EST / 2AM CST / 12AM PST

	0820	f smtwhf	Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Albania, TWR Europe Monaco, TWR 9800eu	ork 11865eu 11865eu	6140me
0800 0800 0800 0800	0830 0830 0830 0830		Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, Voice of 6175as	5025do	4910do
0800 0800 0800		f	Myanmar, Radio 9730do Pakistan, Radio 15100eu UK, Bible Voice 5945eu	17835eu	
0800 0800	0830 0845	s	Vatican City, Vatican Radio Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw	9625na ork	5945eu
0800 0800	0845 0845	as	UK, Bible Voice 5945eu USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 9930va	bee FL	5950va
	0900 0900		Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do	6090am s	2310do
0800 0800			Australia, CVC International Australia, HCJB 11750as	15335as	
0800	0900		Australia, Radio 5995pa 9710pa 11750pa 15240va 15415va	9580pa 12080pa 17750as	9590pa 13630pa
	0900 0900	DRM	15240va 15415va Bhutan, BBS 6035as Bulgaria, World Radio Network		13865 e
0800			Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	6070na 6030na	
0800	0900		Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC		
	0900		China, China Radio Intl 15350as 15465as	11880as 17490eu	13710eu 17540as
	0900		Costa Rica, University Network	11870va	6150va
0800	0900		Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 15640af		9555af
0800	0900	DRM vl	Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Deutsche Welle Ghana, Ghana BC Corp	6140eu 21820af 3366do	4915do
0800 0800	0900	**	Guam, TWR/KTWR 11840as Guyana, Voice of 3291do	17665as 5950do	471500
	0900		Indonesia, Voice of 15150al	9525as	11785pa
0800 0800	0900 0900	as	Italy, IRRS 9310eu Liberia, Star Radio 9525af		
	0900 0900		Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Malaysia, Voice of 15295as	7295as	
0800 0800	0900 0900	DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	6095pa 7145pa	
	0900 0900		Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna	6050do 4770do	6090do
0800 0800	0900		Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Papua New Guinea, Catholic R		4990do 4960do
0800	0900 0900	vl	Papua New Guinea, NBC Papua New Guinea, Wantok R		7120va
	0900	DRM	Russia, Voice of 17495oc Russia, Voice of 15780eu	17635oc	21790oc
0800	0900 0900	irreg/ vl	Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do Singapore, MediaCorp Radio	6150do	05.45-1-
0800 0800	0900 0900	vl	Solomon Islands, SIBC South Korea, KBS World Radio 9640eu	5020do	9545do 9570as
0800 0800	0900 0900		Swaziland, TWR 6120af Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl	9500af 9610as	
0800			UK, BBC World Service 9740as 11760me	6190af 11940af	6195as 15310as
			15360as 15400af 17640af 17760as	15485af 17790as	15575me 17830af
0800	0900		17885af 21470af USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	21660as 4319usb 7812usb	5446usb 10320usb
0800	0900		12133usb 12759usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX	12579usb 5755na	
0800	0900 0900		USA, KNLS Anchor Point AK USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT	6150as 7505na	115/5
0800 0800 0800	0900 0900 0900		USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, WBOH Newport NC	9930as 5920am 5850va	11565as 7570va
0800	0900 0900 0900		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC	5860na 7315am	7495am
0800 0800 0800	0900 0900		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 5765na 5935na	9370na 3215na	5070na
0800 0800	0900 0900		USA, WWRB Manchester TN USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho	3185na bee FL	5985va
0800 0800	0900 0900	vl	6855va Vanuatu, Radio 4960do Zambia, Christian Voice	6065af	

0900 0900 0900	0900 0915 0927	vl	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Czech Rep, Radio Prague	5110na 3366do 9955am	7415na 4915do 9880eu
0900 0900 0900 0900	0930 0930 1000 1000	as	21745va Guam, TWR/KTWR 11840as USA, WRMI Miami FL Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do	9955am 6090am s	2310do
0900 0900	1000 1000		Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre		2325do
0900 0900	1000 1000		Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 9580pa 11880as 15240as	11955as 9590pa 15415va	11750pa
0900 0900 0900 0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	DRM	Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 17690oc	6070na 6030na 6160na	13865eu 17490eu
0900	1000		Costa Rica, University Network 7375va 9725va	5030va 11870va	6150va 13750va
0900 0900 0900 0900 0900 0900	1000	DRM as	Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Deutsche Welle Guyana, Voice of 3291do Italy, IRRS 9310eu Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	6140eu 21820af 5950do	9555af
0900 0900	1000 1000	vl	Malaysia, Voice of 15295as Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060do 6175do	3270do	3290do
0900 0900 0900 0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	DRM	6060do 6175do New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Papua New Guinea, Catholic F	6095pa 7145pa 6050do 4770do 3326do Radio	6090do 4990do 4960do
0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000	vl vl	Papua New Guinea, NBC Papua New Guinea, Wantok R Rwanda, Radio 6055do	4890do . Light	7120va
0900 0900	1000 1000	irreg/ vl	Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do Singapore, MediaCorp Radio	6150do	
0900 0900	1000 1000	vl	Solomon Islands, SIBC           UK, BBC World Service           9605as         9740as           15360as         15400af           17760as         17830af	5020do 6190af 11940af 15485af 17885af	9545do 6195as 15310as 17640af 21470af
0900 0900	1000 1000	f	UK, Bible Voice 17595va USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7812usb	5446usb 10320usb
0900 0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000		12133usb 12759usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI	12579usb 5755na 7505na 9930as	11565as
0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	5110na 5920am 5850na	7415na
0900 0900 0900	1000 1000 1000		USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	7315am 9370na 5070na	7520am 5765na
0900 0900	1000 1000		5935na 9985na USA, WWRB Manchester TN USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho	3185na	5985va
0900 0900	1000 1000	vl	6885va 9755va Vanuatu, Radio 4960do Zambia, Christian Voice	6065af	
0905 0930		s	Greece, Voice of 9420eu Israel, Kol Israel 13680eu	12120eu 15760eu	15630eu

#### 1000 UTC - 5AM EST / 4AM CST / 2AM PST

1000 1000	1015 1015	f as	UK, Bible Voice USA, WRMI Miami		9955am	
1000	1025	DRM	Germany, Deutsche	e Welle	21820af	
1000	1030		Mongolia, Voice of			
1000	1030		UK, BBC World Ser	vice	6195as	9690as
			9740as	15310as	15360as	17760as
			17790as	21660as		
1000	1059		New Zealand, Radi	io NZ Intl	6095pa	
1000	1100		Anguilla, University	/ Network	11775am	
1000	1100		Australia, ABC NT . 4835do	Alice Spring	s	2310do
1000	1100		Australia, ABC NT	Katherine	2485do	
1000	1100		Australia, ABC NT	Tennant Cre	ek	2325do
1000	1100		Australia, CVC Inte	ernational	11955as	

1100	1200		Germany, CVC The Voice Afric	α	9555af
1100 1100	1200 1200	1st a	Germany, Overcomer Ministrie Italy, IRRS 9310eu	es	6110eu
1100	1200	as	Japan, Radio Japan/NHK Worl	d	6120na
1100	1000		9695as 11730as	17705 (	21/05 (
1100 1100	1200 1200	vl	Libya, Voice of Africa Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	17725af 7295as	21695af
1100	1200		Malaysia, Voice of 15295as		
1100 1100	1200 1200		Netherlands, Radio	11675na	
1100	1200	DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	9870pa 7145pa	
1100	1200		Nigeria, Voice of 15120af	-	
1100 1100	1200 1200		Papua New Guinea, Catholic F Papua New Guinea, NBC	Radio 4890do	4960do
1100		vl	Papua New Guinea, Wantok R		7120va
1100	1200		Singapore, Radio Singapore In	ıtl	6080as
1100	1200		6150as South Africa, Channel Africa	9620af	
1100	1200		Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl	7445as	
1100	1200		UK, BBC World Service	6130sa	6195asas
			9660va 9740as 15575me 17760as	11865va 17790as	15310as
1100	1200		USA, American Forces Radio	4319usb	5446usb
			5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12759usb	7812usb 12579usb	10320usb
1100	1200		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX	5755na	
1100	1200		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT	7505na	
1100 1100	1200 1200		USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, WBOH Newport NC	9930as 5920am	11565as
1100	1200		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	5850na	
1100	1200		USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC	7520am	7555am
1100 1100	1200 1200		USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WTJC Newport NC	9265am 9370na	
1100	1200		USA, WWCR Nashville TN	5070na	5935na
1100	1000		15825na	2105	
1100 1100	1200 1200		USA, WWRB Manchester TN USA, WWRB Manchester TN	3185na 3185na	
1100	1200		USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho		5950va
1100	1200		5985va 7780va	9625va	
1100 1115	1200 1200	s	Zambia, Christian Voice USA, WRMI Miami FL	6065af 9955am	
1130	1159	а	Germany, Universal Life	6055me	
1130 1130	1200 1200	mtwhfa	Australia HCJB 15425as	9475va	9590va
1130	1200		Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa	11880va	15425as
1130	1200		Bulgaria, Radio 11700eu	15700eu	
1130 1130	1200 1200		Guam, AWR/KSDA 15435as UK, BBC World Service	6190af	11940af
1130	1200				
			15485af 17640af	17830af	17885af
			21470af		
1130 1157	1200 1200		21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio	15595va	17885at 17515va
1130 1157	1200 1200		21470af		
	1200	0 UTC -	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio	15595va 9935eu	17515va
1157	1200 <b>120</b>	0 UTC -	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio 7AM EST / 6AM CST	15595va 9935eu	17515va
	1200	0 UTC -	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CS1 France, Radio France Intl	15595va 9935eu	17515va
1157 1200 1200 1200	1200 1200 1230 1230 1230	O UTC -	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CST  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as	15595va 9935eu / <b>4AM</b> 17815af 15365as	17515va  PST 21620af
1157 1200 1200	1200 1200 1230 1230	O UTC -	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho	15595va 9935eu / <b>4AM</b> 17815af 15365as	17515va
1157 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259	0 UTC -	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CST  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl	15595va 9935eu / <b>4AM</b> 17815af 15365as	17515va  PST 21620af
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259		21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CST  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	15595va 9935eu <b>I / 4AM</b> 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa	17515va  PST 21620af 5950am
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1200 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259	O UTC -	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	15595va 9935eu 7 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300		21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CST  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network	15595va 9935eu 7 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1259		21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring	15595va 9935eu 7 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300		21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CST  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine	15595va 9935eu 7/4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300		21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CST  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Jenson State Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre	15595va 9935eu 7 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do eek	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300		21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, CVC International	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do sek 17860me	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300		21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CST  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Jenson State Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre	15595va 9935eu 7 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do eek	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl	15595va 9935eu 17 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do beek 17860me 9475va 11880va	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300	DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CBC NQ SW Service	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va
1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CST  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFXX Toronto ON Canada, CFXY Calgary AB	15595va 9935eu 17 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do beek 17860me 9475va 11880va	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do sek 17860me 9475va 11880va (29625na 6030na 6030na 6160na	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va
1157  1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 12	1200 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN Vancouver BC	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6070na 6030na 6160na 6160na	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CS  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFXY Toronto ON Canada, CFXY Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do sek 17860me 9475va 11880va (29625na 6030na 6030na 6160na	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va
1157  1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 12	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am is 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (29625na 6070na 6030na 6160na 9730as 13650eu	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu
1157  1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 12	1200 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CS  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFXY Toronto ON Canada, CFXY Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am is 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (29625na 6070na 6030na 6160na 9730as 13650eu	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9750pa 801garia, World Radio Networl Canada, CPCP Calgary AB Canada, CFXX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do sek 17860me 9475va 11880va (29625na 6030na 6160na 6160na 6160na 6160na 6160na 6160na 6160na 61725va	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CFR NG SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC The Voice Africa	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6070na 6160na 6160na 9730as 13650eu (9725va	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as 9555af
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300	DRM DRM	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9750pa 801garia, World Radio Networl Canada, CPCP Calgary AB Canada, CFXX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6070na 6160na 6160na 9730as 13650eu (9725va	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	DRM DRM as	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 8010garia, World Radio Networl Canada, CPC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Libya, Voice of Africa	15595va 9935eu 17 / 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6070na 6160na 6160na 9730as 13650eu (9725va	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as 9555af
1157  1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 12	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	DRM DRM as	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CFCN GNG SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CRZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN U Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, Overcomer Ministrie Italy, IRRS 15750af Libya, Voice of Africa 17680af 21695af	15595va 9935eu 17/4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6070na 6030na 6160na 9730as 13650eu (9725va 13860eu a	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as 9555af 13810eu
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	DRM DRM as	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI  France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 9580pa 8010garia, World Radio Networl Canada, CPC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Libya, Voice of Africa	15595va 9935eu 17 4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am s 2485do sek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6030na 6160na 6160na 9730as 13650eu ass	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as 9555af 13810eu
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	DRM DRM as	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CFC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 17680af 21695af Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Malaysia, Voice of 6175as Netherlands, Radio	15595va 9935eu 17/4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6070na 6030na 6160na 9730as 13650eu (9725va 13860eu a	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as 9555af 13810eu
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	DRM DRM as	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CFC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, Overcomer Ministrie Italy, IRRS 15750af Libya, Voice of Africa 17680af 21695af Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Malaysia, Voice of 15120af	15595va 9935eu 17/4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6070na 6030na 6160na 9730as 13650eu as 17670af 7295as 7240eu	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as 9555af 13810eu 17675af
1157 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1200 1230 1230 1230 1245 1259 1259 1259 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 1300 130	DRM DRM as	21470af Vatican City, Vatican Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio Greece, Macedonias Radio  7AM EST / 6AM CSI France, Radio France Intl Malaysia, Voice of 15295as UAE, AWR Africa 15140as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985am Canada, Radio Canada Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Poland, Radio Polonia Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl Canada, CFC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 11760oc 11980as 17490eu 17625af Costa Rica, University Network 13750va Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 17680af 21695af Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Malaysia, Voice of 6175as Netherlands, Radio	15595va 9935eu 17/4AM 17815af 15365as bee FL 9660as 9870pa 7145pa 9525eu 11775am ss 2485do eek 17860me 9475va 11880va (9625na 6070na 6030na 6160na 9730as 13650eu as 17670af 7295as 7240eu	PST 21620af 5950am 15170as 11850eu 2310do 2325do 9590va 13865eu 9760oc 13790eu 11870va 17830as 9555af 13810eu

1000 1000	1100 1100		Australia, HCJB 15400as Australia, Radio 9580pa 15240as 15400as	15540as 9590pa 15415va	11880as
1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100	DRM	Bulgaria, World Radio Networ Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl	k 6070na 6030na 6160na	13865eu 17490eu
1000 1000	1100 1100		Costa Rica, University Networ 7375va 9725va Germany, CVC The Voice Afric	k 5030va 11870va ca	6150va 13750va 9555af
1000	1100		Guyana, Voice of 3291do India, All India Radio 15410as 17510as	5950do 13695oc 17800as	15020as 17895oc
1000 1000	1100 1100	as	Italy, IRRS 9310eu Japan, Radio Japan/NHK Wor 9695as 11730as 21755oc	·ld 17585va	6120na 17720me
1000 1000 1000	1100 1100 1100		Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Malaysia, Voice of 15295as Netherlands, Radio	7295as 12065as	13710as
1000 1000	1100 1100	DRM DRM	13820as Netherlands, Radio New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	7240eu 7145pa	
1000	1100		Nigeria, Voice of 15120af North Korea, Voice of Korea 9335ca 9850as	6185as	6285am
1000 1000 1000 1000	1100 1100 1100 1100	vl	Papua New Guinea, Catholic Papua New Guinea, NBC Papua New Guinea, Wantok F Singapore, MediaCorp Radio	4890do	4960do 7120va
1000 1000 1000	1100 1100 1100	vl	Solomon Islands, SIBC South Africa, Channel Africa UK, BBC World Service	5020do 9620af 6190af	9545do 11940af
1000 1000	1100 1100	as	15485af 15575me UK, BBC World Service USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	15400af 4319usb 7812usb	5446usb 10320usb
1000 1000 1000	1100 1100 1100		12133usb 12759usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KNLS Anchor Point AK USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT	12579usb 5755na 6150as 7505na	
1000 1000 1000	1100 1100 1100		USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	9930as 5110na 5920am	11565as 7415na
1000 1000 1000 1000	1100 1100 1100 1100		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WTJC Newport NC	5850na 7520am 9265am 9370na	7555am
1000	1100		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 5935na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	5070na 3185na	5765na
1000	1100 1100		USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 5985va 6855va Zambia, Christian Voice	obee FL 9755va 6065af	5950va
1030 1030 1030	1045 1057 1058	mtwhf	Ethiopia, Radio 5990af Czech Rep, Radio Prague Vietnam, Voice of 7285as	7110af 9880eu	9704af 11665va
1030 1030	1100 1100		Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UK, BBC World Service 15310as 17760as	15600as 6195as 17790as	17660as 9740as
1059	1100		New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	9870pa	

#### 1100 UTC - 6AM EST / 5AM CST / 3AM PST

TTO	o oic -	GAIVI ESI / 5	AIVI CS	/ JAIVI	PSI
1127 1128				15600as 7220as	17600as 7285as
1130				0.475	9590va
1130		9580pa 15540as	9590pa	11880va	15240va
1130				6190af	11940af 17830af
		17885af	21470af	1704001	1763001
1145		9755va		bee FL	9550va
	S			6055me	
1200		4835do			2310do
					2325do
		Australia, CVC Inte	ernational	13635as	
	DRM	Bulgaria, World Ro	ıdio Networl	k	13865eu
	as				
1200		Canada, CKZN St	John's NF	6160na	
1200		Canada, CKZU Va	ncouver BC	6160na	
1200		China, China Radi 13650eu	o Intl 17490eu	6040na	11750na
1200		Costa Rica, Univer 7375va	sity Network 9725va	c5030va 11870va	6150va 13750va
	1127 1128 1130 1130 1130 1145 1159 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	1127 1128 1130 1130 1130 1145 1159 s 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 DRM 1200 as 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200	1127	1127	1128

	1200 1300 1200 1300 vl 1200 1300	Papua New Guinea, NBC 4890d Papua New Guinea, Wantok R. Light Singapore, Radio Singapore Intl 6150as	o 7120va 6080as	1300 1400   1300 1400   1300 1400 vl   1300 1400	Papua New Guinea, Catholic Radio Papua New Guinea, NBC 4890do Papua New Guinea, Wantok R. Light Singapore, Radio Singapore Intl	4960do 7120va 6080as
	1200 1300 1200 1300	South Korea, KBS World Radio Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl 7130n	9650na	1300 1400	6150as South Korea, KBS World Radio	9570na
	1200 1300	UK, BBC World Service 6190a 9660va 9740va 9750a 11940af 15310as 15485 17640af 17760as 17790	f 6195as f 11865va af 15575me	1300 1400	9770na UK, BBC World Service 6190af 9740as 11760me 11940af 15310as 15420af 15485af	6195as 12095eu 15565eu
	1200 1300 1200 1300	17885af 21470af Ukraine, Radio Ukraine Intl 9950e USA, American Forces Radio 4319u 5765usb 6350usb 7812u 12133usb 12759usb 12579	sb 5446usb sb 10320usb	1300 1400	15575me 17640va 17760as 17830af 17885af 21470af USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 7812usb 12133usb 12759usb 12579usb	17790as 5446usb 10320usb
	1200 1300 1200 1300 1200 1300 1200 1300 1200 1300	USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KNLS Anchor Point AK USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America 9760va 11750va	a s a as 12130as	1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 wf 1300 1400	USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI USA, Voice of America USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC 5725na 7505na	9760va
	1200 1300 1200 1300 1200 1300 1200 1300	USA, WBOH Newport NC 5920a USA, WEWN Birmingham AL 5850n USA, WHRA Greenbush ME 15665 USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 9495a	a na	1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400	USA, WEWN Birmingham AL 5850na USA, WHRA Greenbush ME 15665na USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 9840am 12050am	11785am
Ш	1200 1300 1200 1300 1200 1300	12050am USA, WINB Red Lion PA 13570 USA, WTJC Newport NC 9370n USA, WWCR Nashville TN 7465n	a	1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400	USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na	9985na
	1200 1300 1200 1300	13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 3185n USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL 17750am	a 17555am	1300 1400 1300 1400	USA, WWRB Manchester TN 9385na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL 11520va 11560va 11830va 11910va 17750va	9415eu 11865va
15	1200 1300 1205 1220 m 1205 1230 as	Zambia, Christian Voice 6065a Austria, Radio Austria Intl 6155e 17715as Austria, Radio Austria Intl 6155e	u 13730eu	1300 1400 1330 1400 s 1330 1400 s 1330 1400 twhfa	Zambia, Christian Voice 6065af Australia, HCJB 15435as Australia, Radio 15435as Guam, AWR/KSDA15275as	
(L)	1215 1230 twhf 1215 1300	17715va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as	va	1330 1400 1330 1400	Guam, TWR/KTWR 9585as India, All India Radio 9690as 13710as	11620as
Ιω	1230 1258 1230 1300 1230 1300 1230 1300	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar 7185a Sweden, Radio 13580va 15240 Thailand, Radio 9835va	s Ina 15735va	1330 1400 1330 1400 1330 1400	Laos, National Radio 7145as Sweden, Radio 15240na 15735va Turkey, Voice of 11735as 12035eu	
	1235 1300 as	Austria, Radio Austria Intl 6155e 17715va		1400 UTC -	9AM EST / 8AM CST / 6AM	PST
A	1245 1300 twh 1255 1258 1259 1300	Austria, Radio Austria Intl 17715va Finland, YLE/Radio Finland New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 7145p	do 15400do	1400 1415 1400 1415	Russia, FEBA 9500as Seychelles, FEBA 9500va	
	1259 1300 DRM			1400 1427 1400 1430	Czech Rep, Radio Prague 7385na Australia, Radio 5995pa 6080pa	7420va
	1259 1300 DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p	a	1400 1427 1400 1430 1400 1430 DRM	Czech Rep, Radio Prague       7385na         Australia, Radio       5995pa       6080pa         9590pa       11750as       9815eu         Canada, Radio Canada Intl       9815eu	7420va
	1300 UTC -	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A	a	1400 1430 1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1430	Australia, Radio 5995pa 6080pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Thailand, Radio 9830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as 12035eu	
WLYG	1300 UTC - 1300 1315 w 1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB Australia, Radio 15435as 15435as	a	1400 1430 1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430	Australia, Radio 5995pa 6080pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Thailand, Radio 9830va 9815eu	
A L D R T W	1300 UTC - 1300 1315 w 1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 DRM 1300 1350 s 1300 1356	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  **SAM** EST / 7AM** CST / 5A**  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague 13580 Australia, HCJB 15400as Australia, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 7240e Italy, IRRS 15750as Romania, Radio Romania Intl 11845	M PST  as 17540na  u  eu 15105eu	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1430 1400 1500 1400 1500 DRM 1400 1500 as	Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio 8830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Canada, Radio Canada Intl Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Canada, CKZU Canada Intl Canada, Radio Canada Intl	
WLACHO	1300 UTC -  1300 1315 w 1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 DRM 1300 1350 s 1300 1356 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague Australia, Radio 15400as Australia, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 15400as Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9580pa 9590pa	MM PST  as 17540na  u  ieu 15105eu  am  ime a 9560pa	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM  1400 1430  1400 1500  1400 1500 DRM  1400 1500 DRM  1400 1500 as  1400 1500  1400 1500  1400 1500  1400 1500	Australia, Radio 9595pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Thailand, Radio 9830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFXV Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFXV Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 11675as 11765as 13710na 13740na 13790na	11540eu 13655am 9560as 13685af
WLACIO	1300 UTC - 1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 DRM 1300 1350 s 1300 1356 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  SAM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague Australia, Rdio 15400as Australia, Rdio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 7240e Italy, IRRS 15750as Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 6020p	M PST  as 17540na  u  eu 15105eu am me a 9560pa 13865eu	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500 DRM 1400 1500 as 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500	Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio 9830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CKZN St John's NF 6160na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 6100af 11675as 11765as 9815eu	11540eu 13655am 9560as 13685af
WIRDER	1300 UTC -  1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 DRM 1300 1350 s 1300 1356 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague 13580 Australia, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 15400as Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBC NQ SW Service 9625n Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070n Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6030n Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160n Canada, Radio Canada Intl 9515a	M PST  as 17540na  u 15105eu am  me a 9560pa  13865eu aa	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM  1400 1430  1400 1500  1400 1500  1400 1500 DRM  1400 1500	Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio Canada Intl 71 9815eu Thailand, Radio 9830va 12035eu Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International 8ulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFXV Calgary AB 6030na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 11675as 13710na 13740na 13740na 13750va France, Radio France Intl 21620as Germany, CVC The Voice Africa	11540eu 13655am 9560as 13685af 17490eu 11870va 15690as
WLYCIO	1300 UTC -  1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 DRM 1300 1350 s 1300 1356 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague Australia, Rdio 15400as Australia, Rdio 15400as Australia, Rdio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 7240e Italy, IRRS 15750as Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFC NQ SW Service Canada, CFCN Q SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070n Canada, CFX Toronto ON 6030n Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 17800ar 11900oc 11900oc	M PST  as 17540na  u eu 15105eu am ae a 9560pa 13865eu aa aa aa m 13655am a 9650pa	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1430 1400 1500 1400 1500 DRM 1400 1500 as 1400 1500	Australia, Radio 9595pa 9590pa 11750as 20 9590pa 20 9590	11540eu 13655am 9560as 13685af 17490eu 11870va 15690as 15795as
WLYCIS	1300 UTC -  1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1350 s 1300 1356 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague Australia, HCJB 15400as Australia, HCJB 15400as Australia, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 7240e Italy, IRRS 15750as Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, Radio 5995pa 6020p 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFCV Calgary AB 6030n Canada, CFVP Calgary AB 6030n Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 11760c 11900c 15260na 17490eu Costa Rica, University Network 9725v 13750va	M PST  as 17540na  u  eu 15105eu am ne a 9560pa 13865eu a an 13655am a 9650pa 13790eu a 11870va	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1430 1400 1500 1400 1500 DRM 1400 1500 as 1400 1500	Australia, Radio 9595pa 9590pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Thailand, Radio 9830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as 12035eu Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB 6030na Canada, CFVP Calgary AB 6030na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, Chanada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 1675as 13710na 13740na 13790na 17650eu Costa Rica, University Network 9725va 13750va France, Radio France Intl 21620as Germany, CVC International 13860eu Germany, CVC International 13860eu Germany, Deutsche Welle 6140eu Germany, Overcomer Ministries Greece, Voice of 9420eu 15630eu Gum, TWR/KTWR 9975as India, All India Radio 9690as	13655am 9560as 13685af 17490eu 11870va 15690as 15795as 9555af
WLACIO.	1300 UTC -  1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 DRM 1300 1350 s 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague 13580 Australia, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 15750as Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, Radio 5995pa 6020p 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBC NQ SW Service 9625n Canada, CFXP Calgary AB 6030n Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160n Canada, CKZU Vancouve	M PST  as 17540na  u eu 15105eu am line a 9560pa 13865eu a a a line a 9650pa 13790eu a 11870va 17830as 9555af	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1430 1400 1500 1400 1500 DRM 1400 1500 as 1400 1500	Australia, Radio 9595pa 9590pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Thailand, Radio 9830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as 12035eu Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFRY Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFVP Calgary AB 6030na Canada, CKZN St John's NF 6160na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 11675as 11765as 11775as 11775as 13710na 13740na 13790na 17650eu Costa Rica, University Network 9725va 13750va France, Radio France Intl 21620as Germany, CVC International 13860eu Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Germany, Deutsche Welle 6140eu Germany, Overcomer Ministries Greece, Voice of 9420eu Germany, Overcomer Ministries Greece, Voice of 9420eu Germany, Overcomer Ministries Greece, Voice of 9420eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 9975as India, All India Radio 13710as Italy, IRRS 9310eu Japan, Radio Japan/NHK World 11730as 11840oc	11540eu 13655am 9560as 13685af 17490eu 11870va 15690as 15795as 9555af 17810me
WIRDER	1300 UTC -  1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1356 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague 13580 Australia, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 7240e Italy, IRRS 15750as Romania, Radio Romania Intl 11845 Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International 7880 Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CERX Toronto ON 6070n Canada, CFVP Calgary AB 6030n Canada, CKZN St John's NF 6160n Canada, Radio Canada Intl 9515a 17800am China, China Radio Intl 9570n 11760oc 11900oc 11980 15260na 17490eu Costa Rica, University Network 9725v 13750va Germany, CVC International 13860 Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Germany, Overcomer Ministries Jordan, Radio 11690na Libya, Voice of Africa 17690a	MM PST  as 17540na  u  eu 15105eu  am  ime a 9560pa 13865eu a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500 DRM 1400 1500 ds 1400 1500	Australia, Radio 9595pa 9590pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio P830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as 12035eu Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBRX Toronto ON Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 11675as 11775as 13710na 13740na 13790na 17650eu Costa Rica, University Network 9725va 13750va France, Radio France Intl Germany, CVC International Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Overcomer Ministries Greece, Voice of 9420eu Gaum, TWR/KTWR 9975as India, All India Radio 13710as 11840oc Jordan, Radio Japan, Radio Japan, Radio Japan, Radio Japan, Radio Japan, Radio Japan, Radio I1690na Libya, Voice of Africa 7295as 7295as	11540eu 13655am 9560as 13685af 17490eu 11870va 15690as 15795as 9555af 17810me
WIRDIN	1300 UTC -  1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 DRM 1300 1350 s 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095p  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague 13580 Australia, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 7240e Italy, IRRS 15750as Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International 17860 Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBC NQ SW Service 9625n Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070n Canada, CFXV Calgary AB 6030n Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160n Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160n Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160n Canada, China Radio Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 9570n 11760oc 11900oc 15260na 17490eu Costa Rica, University Network 9725v 13750va 6140e Germany, CVC International 13860 Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Germany, Overcomer Ministries Jordan, Radio 11690na	M PST  as 17540na  u eu 15105eu am me a 9560pa 13865eu a 13655am a 9650pa 13790eu a 11870va 11870va 1280as 9555af u 13810eu af 17675af	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500 DRM 1400 1500	Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Thailand, Radio 9830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as 12035eu Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBC NQ SW Service 9625na Canada, CFX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CRZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am 11675as 11765as 11775as 13710na 13740na 13790na 17650eu Costa Rica, University Network 9725va 13750va France, Radio France Intl 21620as Germany, Bible Voice BC Network Germany, CVC International 13860eu Germany, CVC International 13860eu Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Gerece, Voice of 9420eu 15630eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 9975as India, All India Radio 13710as 13710as 11840oc Jordan, Radio Japan/NHK World 11730as 11840oc Libya, Voice of Africa 17725af	11540eu 13655am 9560as 13685af 17490eu 11870va 15690as 15795as 9555af 17810me 11620as 7200as
WIRDIN	1300 UTC -  1300 1315 w 1300 1327 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 1300 1330 DRM 1300 1350 s 1300 1400	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl  8AM EST / 7AM CST / 5A  Australia, HCJB 15405as Australia, Radio 15435as Czech Rep, Radio Prague 13580 Australia, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17835as Netherlands, Radio 15400as Egypt, Radio Cairo 17850as Romania, Radio Romania Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 6020p 9580pa 9590pa Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CBC NQ SW Service 9625n Canada, CFX Toronto ON 6070n Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160n Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160n Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 9570n 11760oc 11900oc 11980 15260na 17490eu Costa Rica, University Network 9725v 13750va Germany, CVC International 13860 Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Germany, Deutsche Welle 6140e Germany, Overcomer Ministries Jordan, Radio 11690na Libya, Voice of Africa 17680af 21695af Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM 7295a	MM PST  as 17540na  u leu 15105eu lam lime a 9560pa 13865eu a 13655am la 9650pa 13790eu a 11870va 17830as 9555af u 13810eu laf 17675af ls	1400 1430  1400 1430 DRM 1400 1430 1400 1500 1400 1500 1400 1500 DRM 1400 1500 as 1400 1500	Australia, Radio 5995pa 9590pa 9590pa 11750as Canada, Radio Canada Intl Thailand, Radio 9830va Turkey, Voice of 11735as 12035eu Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFVP Calgary AB 6030na Canada, CKZN St John's NF 6160na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, Radio Canada Intl 17800am China, China Radio Intl 11675as 11765as 11775as 13710na 13740na 13740na 13750va France, Radio France Intl 21620as Germany, CVC International 13860eu Germany, CVC The Voice BC Network Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Germany, Deutsche Welle 6140eu Germany, Overcomer Ministries Greece, Voice of 9420eu 15630eu Guam, TWR/KTWR 9975as India, All India Radio 9690as 13710as Italy, IRRS 9310eu Japan, Radio Japan/NHK World 11730as 11840oc Jordan, Radio 11690na Libya, Voice of Africa (7295as Netherlands, Radio 9345as	13655am 9560as 13685af 17490eu 11870va 15690as 15795as 9555af 17810me 11620as 7200as 17850af

1400 1500			1600	Malaysia, Voice of 6175as	0245	0900
1400 1500	9745as 11755as 12055as 1 17645as Singapore, MediaCorp Radio 6150do		1600 1600	Netherlands, Radio 11835as New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	9345as 7145pa	9890as
1400 1500 1400 1500	South Africa, Channel Africa 9620af Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl 15265as		1600 DRM 1600	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl North Korea, Voice of Korea	6095pa 7570eu	9335na
1400 1500	UK, BBC World Service 6190af 6	6195as 12095eu 1500	1600 vl	11710na 12015eu Papua New Guinea, Wantok R	13760eu	15245eu 7120va
	15485va 15565eu 15575me 1	17640va 1500	1600	Russia, Voice of 4965me	4975me	7370eu
	17760as 17790as 17830af 2 21660af	1500	1600	9660as 7300eu Singapore, MediaCorp Radio	9810eu 6150do	43.05
1400 1500as 1400 1500		5446usb   1500	1600	UK, BBC World Service 9740as 11750as	5975as 12095eu	6195as 15310as
	5765usb 6350usb 7812usb 1 12133usb 12759usb 12579usb	10320usb   1500	1600 vl/ mtwhf	15485eu 15565eu UK, Sudan Radio Service	17640va 15575af	17790as
1400 1500 1400 1500	USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 13815na USA, KJES Vado NM 11715na		1600	USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7812usb	5446usb 10320usb
1400 1500 1400 1500	USA, KNLS Anchor Point AK 6150as USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT 7505na	1500	1600		12579usb 13815na	.002000
1400 1500	USA, KWHR Naalehu HI 9930as	1500	1600	USA, KJES Vado NM	11715na	
1400 1500 1400 1500	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 9330na	1500	1600 1600	USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, KWHR Naalehu HI	7505na 9930as	
1400 1500 1400 1500	USA, WBOH Newport NC 5920am USA, WEWN Birmingham AL 9955na	1500	1600	USA, Voice of America 9590va 9760va	6080af 12040va	7125va 12150va
1400 1500 1400 1500	USA, WHRA Greenbush ME 17650na USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 9840am	11785am		13735va 13795va 15580af 17895af	15105va	15550va
1400 1500	12050am USA, WINB Red Lion PA 13570am	1500	1600 1600	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC	9330na 5920am	
1400 1500	USA, WRMI Miami FL 7385am	1500	1600	USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	9955na 17650na	
1400 1500 1400 1500			1600 1600	USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC		11785am
1400 1500	13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 9385na		1600	13760am USA, WINB Red Lion PA	13570am	
1400 1500			1600 smtwhf 1600	USA, WMLK Bethel PA USA, WRMI Miami FL	9265eu 7385am	
1400 1500	13695va 17750va Zambia, Christian Voice 6065af		1600 1600	USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9370na 9985na	12160na
1415 1430	Nepal, Radio 3230as 5005as 6 7165as	6100as 1500	1600	13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	9385na	11915na
1430 1459 s 1430 1500	UK, Bible Voice 12005as		1600	USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 11830va 11910va		6280va 17750va
1430 1500 DRM	9475pa 9590pa 11660va 1	11750va   1500	1600 1600 f DRM	Zambia, Christian Voice Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl	4965af 9770eu	1775014
1430 1300 DKW	Souli Roled, RBS World Rudio	1505	1520 m	Austria, Radio Austria Intl	13775am	
1500 UTC	- 10AM EST / 9AM CST / 7AM	<b>PST</b> 1515	1530 as 1530 twhf	Austria, Radio Austria Intl Austria, Radio Austria Intl	13775am 13775am	
		- 12.30	1559 smhf	UK, Bible Voice 15680as	13840al	
1500 1510 mtwhfa	Turkmenistan, Turkmen Radio 5015eu	1530	1600	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar	4753as	
1500 1528	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 1 13860va	1530 12020va 1530 1530	1600 1600 mh 1600 s	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netv Germany, Bible Voice BC Netv	4753as vork vork	15680as 13590me
1500 1528 1500 1530 s 1500 1530	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 1 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu 9 Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu	1530 12020va 1530 1530 9690eu 1530 1530	1600 1600 mh 1600 s 1600 1600	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as	4753as vork vork 7370as	13590me 9635as
1500 1528 1500 1530 s	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu 9 Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 15400af 15420af	1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530	1600 1600 mh 1600 s 1600	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netv Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af	4753as vork vork	13590me
1500 1528 1500 1530 s 1500 1530	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu 9 Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 15400af 15420af	12020va 1530 1530 1530 9690eu 1530 1530 11690af 1530 15485af 21660af	1600 1600 mh 1600 s 1600 1600	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af	13590me 9635as 11940af
1500 1528 1500 1530 s 1500 1530 1500 1530	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu 9695af 10400af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af UK, Bible Voice 13840as	1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 15485af 21660af 1530 1530	1600 1600 mh 1600 s 1600 1600	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af
1500 1528 1500 1530 s 1500 1530 1500 1530 1500 1530 fs 1500 1545	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu 9695af 11940af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af 20K, Bible Voice 13840as Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 15715af Russia, FEBA 7320as	12020va 1530 1530 1530 9690eu 1530 1530 1530 15485af 21660af 1530 9555af 1535	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 l 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 160	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 1500 1530  1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 1540af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af 2 UK, Bible Voice 13840as Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 15715af Russia, FEBA 7320as Seychelles, FEBA 7320va UK, Bible Voice 15690as	1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 15485af 21660af 1535 1530 9555af 1535 1540 1540	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 mtwhf 1600 mtwhf	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 1500 1530  1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu 9695af 1940af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af 17640af 17830af 21470af 15715af Russia, FEBA 7320va UK, Bible Voice 15690as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL South Africa, Channel Africa 17770af	12020va   1530 1530 1530 1530   1530 1530   1530 15485af 21660af   1530 9555af   1535 1540 1540 1545 15770va   1545	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 mtwhf 1600 t	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 1500 1530  1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1555 1500 1557	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 1540af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af 2 UK, Bible Voice 13840as Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 15715af Russia, FEBA 7320as Seychelles, FEBA 7320va UK, Bible Voice 15690as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL South Africa, Channel Africa 17770af Canada, Radio Canada Intl 11675as 17720as	1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 15485af 21660af 1535 1535 1540 1540 1540 1545 15770va	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 160	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va 13590me
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 1500 1530  1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu 9695af 1940af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af 20470af 2	12020va   1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 mtwhf 1600 t 1600 mtwhf 1600 a	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me  11AM EST / 10AM CS Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork 13755am	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va 13590me
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 1500 1530  1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1555 1500 1557	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 1540af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af	1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 1530 15485af 21660af 1535 1540 1545 1545 1545 1545 1545 1545 154	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 160	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me 11AM EST / 10AM CS  Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Pakistan, Radio 9380va 15725va	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork 13755am	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va 13590me
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1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 s 1500 1530  1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1557  1500 1557  1500 1559 1500 1559 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600 1500 1600	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu 9695af 11940af 15400af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af	12020va   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1535   1540   1545	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 160	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice BC Netw Pakistan, Radio 9380va 15725va Seychelles, FEBA 9850va UK, BBC World Service 12095af 15105af 17830af 17885af UK, Bible Voice 13590me Moldova, Radio DMR Pridnestr Czech Rep, Radio Prague Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep Vietnam, Voice of T280va 11630va 13860va Guam, AWR/KSDA 11640as Jordan, Radio 11690na Myanmar, Radio 9730do Moldova, Radio DMR Pridnestr UK, Bible Voice 13590me USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecha USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecha 11865va 17750va	4753as vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork 13755am vork 11570va 3255af 15400af 21470af 21470af 2009 3255af 1680as 3255af 325af	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va 13590me 13590me 12105va 6190af 15485af 21660af 5965eu 17485af 9635as 9730va
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 s 1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 a 1500 1545 a 1500 1545 a 1500 1557  1500 1557  1500 1559 1500 1559 1500 1559 1500 1600	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 15400af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af UK, Bible Voice 13840as Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 15715af Russia, FEBA 7320va UK, Bible Voice 15690as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL South Africa, Channel Africa 17770af Canada, Radio Canada Intl 11675as 17720as China, China Radio Intl 6100af 9800as 11965eu 13640eu 13740na 17490eu Canada, Radio Canada Intl 9515as 17800as South Africa, Channel Africa 9620af UK, Bible Voice 15680as Anguilla, University Network 11775am Australia, CVC International 15795as Australia, Radio 5995pa 6080pa 9475pa 9590pa 11660va Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Costa Rica, University Network 9725va 13750va France, Radio France Intl 17850af Germany, Bible Voice BC Network Germany, CVC International 15795as Germany, Deutsche Welle 6140eu	12020va   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1535   1540   1545	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 160	Bargladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Service 13590me UK, Bible Voice BC Netw Pakistan, Radio 9380va 15725va Seychelles, FEBA 9850va UK, BBC World Service 12095af 15105af 17830af 17885af UK, Bible Voice 13590me Moldova, Radio DMR Pridnestr Czech Rep, Radio Prague Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep Vietnam, Voice of T280va 11630va 13860va Guam, AWR/KSDA 11640as Jordan, Radio 11690na Myanmar, Radio MR Pridnestr UK, Bible Voice 13590me USA, WYFR/Family R Okeeche 11865va 17750va Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International	4753as vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork 13755am vork 11570va 3255af 15400af 21470af 21470af 21470af 21470af 21470af 21470as 9550va 11680as 20vye 20bee FL 11775am 15795as	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va 13590me 13590me 12105va 6190af 15485af 21660af 5965eu 17485af 9635as 9730va
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 s 1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1555 1500 1557  1500 1557  1500 1559 1500 1559 1500 1600	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 15400af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af 21470af 215715af	12020va   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1535   1540   1545	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 160	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice BC Netw Pakistan, Radio 9380va 15725va Seychelles, FEBA 9850va UK, BBC World Service 12095af 15105af 17830af 17885af UK, Bible Voice 13590me Moldova, Radio DMR Pridnestr Czech Rep, Radio Prague Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep Vietnam, Voice of T280va 11630va 13860va Guam, AWR/KSDA 11640as Jordan, Radio 11690na Myanmar, Radio MR Pridnestr UK, Bible Voice 13590me USA, WYFK-Family R Okeecha 11865va 17750va Anguilla, University Network	4753as vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork 13755am  ST / SAI vork 11570va 3255af 15400af 21470af 21470af 21470af 21470af 21470as 9550va 11680as 20vye 20bee FL 11775am	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va 13590me 13590me 12105va 6190af 15485af 21660af 5965eu 17485af 9635as 9730va
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 s 1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1557  1500 1557  1500 1557  1500 1559 1500 1559 1500 1559 1500 1600	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 15400af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af UK, Bible Voice 13840as Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 15715af Russia, FEBA 7320va UK, Bible Voice 15690as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL South Africa, Channel Africa 17770af Canada, Radio Canada Intl 11675as 17720as China, China Radio Intl 9800as 11965eu 13640eu 13740na 17490eu Canada, Radio Canada Intl 9515as 17800as South Africa, Channel Africa 9620af UK, Bible Voice 15680as Anguilla, University Network 11775am Australia, CVC International 15795as Australia, Radio 5995pa 6080pa 9475pa 9590pa 11660va Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Canada, Chiversity Network 9725va 13750va France, Radio France Intl 17850af Germany, Bible Voice BC Network Germany, CVC International 15795as Germany, Deutsche Welle 6140eu Germany, Overcomer Ministries Japan, Radio Japan/NHK World 7200as 9505va 11730as	12020va   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1535   1540   1540   1545	1600 mh 1600 s 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 160	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me UK, Bible Voice 13590me UK, Bible Voice 13590me UK, Bible Voice 13590me UK, Bible Voice BC Netw Pakistan, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me UK, Bible Voice 13590me UK, Bible Voice BC Netw Pakistan, Radio 9380va 15725va Seychelles, FEBA 9850va UK, BBC World Service 12095af 15105af 17830af 17885af UK, Bible Voice 13590me Moldova, Radio DMR Pridnestr Czech Rep, Radio Prague Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep Vietnam, Voice of T280va 11630va 13860va Guam, AWR/KSDA 11640as Jordan, Radio 11690na Myanmar, Radio 9730do Moldova, Radio DMR Pridnestr UK, Bible Voice 13590me USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecha 11865va 17750va Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475pa 9710pa Bulgaria, World Radio Network	4753as vork vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork 13755am vork 11570va 3255af 15400af 21470af 2	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va 13590me 13590me 12105va 6190af 15485af 21660af 5965eu 17485af 9635as 9730va
1500 1528  1500 1530 s 1500 1530 s 1500 1530 fs 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1545 1500 1555 1500 1557  1500 1557  1500 1559 1500 1559 1500 1600	Vietnam, Voice of 9550va 9840va 13860va Hungary, Radio Budapest 6025eu Mongolia, Voice of 12015eu UK, BBC World Service 9695af 11940af 15400af 15420af 17640af 17830af 21470af UK, Bible Voice 13840as Germany, CVC The Voice Africa 15715af Russia, FEBA 7320va UK, Bible Voice 15690as USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL South Africa, Channel Africa 17770af Canada, Radio Canada Intl 11675as 17720as China, China Radio Intl 6100af 9800as 11965eu 13640eu 13740na 17490eu Canada, Radio Canada Intl 9515as 17800as South Africa, Channel Africa 9620af UK, Bible Voice 15680as Anguilla, University Network 11775am Australia, Radio 5995pa 6080pa 9475pa 9590pa 11660va Bulgaria, World Radio Network Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CFRX Toronto ON 6070na Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na Costa Rica, University Network 9725va 13750va France, Radio France Intl 17850af Germany, Bible Voice BC Network Germany, CVC International 15795as Germany, Deutsche Welle 6140eu Germany, Overcomer Ministries Japan, Radio Japan/NHK World 7200as 9505va 11730as Jordan, Radio 11690na	12020va   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1530   1535   1540   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1545   1600   17850af   1600   17850af   1600   17850af   1600   17850af   1600   17850af   17850a	1600 mh 1600 mh 1600 s 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 1600 160	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep UAE, AWR Africa 15225as UK, BBC World Service 15400af 15485af 21470af 21660af Vatican City, Vatican Radio 15235va Austria, Radio Austria Intl Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice 13590me Austria, Radio Austria Intl UK, Bible Voice BC Netw Pakistan, Radio 9380va 15725va Seychelles, FEBA 9850va UK, BBC World Service 12095af 15105af 17830af 17885af UK, Bible Voice 13590me Noldova, Radio DMR Pridnestr Czech Rep, Radio Prague Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep Vietnam, Voice of T280va 11630va 13860va Guam, AWR/KSDA 11640as Jordan, Radio 11690na Myanmar, Radio 17590me USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechc USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechc USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechc 11865va 17750va Anguilla, University Network Australia, CVC International Australia, Radio 5995pa 9475pa 9710pa	4753as vork vork vork 7370as 6190af 17640af 12065va 13755am vork 13755am vork 11570va 3255af 15400af 21470af 2	13590me 9635as 11940af 17830af 13765va 13590me 13590me 12105va 6190af 15485af 21660af 5965eu 17485af 9635as 9730va 5965eu 11830va

1600	1700	Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC 6160na		1700 1800		Canada, CKZN St John's NF	6160na	
	1700	China, China Radio Intl 6100af	9570af	1700 1800		Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC		
1000	1700	11900af 11940eu 11865eu		1700 1800		China, China Radio Intl	9570af	9600eu
		17490eu	1070000	1700 1000		11900af 11940eu	13760eu	700000
1600	1700	Costa Rica, University Network 11870va	13750va	1700 1800		Costa Rica, University Network		13750va
1600		Egypt, Radio Cairo 11740af	1075014	1700 1800		Egypt, Radio Cairo 11740af	(1107014	1075014
	1700	Ethiopia, Radio 5990af 7110af	7165af	1700 1800	as	Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw	vork	13590me
	1700	9560af 9704af	7 10001	1700 1800	us	Germany, CVC The Voice Afric		15715af
1600	1700	France, Radio France Intl 7170af	11615af	1700 1800	f	Italy, IRRS 9310va		
1000	1700	15160af 15605af 17605af	1101501	1700 1800		Italy, IRRS 9310va		
1600	1700	Germany, CVC International 15795as		1700 1800	•	Japan, Radio Japan/NHK Worl	ld	9535na
	1700	Germany, CVC The Voice Africa	15715af	1700 1000		11970eu 15355af		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	1700	Germany, Deutsche Welle 6170as	9485as	1700 1800	DRM	Japan, Radio Japan/NHK Wor	ld	9770eu
		15705as	, .0000	1700 1800		Japan, Radio Japan/NHK Wor		9535va
1600	1700 f	Italy, IRRS 9310va		1700 1000		11970eu 15355af		,000.4
	1700 s	Italy, IRRS 9310eu		1700 1800		Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	7295as	
	1700	Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM 7295as		1700 1800		Malaysia, Voice of 6175as	727503	
	1700	Malaysia, Voice of 6175as		1700 1800		Nigeria, Voice of 15120af		
	1700	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 7145pa		1700 1800	vl	Papua New Guinea, Wantok R	Light	7120va
	1700 DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl 6095pa		1700 1800	*1	Russia, Voice of 7370eu	9405as	9890eu
	1700 DKW	North Korea, Voice of Korea 9990va	11545va	1700 1000		11510af 11985af	740Jus	707060
1600		Papua New Guinea, Wantok R. Light	7120va	1700 1800	as	Russia, Voice of 7390eu	11675eu	
	1700 17	Russia, Voice of 6070as 7370eu	9405as	1700 1800	us	Swaziland, TWR 3200af	1107560	
1000	1700	11755as 11985af 12055va	12115as	1700 1800		Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl	15690va	
			1211308				3915as	5975as
1/00	1700	15540me	5975va	1700 1800		UK, BBC World Service 6195eu 7160as	9410eu	9510as
	1700	South Korea, KBS World Radio	3973Va					93 I Uus
	1700	Swaziland, TWR 6130af		1700 1000		11955as 15485va	15565eu	
	1700	Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl 11550as	5075	1700 1800 1700 1800	VI/ MTWNT	UK, Sudan Radio Service	11705af	5447 I
1600	1700	UK, BBC World Service 3915as	5975as	1700 1800		USA, American Forces Radio	4319usb	5446usb
		6195as 7160as 9510as	11955as			5765usb 6350usb	7812usb	10320usb
1/00	1700 .	12095va 15485eu 15565eu	17790va	1700 1000		12133usb 12759usb		
	1700 ta	UK, Bible Voice 13590me		1700 1800		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX	13815na	
1600			5447 I	1700 1800		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT	15590na	
1600	1700	USA, American Forces Radio 4319usb	5446usb	1700 1800		USA, KWHR Naalehu HI	9930as	
1		5765usb 6350usb 7812usb	10320usb	1700 1800	as	USA, Voice of America	4930af	35430 (
1,,,,	1700	12133usb 12759usb 12579usl	)	1700 1800		USA, Voice of America	6080af	15410af
	1700	USA, KAIJ Dallas TX 13815na				15580af		
	1700	USA, KJES Vado NM 11715na		1700 1800		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME	9330na	18910na
	1700	USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT 15590na		1700 1800		USA, WBOH Newport NC	5920am	
	1700	USA, KWHR Naalehu HI 9930as		1700 1800		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	6890va	15220va
1600	1700	USA, Voice of America 4930af	6080af	1700 1800		USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	17640na	
		12080af 13600af 15580af	17895af	1700 1800		USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC	13760am	15285am
	1700	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 9330na				15665am 15785am		
	1700	USA, WBOH Newport NC 5920am		1700 1800		USA, WINB Red Lion PA	13570am	
	1700	USA, WEWN Birmingham AL 6890na		1700 1800	smtwhf	USA, WMLK Bethel PA	9265eu	
	1700	USA, WHRA Greenbush ME 17640na		1700 1800		USA, WTJC Newport NC	9370na	
1600	1700	USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 9840am	13760am	1700 1800		USA, WWCR Nashville TN	12160na	13845na
		15285am				15825na		
	1700	USA, WINB Red Lion PA 13570am	l	1700 1800		USA, WWRB Manchester TN	9385na	11915na
1600		USA, WMLK Bethel PA 9265eu				15250na		
	1700	USA, WTJC Newport NC 9370na		1700 1800		USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho		13690va
1600	1700	USA, WWCR Nashville TN 9985na	12160na			17795va va	18980va	21455va
		13845na 15825na		1700 1800		Zambia, Christian Voice	4965af	
	1700	USA, WWRB Manchester TN 9385na	11915na	1730 1745		Israel, Kol Israel 9345va	11590va	13675va
1600	1700	USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechobee FL	6085va	1730 1745	mtwhf	UK, United Nations Radio	7170af	15495me
4		13695va 18980va 21455va				17810af		
	1700	Zambia, Christian Voice 4965af		1730 1800		Bulgaria, Radio 9500eu	11500eu	
1615	1630	Vatican City, Vatican Radio 4005eu	5885eu	1730 1800		Guam, AWR/KSDA 9385as		
		7250eu 9645eu 15595va		1730 1800		Liberia, ELWA 4760do		
1615	1700	UK, BBC World Service 3255af	6190af	1730 1800		Philippines, Radio Pilipinas	11720va	15190va
		12095af 15105af 15420af	15485af			17720va		
		17830af 17885af 21470af	21660af	1730 1800		Swaziland, TWR 9500af		
	1700 as	UK, BBC World Service 9695af	11690af	1730 1800		Sweden, Radio 6065va		
	1700 mwf	UK, Bible Voice 9430me		1730 1800		Vatican City, Vatican Radio	11625af	13765af
1630	1700 as	Germany, Bible Voice BC Network	9430me			15570af		
1630	1700	Guam, ÁWR/KSDA11975as		1745 1800		Bangladesh, Bangla Betar	7185eu	
	1700 mtwf	UK, Bible Voice 13580me		1745 1800		India, All India Radio	7410eu	9445af
1630	1700 as	UK, Bible Voice 9430me				9950eu 11620eu	11935af	13605af
	1650 mtwhfa	Turkmenistan, Turkmen Radio 4930eu				15075af 15155af	17670af	
				1745 1800		UK, BBC World Service	3255af	6190af
	4=00.44=0	400VIII 0 1/25-11-00				11945af 12095af	15105af	15400af
	<u> 1700 UTC -</u>	<b>12PM EST / 11AM CST / 9A</b>	M PST			15485af 17830af	17885af	21470af
				1751 1800		New Zealand Radio NZ Intl	9630ng	

1700	1715	t	UK, Bible Voice	13580me		
1700	1727		Czech Rep, Radio	Praque	5930va	17485va
1700	1730		France, Radio Fran	nce Intl	15605af	17605af
1700	1735	mwf	UK, Bible Voice	9430me	13580al	
1700	1740		Moldova, Radio D	MR Pridnestr	ovye	6205eu
1700	1745		UK, BBC World Se	rvice	3255af	6005af
			6190af	9630af	9740as	11945af
			12095va	15105af	15400af	
			17830af	17885af	21470af	
1700	1750		New Zealand, Rad	dio NZ Intl	7145pa	
1700	1750	DRM	New Zealand, Rad	dio NZ Intl	6095pa	
1700	1755		South Africa, Cha	nnel Africa	15235af	
1700	1759		Poland, Radio Pol	onia	7220eu	7265eu
1700	1759	as	UK, Bible Voice	9430me		
1700	1800		Anguilla, Universi		11775am	
1700	1800		Australia, CVC Int	ernational	13635as	
1700	1800		Australia, Radio	5995pa	6080pa	9475va
				9710pa	11880pa	
1700	1800	DRM	Bulgaria, World Re			11540eu
1700	1800	α	Canada, CBC NQ			
1700	1800		Canada, CFRX Tor		6070na	
1700	1800		Canada, CFVP Ca	lgary AB	6030na	

#### 1800 UTC - 1PM EST / 12PM CST / 10AM PS1

New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl

New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl

1751 1800

1751 1800 DRM

9630pa

9440pa

1800 1815 1800 1815 t	Bangladesh, Bangla Betar UK. Bible Voice 13590me	7185eu	
1800 1828	Vietnam, Voice of 5955eu	7280va	9730va
1800 1830	Austria, AWR Europe	15315af	
1800 1830	South Africa, AWR Africa 9610af	3215af	3345af
1800 1830	UK, BBC World Service	3255af	5975as
	6190af 9510as 15400af	11945af	12095af
1800 1830 as	UK, Bible Voice 13590me	13810al	
1800 1830 whf	UK, Bible Voice 11710me		
1800 1830	USA, Voice of America	6080af	15410af
	15580af 17895af		
1800 1830 as	USA, Voice of America	4930af	
1800 1845	USA, WYFR/Family R Okeech	obee FL	17535va
1800 1850 DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	9440pa	
1800 1850	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	9630pa	

SHORIWAVE GOIDE

1800											
	1850	DRM		9440pa	11700	1900			Canada, CFRX Toronto ON	6070na	
1800 1800	1856 1859			9635eu 9530af	11730eu 11765af	1900 1900			Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF	6030na 6160na	
			13730af 15255af	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	1900	2000		Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC		
	1900			11775am		1900	2000		China, China Radio Intl	7295af	9440va
1800 1800	1900 1900	mtwhf	3- , -,	15345eu 7240pa	9475va	1900	2000		11940eu Costa Rica, University Network	c 11870va	13750va
	.,,,,			11880pa	, , , , , ,	1900			Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa	15190af	
	1900	DRM	Bulgaria, World Radio Network		9310eu	1900			Germany, CVC The Voice Afric		13820af
1800 1800	1900 1900			6070na 6030na		1900 1900			Germany, Deutsche Welle Germany, Overcomer Ministrie	13780af	15620af 13855af
	1900			6160na			2000	vl	Ghana, Ghana BC Corp	3366do	4915do
	1900		Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC		11040	1900			Italy, IRRS 5775eu		
1800	1900		China, China Radio Intl 13760eu	9600eu	11940eu	1900 1900	2000		Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	7295as	
1800	1900		Costa Rica, University Network	11870va	13750va		2000	vl	Namibia, Namibian BC Corp	3270do	3290do
	1900	fas	Germany, Bible Voice BC Netwo	ork	9430me				6060do 6175do		
	1900 1900		Germany, CVC The Voice Africa Germany, Overcomer Ministrie		13820af 13855af	1900	2000		Netherlands, Radio 11655af 17810af	5905af	7120af
	1900			7410eu	9445af	1900	2000	as	Netherlands, Radio	15315na	17735na
				11935af	13605af				17660na		
1800	1900		15075af 15155af Italy, IRRS 9310va	17670af		1900	2000	DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	13730pa 15720pa	
	1900		Liberia, ELWA 4760do			1900		DIM	Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan	6050do	
1800	1900		Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	7295as		1900	2000		Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna	4770do	6090do
1800 1800	1900 1900		Malaysia, Voice of 6175as Netherlands, Radio	6020af	7120af	1900 1900			Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 15120af	3326do	4990do
1000	1700		11655af	002001	/ 120ui	1900			North Korea, Voice of Korea	3560va	7100af
1800	1900		North Korea, Voice of Korea	7570eu	12015eu				11535 9975 11535va	11910af	
1000	1900	ul	13760eu 15245eu Papua New Guinea, Wantok R.	Limba	7120va	1900 1900			Papua New Guinea, Catholic I Papua New Guinea, NBC	Radio 4890do	4960do
	1900	VI			15190va		2000	vl	Papua New Guinea, NBC		7120va
			17720va			1900			Russia, Voice of 7310eu	9890eu	12070eu
1800	1900			9430af	9745af			irreg/ vl	Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do	5020-l-	05.45-1-
1800	1900			11510af 9500af		1900 1900	2000	VI	Solomon Islands, SIBC South Korea, KBS World Radio	5020do	9545do 5975va
	1900			3965eu		','			7275eu		0,,0,0
1800	1900			6195eu	9410eu		2000	α	Sri Lanka, SLBC 6010eu		
1800	1900	ns	12095eu UK, Bible Voice 6015eu	11710al		1900 1900			Swaziland, TWR 3200af Thailand, Radio 7155eu		
1800		us		4319usb	5446usb		2000	vl	Uganda, Radio 4976do	5026do	7196do
				7812usb	10320usb	1900	2000		UK, BBC World Service	3255af	6005af
1800	1900		12133usb 12759usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX	125/90sb 13815na					6190af 6195eu 12045me 12095af	9410eu 15400af	9630af 17795af
1800	1900			15590na					17830af	15-10001	1777541
		smtwhf		7415na	10010	1900			UK, Bible Voice 9405af	4010 I	5444
	1900 1900			9330na 5920am	18910na	1900	2000		USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7812usb	5446usb 10320usb
1800	1900			6890va	15220va				12133usb 12759usb	12579usb	10020030
1800	1900			17640na		1900			USA, KAIJ Dallas TX	13815na	
1800	1900		USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am 15785am	13/60am	15285am	1900 1900			USA, KJES Vado NM USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT	15385na 15590na	
1800	1900			13570am		1900			USA, Voice of America	4930af	4940af
	1900	smtwhf		9265eu					6040me 6080af	9670me	15410af
	1900 1900		USA, WTJC Newport NC	9370na						17895af	9330na
1000	1700			9975na	1216()na	1900	2000		15445af 15580af		
1000				9975na	12160na	1900	2000		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na	7415na	7000Hu
1000	1900		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	9975na 9385na	12160na 11915na	1900	2000		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC	7415na 5920am	
			USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na	9385na	11915na	1900 1900	2000 2000		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	7415na 5920am 6890va	15220va
	1900 1900		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol	9385na bee FL		1900	2000 2000 2000		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na	15220va
1800	1900		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va	9385na bee FL 15750va	11915na 7240va	1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am	15220va
1800 1800	1900 1900		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio	9385na bee FL 15750va 9780me	11915na 7240va	1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am 15785am USA, WINB Red Lion PA	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am 13570am	15220va
1800 1800 1800	1900		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio Zambia, Christian Voice	9385na bee FL 15750va	11915na 7240va	1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am	15220va
1800 1800 1800 1815	1900 1900 1900		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio Zambia, Christian Voice Bangladesh, Bangla Betar UK, BBC World Service	9385na bee FL 15750va 9780me 4965af 7185eu 3255af	11915na 7240va 17795va 6005af	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am 15785am USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am 13570am 9370na 9975na	15220va 15285am 12160na
1800 1800 1800 1815	1900 1900 1900 1900		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio Zambia, Christian Voice Bangladesh, Bangla Betar UK, BBC World Service 6190af 9630af	9385na bee FL 15750va 9780me 4965af 7185eu 3255af 11945af	11915na 7240va 17795va 6005af 12045me	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am 15785am USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WYJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am 13570am 9370na	15220va 15285am
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1800 1800 1800 1815 1830 1830	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio Zambia, Christian Voice Bangladesh, Bangla Betar UK, BBC World Service 6190af 12095af 12470af USA, Voice of America 15410af Congo, RTV Congolaise	9385na bee FL 15750va 9780me 4965af 7185eu 3255af 11945af 17795af 4930af	11915na 7240va 17795va 6005af 12045me 17830af	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	٧I	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am 15785am USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 7370va 13800va	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am 13570am 9370na 9975na 9385na bbee FL	15220va 15285am 12160na 11915na 3230va
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1800 1800 1800 1815 1830 1830 1845 1851 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	O UTC -	USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio Zambia, Christian Voice Bangladesh, Bangla Betar UK, BBC World Service 6190af 12095af 15400af 21470af USA, Voice of America 15410af 15580af Congo, RTV Congolaise New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl PM EST / 1PM CST  Congo, RTV Congolaise Israel, Kol Israel 15400ar 15400ar 15580af Congo, RTV Congolaise Israel, Kol Israel 15580af Congo, RTV Congolaise Israel, Kol Israel 15580af Congo, RTV Congolaise Israel, Kol Israel 15700ar	9385na bee FL 15750va  9780me 4965af 7185eu 3255af 11945af 17795af  4930af 17895af 4765af 13730pa 15720pa  / 11AN  4765af 11590va 9730va 11880me 3975eu 9710eu 11720va	11915na 7240va 17795va  6005af 12045me 17830af 6080af 5985af  PST 5985af 15640af 6025eu	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	s mtwhfa vl	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am 15785am USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 7370va 13800va 18930va 18980va Zambia, Christian Voice Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 7540af 9800af Sweden, Radio 6065va Turkey, Voice of 6055eu UK, Bible Voice P775af Italy, RAI Intl 5960eu Albania, Radio Tirana Rwanda, Radio 6055do Vatican City, Vatican Radio 7250eu 9645eu	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am 13570am 9370na 9975na 9385na bbee FL 17795va 4965af 5975do vork 6205eu 9925af  9485eu 6130eu 4005eu	15220va 15285am 12160na 11915na 3230va 17845va 9775af 7205eu 7465eu 5885eu
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1800 1800 1800 1815 1830 1830 1845 1851 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	O UTC -	USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio Zambia, Christian Voice Bangladesh, Bangla Betar UK, BBC World Service 6190af 12095af 12400af 21470af USA, Voice of America 15410af 15580af Congo, RTV Congolaise New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl PM EST / 1PM CST  Congo, RTV Congolaise Israel, Kol Israel 19400va Vietnam, Voice of 7280va Germany, Universal Life Hungary, Radio Budapest Lithuania, Radio Vilnius Philippines, Radio Pilipinas 17720va UK, Bible Voice 16015eu India, All India Radio 9950eu 11620eu 15075af USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol	9385na bee FL 15750va  9780me 4965af 7185eu 3255af 11945af 17795af  4930af 17895af 4765af 13730pa 15720pa  / 11AN  4765af 11590va 9730va 11880me 3975eu 9710eu 11720va  9775al 7410eu 11935af 17670af bee FL	11915na 7240va 17795va  6005af 12045me 17830af 6080af 5985af  PST 5985af 15640af 6025eu 15190va	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	s mtwhfa vl	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am 15785am USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WTG Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 7370va 13800va 18930va 18980va Zambia, Christian Voice Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 7540af 9800af Sweden, Radio 6065va Turkey, Voice of 6055eu UK, Bible Voice 97775af Italy, RAI Intl 5960eu Albania, Radio Tirana Rwanda, Radio 6055do Vatican City, Vatican Radio 7250eu 9645eu Czech Rep, Radio Prague	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am 13570am 9370na 9975na 9385na bbee FL 17795va 4965af 5975do vork 6205eu 9925af  9485eu 6130eu 4005eu  712PM 4005eu 5930va	15220va 15285am 12160na 11915na 3230va 17845va 9775af 7205eu 7465eu 5885eu 11600va
1800 1800 1800 1815 1830 1830 1845 1851 1851 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	O UTC -	USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio Zambia, Christian Voice Bangladesh, Bangla Betar UK, BBC World Service 6190af 12095af 15400af 21470af USA, Voice of America 15410af 15580af Congo, RTV Congolaise New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl PM EST / 1PM CST  Congo, RTV Congolaise Israel, Kol Israel 19400va Vietnam, Voice of 7280va Germany, Universal Life Hungary, Radio Budapest Lithuania, Radio Vilnius Philippines, Radio Pilipinas 17720va UK, Bible Voice 16015eu 11620eu 15075af 15155af USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol Anguilla, University Network	9385na bee FL 15750va  9780me 4965af 7185eu 3255af 11945af 17795af  4930af 17895af 4765af 13730pa  / 11AN  4765af 11590va 9730va 11880me 3975eu 9710eu 11720va  9775al 7410eu 11935af 17670af	11915na 7240va 17795va  6005af 12045me 17830af 6080af 5985af  PST 5985af 15640af 6025eu 15190va 9445af 13605af	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	s mtwhfa vl	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15665am 15785am USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WTG Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 7370va 13800va 18930va 18980va Zambia, Christian Voice Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 7540af 9800af Sweden, Radio 6065va Turkey, Voice of 6055eu UK, Bible Voice 97775af Italy, RAI Intl 5960eu Albania, Radio Tirana Rwanda, Radio 6055do Vatican City, Vatican Radio 7250eu 9645eu Czech Rep, Radio Prague	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am 13570am 9370na 9975na 9385na bbee FL 177795va 4965af 5975do vork 6205eu 9925af 9485eu 6130eu 4005eu 4005eu	15220va 15285am 12160na 11915na 3230va 17845va 9775af 7205eu 7465eu 5885eu
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1800 1800 1800 1815 1830 1830 1845 1851 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 19	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	o UTC -	USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechol 13690va 13800af 18980va Yemen, Rep of Yemen Radio Zambia, Christian Voice Bangladesh, Bangla Betar UK, BBC World Service 6190af 9630af 12095af 15400af 21470af USA, Voice of America 15410af 15580af Congo, RTV Congolaise New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl PM EST / 1PM CST  Congo, RTV Congolaise Israel, Kol Israel 19400va Vietnam, Voice of 7280va Germany, Universal Life Hungary, Radio Budapest Lithuania, Radio Vilnius Philippines, Radio Pilipinas 17720va UK, Bible Voice 6015eu India, All India Radio 9950eu 11620eu 15075af USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechok Anguilla, University Network Australia, Radio 6080pa	9385na bee FL 15750va  9780me 4965af 7185eu 3255af 11945af 17795af  4930af 17895af 4765af 13730pa 15720pa  / 11AN  4765af 11590va 9710eu 11720va  9775al 7410eu 11720va  9775al 7410eu 1175am 7240pa 11880pa	7240va 17795va 6005af 12045me 17830af 6080af 5985af PST 5985af 15640af 6025eu 15190va 9445af 13605af 6085va	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	s mtwhfa vl	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WYGR Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeechor 7370va 13800va 18930va 18980va Zambia, Christian Voice Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Germany, Bible Voice BC Netw Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 7540af Sweden, Radio 7055eu UK, Bible Voice 9775af Italy, RAI Intl Sp60eu Albania, Radio Tirana Rwanda, Radio 7250eu 9645eu  Vatican City, Vatican Radio 7250eu 9645eu Czech Rep, Radio Prague Iran, Voice of the Islamic Rep 7540af 9800af	7415na 5920am 6890va 13710na 13760am 13570am 9370na 9975na 9385na bbee FL 17795va 4965af 5975do vork 6205eu 9925af  9485eu 6130eu 4005eu  712PM 4005eu 5930va 6205eu	15220va 15285am 12160na 11915na 3230va 17845va 9775af 7205eu 7465eu 5885eu 11600va

2000 2000 2000	2030 2030	L	South Africa, AWR Africa Swaziland, TWR 3200af Turkey, Voice of 6055eu	7180af		2030	2100 2100	as	USA, Voice of America 7555af 15410af USA, Voice of America	4930af 15445af 4940af	6080af 15580af
2000		n	UK, Bible Voice 9605va USA, Voice of America 6080af 15410af Vatican City, Vatican Radio	4930af 15445af 9755af	4940af 15580af 11625af		2100 2100	DRM	India, All India Radio 9910oc 9950eu Vatican City, Vatican Radio	7410eu 11620va 9800na	9445eu 11715oc
2000	2045		13765af Tusa, WYFR/Family R Okeecho	bee FL	13690va		210	0 UTC -	4PM EST / 3PM CST	[ / <b>1</b> PM	PST
2000	2059		17750va Canada, Radio Canada Intl	5850eu	7235eu		2123		Serbia, International Radio Se		6185eu
2000		mtwhf	11765eu Spain, Radio Exterior Espana Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring	11775am	15290eu 2310do	2100 2100 2100	2130 2130 2130	mtwhfa	Albania, Radio Tirana Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cra Austria, AWR Europe	11955af	2325do
2000 2000 2000			4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 9500as	eek	2325do 11660pa	2100 2100	2130 2130 2130 2130	а	Canada, CBC NQ SW Service China, China Radio Intl Cuba, Radio Havana Egypt, Radio Cairo 15375af	9625na 11640af 9505va	13630af 11760va
	2100	DRM	11880pa 12080pa Bulgaria, World Radio Networl		9310eu	2100	2130 2130		Hungary, Radio Budapest South Korea, KBS World Radio	6025eu	9525eu 3955eu
2000			Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB	6070na 6030na	, , , , ,	2100	2130 2130	DRM	UK, BBC World Service Vatican City, Vatican Radio	11675va 9800na	15390va
2000	2100 2100		Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC				2145 2145		Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho		13690va
	2100 2100		Canada, Radio Canada Intl China, China Radio Intl	15325am 7295as	9440va		2159		13800va 17795va Canada, Radio Canada Intl	18980va 9800na	17765na
2000			9800eu 11640af Costa Rica, University Network Egypt, Radio Cairo 15375af		13630af	2100	2159 2200 2200	as	Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring	9595af 11775am <sub>JS</sub>	9840eu 2310do
2000	2100 2100 2100		Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Germany, CVC The Voice Afric Germany, Deutsche Welle	15190af :a 7130af	9765af 11795af	2100	2200		4835do Australia, Radio 7240pa 11660pa 11695pa	9660pa 12080pa	11650pa 13630pa
	2100	vl	13780af 15205af Ghana, Ghana BC Corp	3366do	4915do		2200 2200		Bulgaria, Radio 5800eu Canada, CFRX Toronto ON	7500eu 6070na	Тэоэора
2000			Indonesia, Voice of 15150al	9525as	11785pa	2100	2200 2200		Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF	6030na 6160na	
2000		fas	Italy, IRRS 5775eu Liberia, ELWA 4760do	7205		2100	2200 2200		Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl		9800eu
2000 2000	2100	vl	Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060do 6175do	7295as 3270do	3290do	2100 2100	2200 2200		11790eu Costa Rica, University Network Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa	(13750va 15190af	
2000	2100	as	Netherlands, Radio 17660af	15315af	17735na		2200		Germany, Deutsche Welle 15210af	9440af	11865af
2000	2100		Netherlands, Radio 11665af 17810af	5905af	7120af		2200 2200	vl	Ghana, Ghana BC Corp Guyana, Voice of 3291do	3366do 5950do	4915do
	2100 2100	DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	13730pa 15720pa			2200		India, All India Radio 11715oc	9910oc	11620oc
2000	2100 2100 2100 2100		Nigeria, Radio/Ibadan Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Nigeria, Voice of 15120af	6050do 4770do 3326do	6090do 4990do		2200 2200	fas	Italy, IRRS 5775eu Japan, Radio Japan/NHK Wor 6055eu 6180eu 21670oc		6035va 17825va
	2100 2100		Papua New Guinea, Catholic I Papua New Guinea, NBC	Radio 4890do	4960do	2100 2100	2200 2200		Liberia, ELWA 4760do Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM	7295as	
2000			Papua New Guinea, Wantok R Russia, Voice of 7310eu	l. Light 9890eu	7120va 15735sa		2200	νl	Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060do 6175do	3270do	3290do
2000			Solomon Islands, SIBC South Africa, Channel Africa	5020do 3345af	9545do	2100	2200 2200	DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	13730pa 15720pa	
	2100 2100	VI	Uganda, Radio 4976do UK, BBC World Service 6190af 6195eu 12095af 15400af	5026do 3255af 9410eu 17830af	7196do 6005af 9630af	2100	2200 2200 2200		Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos North Korea, Voice of Korea 13760eu 15245eu	4770do 3326do 7570eu	6090do 4990do 12015eu
	2100 2100		UK, Bible Voice 9405af USA, American Forces Radio	4319usb	5446usb		2200 2200		Papua New Guinea, Catholic Papua New Guinea, NBC	Radio 4890do	4960do
	2100		5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12759usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX	7812usb 12579usb 13815na	10320usb	2100 2100	2200 2200 2200	vl	Papua New Guinea, Wantok R Russia, Voice of 15735sa Rwanda, Radio 6055do	. Light	7120va
2000	2100 2100			15385na 15590na		2100	2200	irreg/ vl	Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do South Africa, Channel Africa	3345af	
	2100		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na	7415na	9330na		2200		Syria, Radio Damascus 13610al	9330eu	12085eu
2000 2000	2100 2100 2100 2100		USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC	5920am 6890va 13710na	15220va 13760am	2100	2200		UK, BBC World Service 5965as 6005af 11675sa 11945as 15400af	3255af 6190af 12095af	3915as 6195as 13765sa
	2100		15285am USA, WINB Red Lion PA	13570am	107000111	2100	2200		USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb	4319usb 7812usb	5446usb 10320usb
2000	2100 2100		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN	9370na 9975na	12160na	2100	2200			12579usb 13815na	.002000
	2100		13845na 15825na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	9385na	11915na	2100	2200 2200		USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, Voice of America	15590na 6080as	15580af
	2100		15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho	bee FL	3230va	2100	2200		USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 18910na	7415na	9330na
	2100	vI.	13800va 17725va 18980va Zambia, Christian Voice	17795va 4965af	17845va	2100	2200 2200 2200		USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME	5920am 6890va 11610na	15220va 11765na
	2100 2100	VΙ	Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp Syria, Radio Damascus 13610al	5975do 9330eu	12085eu	2100	2200		skd1106 USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 15285am	9840am	13760am
2030	2045 2045 2058		Italy, RAI Intl 5970af Thailand, Radio 9680eu Vietnam, Voice of 7280va	11875af 9550va	9730va	2100	2200 2200 2200		USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC	13570am 7385am 9370na	
	2100	mthf	13860va Belarus, Radio 7125eu	7340eu	7440eu		2200		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 13845na 15825na	9975na	12160na
	2100		Cuba, Radio Havana	9505va	11760va	2100	2200		USA, WWRB Manchester TN	9385na	11915na

SHORTWAVE GUIDE

2100	2200		15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho	boo El	6045va
2100	2200		11565va 17725va	17845va	0045Vu
2100	2200		Zambia, Christian Voice	4965af	
2100	2200	vl	Zimbabwe, ZBC Corp	5975do	
2115	2200		Egypt, Radio Cairo 9990eu		
2130	2156		Romania, Radio Romania Intl 11940va 15465va	7210va	9535va
2130	2157		Czech Rep, Radio Prague	9410na	11600af
2130	2200		Australia, ABC NT Katherine	5025do	
2130	2200		Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre	eek	4910do
	2200	mtwhfa	Canada, CBC NQ SW Service		
	2200	DRM	Netherlands, Radio	9800na	
	2200		Sweden, Radio 6065va	7420va	
	2200		Turkey, Voice of 9525as		
2130	2200		UK, BBC World Service	15390va	

	220	O LITO	EDM ECT / 4DM CCT	C / ODM	DCT
	220	U UIC -	5PM EST / 4PM CST	/ ZPIVI	P31
2200 2200 2200 2200 2200 2200 2200	2210 2230 2230 2230 2230 2230	s DRM	Syria, Radio Damascus Belarus, Radio 7125eu Belarus, Radio 7125eu Cuba, Radio Havana Germany, Deutsche Welle India, All India Radio	9330eu 7340eu 7340eu 9505va 9800na 9910oc	12085eu 7440eu 7440eu 11760va
2200 2200 2200 2200 2200	2230 2230 2245 2245		11715oc 9950eu Papua New Guinea, NBC Turkey, Voice of 9525as Egypt, Radio Cairo 9990eu USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho	11620va 4890do	11715oc 15770va
2200 2200 2200 2200	2259 2300 2300		Canada, Radio Canada Intl Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring	6100na 6090am	2310do
2200 2200 2200	2300 2300 2300		4835do Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Australia, Radio 12010va 15515pa 15230as 17795pa	5025do eek 13620as 15240pa	4910do 13630pa 17785pa
	2300 2300 2300 2300 2300	smtwhf	Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC	6070na 6030na 6160na 6160na	
2200 2200 2200	2300 2300 2300 2300 2300 2300	DRM vI	Canada, Radio Canada Intl China, China Radio Intl Costa Rica, University Network Eqt Guinea, Radio Africa Germany, Deutsche Welle Ghana, Ghana BC Corp	9800na 7170eu 13750va 15190af 7115as 3366do	9720na 4915do
2200 2200	2300 2300 2300 2300 2300	f	Guyana, Voice of 3291do Italy, IRRS 5785va Italy, IRRS 5775va	7295as	491300
2200 2200	<ul><li>2300</li><li>2300</li></ul>	vl	Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060do 6175do New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl	3270do 13730pa	3290do
2200 2200	2300 2300 2300 2300 2300	DRM vI	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Papua New Guinea, Catholic F Papua New Guinea, Wantok R	15720pa 4770do 3326do Radio . Light	6090do 4990do 4960do 7120va
2200 2200 2200 2200	2300 2300 2300 2300	irreg/ vl vl	Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do Solomon Islands, SIBC Taiwan, Radio Taiwan Intl UK, BBC World Service 5975va 6195as	5020do 15600eu 5955af 7105as	9545do 5965as 7255as
2200 2200	2300 2300		9740af 12095sa Ukraine, Radio Ukraine Intl USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12759usb	13795sa 5840eu 4319usb 7812usb	15400af 5446usb 10320usb
2200 2200 2200	2300 2300 2300		12133usb 12759usb USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, Voice of America 11725va 15185va	12579usb 13815na 15590na 7215va 15290va	7555as
2200 2200 2200 2200	2300 2300 2300	mtwhf	USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME USA, WBOH Newport NC USA, WEWN Birmingham AL	5110na 7415na 5920am 9975va	18910na 9330na 15745va
2200	2300		USA, WHRA Greenbush ME skd1106	11610na	11765na
2200 2200 2200 2200 2200 2200	2300 2300 2300 2300 2300	mtwhf as	USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC 13760am 15285am USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WRMI Miami FL USA, WTJC Newport NC	7490am 13570am 7385am 9955am 9370na	9840am
2200	2300		USA, WWCR Nashville TN 12160na 13845na	7465na	9985na
2200 2200	2300		USA, WWRB Manchester TN 15250na USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 15195va	9385na bee FL	11915na 11740va

2200 2205		Zambia, Christian Voice Italy, RAI Intl 11895as	4965af	
2215	2230	Croatia, Croatian Radio	9925sa	
2230	2257	Czech Rep, Radio Prague	7345na	9415af
2230	2300	Papua New Guinea, NBC	9675do	
2230	2300	USA, Voice of America 15145va	9570va	13755va
2245	2300	India, All India Radio 11620as 11645as	9705as 13605as	9950as

#### 2300 UTC - 6PM EST / 5PM CST / 3PM PST

ı		230	0 010 -	6PM EST / 5PM CST	/ SPIVI	<b>131</b>
		0000 0000		Anguilla, University Network Australia, ABC NT Alice Spring 4835do	6090am s	2310do
		0000 0000 0000		Australia, ABC NT Katherine Australia, ABC NT Tennant Cre Bulgaria, Radio 9700na	11700na	4910do
	2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000	smtwhf	Canada, CBC NQ SW Service Canada, CFRX Toronto ON Canada, CFVP Calgary AB Canada, CKZN St John's NF	9625na 6070na 6030na 6160na	
	2300 2300	0000		Canada, CKZU Vancouver BC China, China Radio Intl 13680na	6160na 5990am	6145na
	2300 2300 2300			Costa Rica, University Network Egypt, Radio Cairo 11950na Germany, Deutsche Welle 15135as 17860as	13750va 5955as	9890as
	2300	0000		Guyana, Voice of 3291do India, All India Radio 11620as 11645as	9705as 13605as	9950as
			vl	Malaysia, RTM/Trax FM Namibia, Namibian BC Corp 6060do 6175do	7295as 3270do	3290do
	2300 2300 2300 2300	0000 0000 0000	DRM	New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl New Zealand, Radio NZ Intl Papua New Guinea, Catholic R Papua New Guinea, NBC	13730pa 15720pa Radio 9675do	4960do
	2300 2300		vl	Papua New Guinea, Wantok R Romania, Radio Romania Intl 9645va 11940va		7120va 7265va
	2300 2300 2300 2300		irreg/ vl vl	Sierra Leone, SLBS 3316do Singapore, MediaCorp Radio Solomon Islands, SIBC Turkey, Voice of 5960na	6150do 5020do	9545do
	2300	0000		Turkey, Voice of 5960na UK, BBC World Service 6195as 9580as 11945as 11955as	3915as 9740as	5965as 11850as
	2300	0000		USA, American Forces Radio 5765usb 6350usb 12133usb 12759usb	4319usb 7812usb 12579usb	5446usb 10320usb
	2300 2300 2300	0000 0000		USA, KAIJ Dallas TX USA, KTBN Salt Lake City UT USA, Voice of America	13815na 15590na 7215va	7555as
	2300 2300	0000		11725va 15185va USA, WBCQ Kennebunk ME 9330na 18910na USA, WBOH Newport NC	15290va 5110na 5920am	7415na
	2300 2300	0000 0000 0000		USA, WEWN Birmingham AL USA, WHRA Greenbush ME USA, WHRI Cypress Creek SC	9975va 7520na 7490am	15745va 7555am
	2300 2300	0000	mtwhf	9840am 13760am USA, WINB Red Lion PA USA, WRMI Miami FL	13570am 7385am	
	2300 2300 2300	0000		USA, WTJC Newport NC USA, WWCR Nashville TN 9985na 13845na USA, WWRB Manchester TN	9370na 5070na 6890na	7465na
	2300	0000		USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho 17750am Zambia, Christian Voice		15255am
	2300 2300 2300	2315 2315 2330		Nigeria, Radio/Kaduna Nigeria, Radio/Lagos Australia, Radio 9660pa	4770do 3326do 12010pa	6090do 12080pa
	2300 2300	2330 2330	DRM	13670va 15230va 17795va Germany, Deutsche Welle USA, Voice of America	15240va 9800na 9570va	17785va 13755va
	2300	2345		15145va USA, WYFR/Family R Okeecho		11740va
	2330 2330	0000		Australia, HCJB 15390as Australia, Radio 9660pa 13670va 15230va 17750as 17785pa	12010pa 15390as 17795va	12080pa 15415va
	2330 2330 2330	0000 0000 0000	DRM	Burma, Dem Voice of Burma Lithuania, Radio Vilnius Sweden, Radio 9800na	5955eu 9875na	0570
	2330 2330 2330	0000 0000 2358	s	USA, Voice of America 13725va 13755va USA, WRMI Miami FL Vietnam, Voice of 9840as	7260va 15145va 9955am 12020as	9570va

# **MilSatcom - The Early Days**

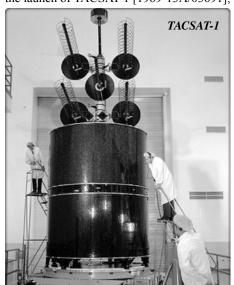
ong before the crystal or first UHF scanner entered the marketplace, the Department of Defense launched military communication satellites that operated in the military aircraft band (225-400 MHz). From the beginning, the satellite subbands in the 225-400 MHz military aircraft band were set aside for mobile unit communications (ships, backpack, aircraft, etc). Other frequencies capable of wider bandwidths use higher frequencies, but these are not monitorable on any hobby radios in today's marketplace.

#### **\* TACSATCOM**

Military communications satellites got their start in 1965, when the three military services initiated studies on tactical/mobile satellite communications. On July 1, 1967, LES 5 (Lincoln Experimental Satellite) [International Designator 1967-66E/ NORAD SSC number 02866], a UHF military satellite repeater weighing 225 pounds, was placed into high orbit inclined 6.8 degrees with a multipayload Titan 3C rocket.

The satellite UHF communications system was tested by aircraft of the then Strategic Air Command (SAC), as well as by Army and Navy mobile units. The communications tests were very successful, and this led to the next communications satellite in the series LES 6. In September 1968, LES 6 [1968-81D/03341] was launched into geostationary orbit to further support of the tactical communications study program.

This was followed in February 1969 with the launch of TACSAT 1 [1969-13A/03691],



onboard another Titan 3C rocket into geostationary orbit. TACSAT 1 was a high powered experimental tactical communications satellite for use by all the military services to assess the role of satellites in tactical situations.

TACSAT 1 carried the following communications payloads:

Downlink (MHz)	Uplink (MHz)	Purpose
7252.500-7262.500	7977.500-7987.500	SHF Comm Package
7298.500		SHF Beacon
249.3875-249.8125	302.500-312.500	<b>UHF Comm Package</b>
254.100		UHF Beacon

Once TACSAT 1 was launched, the TACSATCOM (Tactical Satellite Communications) program included it and the LES 6 satellite. LES 6 was a small, single-band UHF satellite, whereas TACSAT 1 was the largest and most powerful communications satellite launched up to that time, with the ability to operate in both the UHF and SHF bands.

The TACSATCOM program primarily served the mobile user in tactical situations. There were some 100 research and development terminals, mostly using the UHF band that ranged from manpack size to those mounted on 1-1/4 ton trucks. A number of airborne terminals were also tested with the program. TACSAT 1 ceased operations in December 1972.

#### **\$ LES-8/9**

On March 15, 1976, a Titan 3C rocket lifted off from Cape Canaveral, Florida, carrying the last two LES communications satellites and two SOLRAD satellites. The two LES satellites were used to test design concepts for the new Defense Satellite Communications System Phase III (DSCS 3) series satellites. This introduced satellite crosslinking and operations in the 36 GHz band.

LES-8/9 also tested the use of nuclear power as an alternative source of energy. Each satellite carried radioisotope thermoelectric generators aboard, rather than solar panels that could easily be damaged by enemy anti-satellite weapons. Nuclear power also extends the satellite's lifetime, since no battery supply is needed during extended eclipse periods from the sun.

These two revolutionary satellites also tested crosslinking experiments in the 225-400 MHz band, as well as 36.9-38.0 GHz, to determine the feasibility of using only two satellites for global coverage instead of the usual three or four.

The UHF portion of the LES-8/9 sat-



LES.9

ellites was part of the U.S. Army Satellite Communications Agency (USASATCOMA) UHF system. Today that mission has been changed (see below). Each satellite had one wideband UHF repeater subdivided as follows (frequencies in MHz):

At last report, the LES-9 is still operational and is being utilized by ships and submarines of the Canadian Navy. The 30-year-old satellite is mainly used for submarines to transmit signals ashore, but HMC surface ships use this service on a non-interference basis with submarines. We have not been able to determine positively the current status of the LES-8 satellite, but we believe the satellite has been retired from service.

#### New CAP Frequencies Posted?

Recently on a public, scanner-related internet forum, the following frequencies were posted and identified as the new Civil Air Patrol VHF narrowband assignments:

Simplex: 138.0125 140.6375 142.2250 150.1625 150.5625 150.6375 Repeater: 143.725 143.900 148.175 148.775

These certainly deserve a spot in your scanner memory loadout, so you can be on the lookout for any possible future CAP activity in your area.

#### Search and Rescue

Speaking of CAP, whenever a search and rescue (SAR) operation is underway, monitors like to join in on the action. Here is an official list of frequencies for alerting, SAR operations, and Maritime Safety frequencies from the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement Manual that should keep you busy monitoring the action. Of course, the primary players here in the United States for search and rescue operations are the United States Coast Guard (USCG), the USCG Auxiliary, and the

Civil Air Patro	ol.
490 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar- rowband Direct Printing
518 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Navtex warnings (SITOR-B)
2003.0 kHz	Small craft: Great lakes
2174.5 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic/On Scene Commu-
217 1.5 KHZ	nications: MF Narrowband Direct Printing
2182.0 kHz	On Scene Communications (including
	aircraft)/Distress and Safety Traffic: MF Radiotelephony
2187.5 kHz	Alerting: MF/HF DSC
2635.0 kHz	Small craft: All areas
2638.0 kHz	Small craft: All areas
2738.0 kHz	Small craft: All areas
2830.0 kHz	Small craft: All areas
3023.0 kHz	Aircraft Comms: On Scene including SAR
4125.0 kHz	Aircraft Comms/Distress and Safety Traf-
	fic: On Scene including SAR/Small craft:
4177.5 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Narrowband
	Direct Printing
4207.5 kHz	Alerting: MF/HF DSC
4209.5 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar- rowband Direct Printing
4210.0 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar-
	rowband Direct Printing
5680.0 kHz	Aircraft Comms: On Scene including SAR
6215.0 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Radiotelephony
6268.0 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Narrowband Direct Printing
6312.0 kHz	Alerting: MF/HF DSC
6314.0 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar- rowband Direct Printing
8291.0 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Radiotelephony
8376.5 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Narrowband
007 0.5 KHZ	Direct Printing
8414.5 kHz	Alerting: MF/HF DSC
8416.5 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar-
	rowband Direct Printing
12290.0 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Radiotelephony
12520.0 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Narrowband Direct Printing
12577.0 kHz	Alerting: MF/HF DSC
12579.0 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar-
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	l lo . D:

rowband Direct Printing

16420.0 kHz

Distress and Safety Traffic: Radiotelephony

16695.0 kHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Narrowband Direct Printing
16804.5 kHz	Alerting: MF/HF DSC
16806.5 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar- rowband Direct Printing
19680.5 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Narrowband Direct Printing
22376.0 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar- rowband Direct Printing
26100.5 kHz	Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Nar- rowband Direct Printing
121.500 MHz	Alerting/Aircraft Comms: VHF AM (also on scene including SAR)
123.100 MHz	Aircraft Comms: On Scene including SAR
156.300 MHz	Aircraft Comms: On Scene including SAR
156.525 MHz	Alerting: VHF DSC < Channel 70>
156.650 MHz	Safety of Navigation < Channel 13>
156.800 MHz	Alerting/On Scene communications/Aircraft comms/Distress and Safety Traffic: VHF FM <channel 16=""></channel>
406.0-406.1 MHz	Alerting: 406 EPIRBs (earth-to-space)
1530.0-1544.0 MHz	Distress and Safety Traffic: Satellite (space-
	zisii oss ana zaisi, name. Salomio (spaco

to-earth)

1530.0-1545.0 MHz Maritime Safety Information (MSI): Satellite (space-to-earth)

1544.0-1545.0 MHz Alerting: Inmarsat SES (space-to-earth) 1626.5-1646.5 MHz Alerting/Distress and Safety Traffic: Inmarsat SES (earth-to-space)

1644.3-1644.5 MHz Alerting: Inmarsat-E EPIRB (earth-tospace)

1645.6-1645.8 MHz Alerting: Inmarsat SES (earth-to-space) 9200.0-9500.0 MHz Hominwg Signal: 9 GHz Radar Transponders (SART)

#### Tyndall AFB Frequencies

If you are heading to the Florida Gulf Coast and you take your milair scanner along, here is a list of confirmed Tyndall Air Force Base frequencies to put in your scanner.

119.100/379.300	Tyndall Approach (north of Tyndall below 5,000
	feet)
119.925	Apalachicola Airfield SOS
119.975	Panama City ATIS
120.500/269.000	Panama City Tower
122.800	Apalachicola Airfield Uni-
	com
122.950	Panama City Unicom
124.150/341.700	Tyndall Approach (south of Tyndall)
125.200/392.100	Tyndall Approach (north of Tyndall above 5,000 feet)
132.100	
133.750	Eglin Approach VFR
	Cairns Approach
133.950/384.400	
135.900	Tallahassee Approach

#### Major Military Communications Bands

Where can I tune my radios to hear military communications?

This is a very common question I hear from Monitoring Times readers. The old pros know where to search for milcom transmissions, but newcomers to the radio hobby usually struggle to hear their first military traffic. The frequency ranges below will give the radio hobbyist the general areas in the radio spectrum to look for military communications.

In the shortwave spectrum, military communications can be heard just about anywhere, but the aeronautical off-route bands offer concentrated areas to search for

military communications activity. Most voice high frequency (HF) military communications utilize the upper sideband (USB) mode. The listener will occasionally hear a smattering of lower sideband (LSB) voice communications. When you tune the HF military bands listed below in USB, you will catch the majority of the voice military traffic that can be heard.

If you don't live close to a military base, HF offers one of the few ways to hear a high volume of military communications. There are literally thousands of HF frequencies in use by military organizations all over the world. Protecting one's nation is a 24-hour a day operation, so there is never a shortage of military communications on HF.

#### **SHORTWAVE**

Note: For transmission mode information, see above text. The frequencies below are

3026.0-3152.0 4700.0-4745.0 5684.0-5726.0 6685.0-6760.0 8965.0-9037.0 11175.0-11271.0 13200.0-13257.0 15010.0-15097.0 17970.0-18027.0 23200.0-23250.0

#### VHF/UHF MILITARY ACTION BANDS

Note: This is a United States only bandplan. Outside the CONUS, usage will vary. The frequencies are in MHz.

j. equenteres un	, ,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
30.000-30.550	FM/AM-10 kHz spacing
32.000-32.990	FM/AM-10 kHz spacing
34.000-34.990	FM/AM-10 kHz spacing
36.000-36.990	FM/AM-10 kHz spacing
38.000-38.990	FM/AM-10 kHz spacing
40.000-41.990	FM/AM-10 kHz spacing
46.600-47.000	FM/AM-10 kHz spacing
49.610-49.990	FM/AM-10 kHz spacing
118.000-138.000	AM-25 kHz spacing/8.33 kHz spacing in
	Europe [Note: Mostly civilian aircraft]
138.0000-144.0000	FM/AM-12.5 kHz spacing
148.0000-150.8000	FM/AM-12.5 kHz spacing
162.0125-173.9875	FM-12.5 kHz spacing
225.0000-379.9750	AM/FM-25 kHz spacing [Note: FM used by
	milsats and wideband systems]
380.0000-399.9875	FM/AM-12.5 kHz spacing [Note: Mix of land
	mobile and aero frequencies with the bulk of
	the band supporting LMR transmissions
406.0125-419.9875	FM-12.5 kHz spacing

And that does it for another edition of MT's Milcom column. Until next time, 73 and good hunting.

#### Longwave Resources

✓ Sounds of Longwave CD or Audio Cassette (please specify) featuring WWVB, Omega, Whistlers, Beacons, European Broadcasters, and more! **\$13.95** postpaid

✓ The BeaconFinder A 65-page guide listing Frequency, ID and Location for hundreds of LF beacons and utility stations, Covers 0-530 kHz. **\$13.95** postpaid

**Kevin Carey** P.O. Box 56, W. Bloomfield, NY 14585



## **FAA NARACS Reborn**

n the May 2005 Fed Files I mentioned that the Federal Aviation Administration's National Radio Communications System, known by the acronym of NARACS, had fallen into a state of disuse and disrepair. However, recent indications are that the NARACS system will rise from the ashes to be rebuilt.

Following the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, the federal government started enforcing guidelines that would provide better and more reliable communications channels for federal agencies and first responders of state and local public safety. Among the communications systems that are being upgraded under these guidelines is the FAA land mobile communications network.

The new FAA communications system is being referred to as the FAA Command and Control, or C2 system. It will utilize P-25 digital mode full time and will be capable of encryption. New equipment is being installed at FAA facilities, airports and remote sites around the country.

Here is the new frequency lineup for the FAA C2 radio system. You may notice some of the same frequencies that were used in the NARACS channel plan, but also some new frequencies as well.

Keep these in the scanner and let us know when they become active in your area!

#### Federal Trunked Systems in **New York City**

On a recent trip to Manhattan, I decided to concentrate some of my monitoring time to check out the various federal and military trunked radio systems that are currently operating in the New York City area.

As in most parts of the country, the most predominant agency using trunking for its facilities is the US Bureau of Prisons. They have several facilities in the area and make use of both analog and digital trunked systems. Here are the systems in use in the immediate New York City

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS

<u>Metropolitan Correctional Center</u> (located in lower Manhattan, adjacent to Foley Square and across the street from the Federal courthouse). System ID = 931a

Motorola Type II with P-25 voice Base = 407.0000 MHzOffset = 380 kHzStep = 12.5 kHz

407.4125 408.8125 409.5125 409.9000 410.4125

Federal Metropolitan Detention Center Brooklyn (located near the Gowanus Bay, between 2nd and 3rd Avenue on 29th Street).

System ID = b12eMotorola Type II with P-25 voice Base = 406.5000 MHzOffset = 380 kHz

Step = 12.5 kHz

406.5000 406.9250 407.8125 407.9500 408.2125 408.8125

Please note that both of these systems seem to be designed to cover only the area around the BoP facilities, so unless you are nearby you probably won't catch too much from these systems. I was lucky enough to be staying on the 45th floor of my hotel in Manhattan, so I was able to pick up both of these systems fairly well.

Also notice that these two systems share a common frequency. 408.8125 MHz is used by both trunked systems, apparently without many difficulties. I don't know if this was done due to a shortage of available federal UHF channels or

There is an additional federal prison facility in Otisville, NY, that can be heard from New York City if you are in the right place (as I was):

Federal Correctional Institution, Otisville (located in the southeastern part of New York state, near the Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and 70 miles northwest of New York City). System ID = a826

Motorola Type II Base = 407.0125 MHzOffset = 380 kHzStep = 12.5 kHz407.0125 408.0125 408.8125 409.4125 410.0125

And if you are really up in the right spot, you might be able to pick up the Federal Correctional Institution in Danbury, Connecticut.

FCI Danbury (located in southwestern Connecticut, 70 miles from New York City) System ID = b139Motorola Type II Base = 407.0500 MHzOffset =380 kHz Step = 12.5 kHz407.0500 408.2125 409.4125 409.8125

Another federal trunked system in NYC appears to be used mostly by the US Postal Service, but most describe this as simply a "federal" or "unknown" system. Some Internet sources list some "US Customs" talk groups, but most of the activity I have monitored seems to be operations at a main Post Office Facility in New York City (anyone know which one?). The US Customs use of the system would not be out of line with this being a Postal system, as Customs routinely handles inspection of international mail shipments.

#### System ID = 3517Motorola Type II analog Base = 412.0000 MHzOffset = 380 kHz

Step = 25 kHz

**US POSTAL SERVICE, NYC** 

413.7000 415.1500 415.5500 415.9500 416.9500 418.3500

A couple of additional trunked systems you might try to pick up when you are in the New York area are the Ft. Hamilton and West Point Military Academy systems. Both of these are Department of Defense systems, so apologies to Larry Van Horn and the Milcom column, but they are worth a listen. Both of these trunked systems represent the new generation of digital Project 25 systems that can be best received with the latest digital scanners. The West Point system is a multi-site VHF trunked system, and the Ft. Hamilton is a new 380 MHz trunked system.

#### WEST POINT MILITARY ACADEMY

System ID = 00f Base = 136.0000 MHz

Offset = 380 kHz

Step = 12.5 kHz

Tower 101

138.0375 138.1875 138.3375 138.5125 138.6875 139.0375 139.1875

Tower 202

138.1125 139.3375 139.4875 139.6375 140.6625

FORT HAMILTON, BROOKLYN, NY www.hamilton.army.mil/ System ID = 00b

Base Frequency = 380.0000 MHz Step = 12.5 kHz

Offset = 380 kHz 380.07500 380.27500 380.42500 380.57500 380.72500

So, besides the normal VHF and UHF conventional federal activity in the Big Apple, give these trunked systems a try, too.

#### Pittsburgh Area Scanning

While recently in the Pittsburgh area for work, I had the opportunity to meet some of the members of the Three Rivers Area Monitoring Association, otherwise known as TRAMA. The group has their own Yahoo group http:// groups.yahoo.com/group/TRAMAlist/, as well as a weekly "Scanner Net" on one of the area 2-meter Amateur repeaters in the Pittsburgh area. Special thanks go to the TRAMA members for their help with monitoring in the Pittsburgh area.

While in there I was able to attend the Wings Over Pittsburgh Air Show. I had missed the show in previous years but decided to make an effort this year. The Blue Angels were the highlight of the show and the Monitoring Times Air Show frequency listings (www. monitoringtimes.com/html/mtairshow06. **pdf**) were 100% right on the money – thanks, Larry!

Also, while I was in town, preparations were underway for the 2006 Major League Baseball All-Star Game in Pittsburgh. There was an unprecedented number of local, state and federal agencies on hand to provide security for the events around PNC Park and other locations in the area. Some new frequencies popped up during the days prior to the game and were noted by the local scanning community and myself.

163.0250, CSQ - US Army Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh Rivers

163.1000, P-25 - Federal Common, FBI D-7 used during All Star Game 2006

163.2000, 127.3 - US Marshal

163.2000, 136.5 - US Marshal

162.2250 - US Coast Guard - River patrol during All Star Game 2006

163.2375 - VA Medical Center Paging

163.2625, P-25 - VA Medical Center Police 163.3750, CSQ - USPS Mail Trucks (recently replaced by 172.9875)

163.5875, 162.2 - US Army Corps of Engi-

163.5875, 173.8 - US Army Corps of Engi-

163.5875, 192.8 - US Army Corps of Engineers

164.0625, 127.3 - VA Medical Center

164.2125, 114.8 - VA Medical Center Main-

164.3375, D152 - US Postal Service - input to 172.9875 MHz repeater 164.5500, P-25 - FBI D4, used for All Star

Game 2006

164.8750, 103.5 - VA Hospital Transportation

165.2375, 100.0 - DHS CBP Customs NET 1 165.2875, P-25 - ATF NET 1

166.0125, P-25 - VA Medical Center Police input to 163.2625 MHz repeater

166.2250 - VA Medical Center (no longer

166.4625 - DHS Common, used for All Star Game 2006

167.4375, P-25 - FBI, encrypted and clear 167.5375, P-25 - FBI D6, used for All Star Game 2006

169.8000, P-25 - FBI, encrypted and clear

170.3750, 136.5 - Unknown Agency

170.6250, 167.9 - FBI

170.8250, Unknown Agency

171.6500, Unknown Agency

172.9000, P-25 - DHS TSA at Pittsburgh International Airport

172.9875, D152 - USPS Mail Trucks

406.3375, P-25 - USPS Postal inspectors 407.1375, P-25 - USPS Postal Security

407.7250, P-25 - USPS Postal Inspectors

407.7750, P-25 - USPS Postal Inspectors

407.9000, D032 - Federal Reserve Bank

409.2750, 162.2 - USPS input to 415.4500



Your Fed Files columnist (left) with Frank (K3FSS) and Rich of the Three Rivers Monitoring Association

repeater

409.3375 - Federal Itinerant, used OSCAR and LION call signs for All Star Game 2006

410.0000, 100.0 - Unknown Agency

410.0500, D032 - Federal Reserve Bank 410.3500 - Department of Energy paging

412.8375 - Federal Itinerant, used OSCAR and LION call signs for All Star Game 2006

413.8750, CSQ - DHS Federal Protective Service

414.4500, 162.2 - USPS Maintenance Control General Mail Facility

414.7750 - Unknown Agency

415.0500 - USPS Postal Inspectors, tactical simplex

415.3375, P-25 - Input to 406.3375

415.4500, 162.2 - USPS Mail Sorting

416.4000, 107.2 - Bruceton Research Center, **US Bureau of Mines** 

416.4250, CSQ - General Services Administration Building Services

417.6750, CSQ - Bruceton Research Center, DoE, US Bureau of Mines, CDC, NIOSH

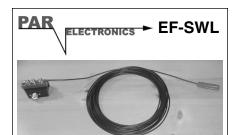
418.6750 - DEA F4

418.9000, P-25 - DEA

419.1750 - DHS Federal Protective Service input to the 413.8750 repeater

419.6500, 110.9 - General Services Administration, input to 416.4250 repeater

Well, that's it for the last Fed Files of 2006. It sure seems like the year went by way too quickly. Be sure and check the Fed Files Blog, and other Monitoring Times blogs at http://mt-fedfiles.blogspot.com/. We'll be back in the January issue of *Monitoring Times* with more Fed Files!



The Par EF-SWL is an end-fed short wave antenna optimally designed for 1-30 MHz reception. The radiator is 45 feet of genuine \*14 gauge black polyethylene coated Flex-Weave wire (168 strands of #36 gauge woven copper). This material is very strong yet can easily be coiled like a rope for portable work. The UV resistant matchbox houses a wideband 9:1 transformer wound on a binocular core. Unlike other transformers, external stainless studs on the matchbox allow the user to configure the primary and secondary grounds for best noise reduction at their particular location. Output is via a silver/teflon SO239 connector.

Par EF-SWL Order #2205 Universal also carries the Par MON3 omni VHF-UHF base antenna and Par RF filters. Note: Orders under \$100 ship UPS for only \$6.95.



#### Universal Radio 6830 Americana Pkwy. Reynoldsburg, OH 43068

♦ Orders: 800 431-3939 ♦ Info: 614 866-4267 614 866-2339

♦ Fax: www.universal-radio.com

idenrogers@monitoringtimes.com

# **Base Station Aircraft Listening Antennas**

hat is the best base station antenna to use for VHF aircraft communications listening? "Best" can be different things to different people and complicated by competing factors such as gain, bandwidth, cost, inconspicuousness, ruggedness, ease of installation, etc.

VHF civil aircraft communications occur in the 118-137 MHz band, so for best reception, antennas need to be designed for that band or specifically include it. Not all multi-band scanner antennas do. So, let's talk antennas.

#### Bandwidth, Impedance, and Coax

When it comes to VHF and UHF antennas, amateur radio operators and commercial two-way technicians most commonly install types that are tuned to specific frequencies. These tend to have narrow bandwidths (limited transmit frequency ranges), have design impedances of 50 Ohms, and are intended to be used with 50 Ohm coaxial cable.



Figure 1 - RG-6 coax and adapters from F to BNC, N, and UHF.

Scanner antennas are intended for entire bands of frequencies. The center of band impedance may or may not be 50 Ohms, and as one departs in frequency from the antenna center band point, the impedance can be all over the place, so 50 or 75 Ohm coax – it really doesn't matter! See: www.irving.org/ftplib/scanning/50v75ohm.txt.

RG-6 coax is a good choice for many listeners and, yes, "F" connectors can be accommodated quite easily with adapters, see Figure 1. For long runs, consider Belden 1523A – see http://bwccat.belden.com and enter 1523A and then click on PDF. For those who feel a need to stay with 50 Ohm coax, with its more familiar connectors and connector installation, and who can afford it, consider LMR-400,

#### www.timesmicrowave.com/wireless

The higher the frequency and the longer the coax run, the more signal is lost along the way to the receiver. Coaxial cable losses are often rated in terms of dB (decibels) of loss per 100 feet at a given frequency. Lower numbers are better. See manufacturers' specifications for loss figures. Avoid RG-58 and RG-59.

#### Antenna Comparisons

To me, part of the hobby is comparing antennas; I rarely take an advertiser's word on antenna performance. To compare antennas, I mount them at the same height on different sides of my tower and run fairly equal, short lengths of the same type of coaxial cable to a tower-mounted, UHF-rated coaxial relay (a specialized remotely-operated coax switch). The relay output coax runs into my shack.

Then, on many different frequencies across the 118-137 MHz band, I remotely switch the relay between the two antennas during single ground transmissions from Air Traffic Controllers, ATIS, AWOS, etc. I write down the signal strengths displayed on the S-meter (signal strength meter) of my Icom R7000 receiver (discontinued), see Figure 2.



Figure 2 – Icom R7000 S-Meter used to compare signal strengths.

Why go to all this trouble when some listeners can already hear aircraft at altitude for over one hundred miles with just a telescoping antenna? Primarily because, by going to the extra trouble, time, and expense to improve your antenna system, you may enable reception from ground stations and aircraft on the ground. It's just more enjoyable to hear both sides of the conversation, as well as extending the distance from which you can hear aircraft in flight.

During antenna comparisons and evaluations, the objective is to tune in as many ground station transmissions as possible, from as many directions as possible, and to get them on frequencies spread across the entire band. This results in a more thorough and meaningful comparison.



Figure 3 – Reference quarter-wave VHF Ground Plane with horizontal radials and impedance matching section.

Figure 3 shows a hobby grade antenna that was sold 25 or more years ago and came with a frequency cutting chart for radial length, vertical element length, impedance match-

ing section dimensions, and (believe it or not) no coaxial connector. Refurbished many times over the years, this antenna has proven itself as a good antenna. As I recall, it is cut for about 124 MHz and works well across the band for receiving. For my particular environment and tuning methods, it has produced better averaged S-meter readings than the other antenna designs I have tried for this band. Therefore, I call it my reference antenna for this band.



Quarter-wave Ground Plane with sloping radials. Radials 23 inches from antenna center. Vertical element 23 inches from insulator base.

In addition to a standard scanner discone, which covers a wide range of frequencies, I have compared my reference antenna to ground planes with sloping radials and no matching section, a carefully constructed J-Pole, a folded ground plane, a folded dipole, a home brew "X" antenna, a surplus FAA Lindenblad array (a four slanted-dipole affair once commonly in use), a coaxial antenna, a five foot tall 5/8 wave base loaded ground plane — and all cut by calculation to about 124 MHz (or in some cases, factory ordered to frequency).



My "X" home brew antenna patterned after a dipole cluster antenna like the Scantenna but designed optimally for the VHF aircraft band. Fed with a TV type 300-75 Ohm transformer and then to RG-6. Diagonal dimension tip-to-tip is 47.5 inches.

The "X" antenna and the Folded Dipole were pretty much audibly indistinguishable from my reference ground plane, but its S-meter readings were a little better. I was surprised to discover the standard scanner discone, installed for this article, did well enough to be



Folded dipole reworked from an Antennacraft FMSS Turnstile FM Antenna. Fed with a TV type 300-75 Ohm transformer and then to RG-6. Tip-to-tip dimension is 44.75 inches. considered "competitive." (Discone example: www.grove-ent.com/wrax71c.html)

Some professional antennas don't necessarily receive better when used with scanners but they do stand up to harsher environments, can handle substantial transmit power, and, as a result, cost considerably more.

To do comparisons, you don't need a tower or even a remote coax relay near the antennas. If the two antennas being compared are mounted not too far from each other, at similar heights, and the coax runs are of the same type, length, and age (a potential performance

deterioration factor), the switching can be done in the shack with a coax switch during single ground transmissions.

#### Complications, Inclinations, and Perspectives

Comparing antennas isn't without its complications. Though the antennas are mounted about four feet from the tower, there is an inevitable interaction between the antennas and the tower, which alters the circular pattern to one that can favor some directions a little better than others for one or both the antennas.

If you are curious about this effect and are concerned about the degree to which it may be influencing your comparison, you can reverse the positions of the antennas on their mounts and take all the readings over again and compare the two sets of readings.

It is a good idea to write down antenna comparison results for each ground station transmission. Unless one antenna is obviously inferior, just coming away with a mental impression of which antenna is better can be misleading. One can unconsciously want one antenna to be better than the other, such as when comparing a \$40 antenna to one costing four times as much. Another reason for taking good notes is for a more certain resolution, and to prevent arriving at a premature and inaccurate conclusion as to which antenna is better.

There are two ways to look at comparison results. I determine the better antenna of two by closely looking at the signal strength readings. But, let's say that a pair of readings is 3.5 on the S-meter for one antenna and 4.5 for the other for a single given ground station transmission. Potentially warped-pattern / directional considerations aside, I regard the better antenna as the one that produced the higher reading. In many, but certainly not all cases with readings this close, there is not an audible difference. With eyes closed, for all practical purposes, they are the *same*!

For those who are more detail oriented, the record-keeping way may be more appealing. For those who don't have a receiver with an S-meter or who are less detail oriented or less patient in their approach, the more casual,

audible comparison can work well enough.

There is also a "no comparisons/who cares" approach. This is where a person buys a scanner and an antenna with little or no research. He hooks it up, listens, has not a clue as to what he might *not* be hearing, has a wonderful time, and is happy as a clam. All are legitimate approaches with different degrees of involvement in the hobby – whatever brings personal enjoyment is what really matters.

#### Military Listening

This column is for civil aircraft communications, but I feel it would be unfair not to mention military aircraft listening briefly since it so neatly ties in with this discussion. The military can use the VHF aircraft band just like the civi

aircraft band just like the civilian users can; they call it VICTOR for VHF. The 225-400

MHz band is where many strictly military aircraft communications take place. They call this UNIFORM for UHF. It is a very broad band in terms of frequency span – 175 MHz. Two other bands that can include military aircraft or base communications are 138-144 and 148-150.8 MHz

#### Multiple Bands

Aviation includes many frequency ranges, so what antenna should one choose? If you plan to listen to VHF aircraft, some voice transmissions by way of VOR stations in the 108-118 MHz band, the two smaller VHF bands (military), and UHF aircraft, plus public safety tossed in (or not), get a scanner discone – unless you plan an installation with multiple, band-specific antennas. It's really that simple!

The discone antenna is particularly well suited for a broad range of frequencies and for multiple frequency ranges. It is an issue of bandwidth vs. gain. A discone will generally perform less well for a single, narrow frequency range as compared to more efficient

narrow-band antenna designs.

#### Antenna Height / Safety Every bit as important as

Every bit as important as your antenna selection is putting your antennas up as high as reasonably possible, in the clear, and using good quality coaxial cable. Not everyone has the physical or technical ability nor the freedom (whether spousal, parental, financial, zoning, or covenant, lease or rental agreement) to put antennas up high, but, within your constraints, go as high as you can!

When it comes to safety during antenna installations and soundness of installation, use established precautions and methods. Be safe, make it safe, and ask for help if you need it.

A solid, well planned installation can provide years of enjoyment. See you next time.



The military surplus discone AT-197A/GR, 225-400 MHz, is coveted by some Mil listeners. This particular one is rebuilt with an "F" connector way up inside.

# FREE SPEECH RADIO WBCQ Shortwave

7.415 - 9.330 - 5.110 - 18.910 wbcq.com spacetransmissions.com



We are the only free speech shortwave station on the planet





## **Details, Details**

ot everyone is interested in the nitty-gritty details of beacon reception. For many, it is enough to know the location of a station and perhaps the name of the facility that it serves. Still, I find that many *MT* readers are accustomed to digging a bit deeper. For serious "ute" monitors, it is often the details that make the difference between an ordinary intercept and one that is worth putting down in the logbook.

This month, we'll look at some little-known facts about beacons and discuss how these tidbits of data may affect your listening. Even if you're not a DX hound, the information will provide insight on why beacons operate the way they do.

#### **ID**, Please

Did you know that many beacons can transmit additional information besides their ID? For example, to indicate that operation has switched to emergency (battery) power or to a backup transmitter, some stations automatically append a "dit" (Morse letter E) to their ID. Beacon ENS/400 kHz (Ensenada, Mexico) has sometimes been heard in this mode – sporting an ID of "ENS-E."

Several Canadian beacons also have a clever way of indicating their status. Normally, there is a 600 ms space between the end of the ID and the long dash that is common to virtually all Canadian beacons. However, when there is an AC power failure and operation switches to battery power, the ID changes to three cycles of 600 ms spacing and three cycles of 1200 ms spacing.

Should a beacon's main transmitter fail and switch over to a reserve unit, the normal 600 ms spacing is extended to 1200 ms on *every* ID cycle, and will continue in this way until the problem is corrected.

Speaking of Canadian beacons, did you know there are a handful of special IDs reserved for *transportable* beacons? If you're lucky enough to hear UAA, UFF, UGG, UJJ, UNN, USS, UTT, UWW or UZZ, you'll know you've tuned one in. Transportable beacons might be used at temporary airfields or for military operations

Finally, there are two common pitches used in North America; 400 Hz and 1020 Hz. With few exceptions, 400 Hz is used in Canada, and 1020 Hz is used in the United States. Telling these tones apart is easy, and can be a first indi-

cator of a beacon's location.

#### It's Your Call

Did you ever wonder why beacons don't send conventional "K" or "W" call signs like other radio stations? Most beacons operate under the auspices of the FAA, which, as a government agency, does not come under FCC control. For this reason, you will not typically find aviation beacons listed in FCC databases claiming to cover the "whole spectrum."

The *BeaconFinder II* directory (described elsewhere in this issue) does cover all FAA beacons, plus many other stations operating in the 0 to 535 kHz spectrum.

#### What Goes Up...

Many FAA beacons include a "V" shaped antenna that is usually orange in color. This antenna is not part of the longwave equipment, but is for a separate 75 MHz marker beacon housed in the same shelter as the LF equipment. Marker beacons transmit a tightly focused beam straight up to help pilots determine when they are directly over the beacon site.



"V" shaped antennas at many longwave sites are for a separate 75 MHz marker beacon. This is LH/334 kHz, Bloomington, IL.

#### On the Road Again

Have you ever been traveling and come across what you suspect might be an LF beacon? Here's a trick that may help you find the answer: It is often possible to hear the second or third harmonic of a beacon on your car's AM radio. I used this trick while on vacation to hear EVB/417 kHz at New Smyrna Beach, Florida, near 834 kHz (417 x 2 = 834). Of course, you

must be quite close to the station (1/8 mile or so) for this to work.

#### **End Notes**

The ARRL Letter, Vol 25, No. 31, reports that the Irish Radio Transmitters Society has applied to Irish communications regulator ComReg for a small allocation in the region of 500 kHz for Amateur Radio experimentation. The move follows a similar proposal made by the RSGB to UK regulator Ofcom in 2004.

Ofcom has not yet made a decision on the RSGB proposal, but the society is hopeful of an allocation between 501 and 504 kHz. There is also a possibility that Ofcom might designate the spot frequency of 500 kHz as a maritime memorial frequency. In recent years, there has been little traffic on the band 415 to 526.6 kHz, after most countries stopped using it as a Morse emergency maritime frequency in the 1990s.

#### **Some Tense Moments**

Ralph Craig, AJ8R (OH) wrote to us with an interesting story about his radio hobby that had a (thankfully) happy ending. Ralph writes: "A year after 9/11, the security around the naval

shipyard in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, had been greatly tightened with small Coast Guard and naval auxiliary boats maintaining a patrol around the docks. As usual, when visiting my mother-in-law in NH, I took my Yaesu FR-101S with a LW converter installed in place of the 6-meter converter. I was down at the beach in a state park overlooking the entrance to the harbor where a Navy shipyard is located. Two USCG cutters are based there.

"My antenna was a homebuilt large loop with a 360-degree compass rosette and pointer. I had logged many stations including Nova Scotia, Maine, Quebec, even Gander, Newfoundland, when I

noticed a Rye police car pull up and park close on my right. The officer gave me a once over and sat there. Soon a second police car pulled in and parked on my left also looking me over. At this point I became a bit concerned. When a third police car pulled in and parked on my right I decided to leave. As I packed up my gear, the three officers got out of their cars, grabbed their brown bags and sat down at a picnic table for lunch. They couldn't have cared less about what I was doing!"

I wish all of our readers a happy Thanksgiving, and I'll see you next month!

# UTER LIMITS THE CLANDESTINE, THE UNUSUAL, THE UNLICENSED

# **FCC Upholds Fines for Selling Transmitters**

ibson Tech, a retailer who sold Ramsey FM transmitters from an internet web site, was fined \$14,000 in 2005 by the FCC for selling transmitters that do not have FCC type acceptance and are only allowed for export.

In its defense, Gibson said that the FCC had inappropriately used a "secret shopper" on their hobbytron.com web site, that the Ramsey transmitters have been sold by "hundreds of retailers," and that their customers signed a document claiming the purchase was for export. They also said they couldn't pay and they were taking the website down at the end of April 2006.

This summer the FCC denied the appeal on all counts and says that the fine is due within 30 days. The website is still there selling the transmitters last time we looked. Caveat emptor!

#### Hezbollah TV Relay Provider Arrested

New York police in late August arrested Javed Iqbal, aged 42. He was charged with providing Hezbollah TV signals to customers in the New York City area. The Associated Press quoted US Attorney Michael Garcia, who said that the USA government had determined that Hezbollah was a "global terrorist entity," and thus it is illegal to relay their satellite feeds to customers in New York. Iqbal used a satellite dish in Queens to pick up the signals, using a company called HDTV Limited in Brooklyn, New York. Thanks to veteran shortwave publisher Larry Magne of *Passport to World Band Radio* for providing two of our lead items this month

#### Laser Hot Hits Busted in Europe

In late August, longtime Europirate **Laser Hot Hits** announced that they were terminating
their shortwave broadcasts as a result of a bust.
The station's own announcement about the situation reads.

"After 12 years of successful broadcasting to Europe, we have reluctantly been forced to shutdown our shortwave transmissions. This is due to action from the radio authorities. In the meantime, we shall keep the Destiny stream and shows on our website available so listeners can continue to hear our programmes. Please keep checking this website for more updates over the coming weeks. Thanks to all the shortwave listeners who have supported us over the years."

Both streaming audio and the latest news

from this station are available on their internet web site at the http://laserhothits.co.uk/ internet URL. The station was active earlier in August, and was logged in North America prior to the bust on 6220 kHz around 2330 UTC.

#### Another FM Pirate Fined

The FCC has announced that they have closed down yet another FM pirate operation. This time they fined Matthew Britcher \$17,000 for operating an unlicensed radio station on 103.3 MHz in Bettendorf, Iowa, and for refusing to allow an inspection.

Despite frequent FCC busts of FM pirates, many scores of such stations continue to operate across the United States. Thus, it pays to scan around your local FM dial to see if you notice any unusual activity.

#### Clandestine Video

The sharp eyes of Horacio Nigro in Uruguay notied that the U Tube television network has posted a video memorializing the antique North American clandestine Radio Venceremos from the 1980s. Although this program is in Spanish, it is very much worth a look at www.youtube.com/watch?v=PfJR-aH9S2M

#### New Clandestine Podcast

Veteran DXer Nick Grace, part of the outstanding team that produces both *Clandestine Radio Watch* and **clandestineradio.com**, has announced that he is producing an internet podcast. Nick's programming is devoted to the latest news in clandestine radio and unofficial international broadcasting. Those of us who are interested in political clandestine radio will certainly want to check out Nick's internet "radio" stream. Click on **www.ClandestineRadio.com/gcw/** for the latest edition of this interesting new program service.

#### Part 15 Stations Legal

Not all unlicensed broadcasters are illegal under United States law. During mid-August, amateur radio operator N9OGL in Illinois successfully tested a part 15 low power transmitter with a limited antenna on 13,556 kHz around 0000 UTC using lower sideband modulation. On this frequency, under good propagation conditions, his Omega One Radio broadcast was widely heard across eastern North America. This sort of experimentation is completely legal, if FCC part 15 rules are followed carefully.

#### Old Pirate QSLs

We have news from veteran pirate DXer Mike Prindle, who owns a very old pirate radio QSL. He heard and verified Radio Dublin International on 24th September 1981. The QSL is written on a half-sheet of some kind of legal or accounting paper. Michael says that, "I had forgotten that this was actually my first pirate radio station received, as I used it as a shortwave country. I hate to take away Craig Krist's moment in the spotlight, but ... I believe I have him by a couple of months!"



Meanwhile we received a very interesting collage of pirate QSLs from a contributor in the United Kingdom who forgot to mention his name. It also included a photo of an old Basque **Radio Euzkadi** clandestine. In later years that one was found to be broadcasting from a utility station transmitter in Venezuela, but this information was not known by DXers back during the 1960s. Here we see a nice World Music Radio QSL from March 26, 1972, from this anonymous contributor. We thank this contributor, but we wish that we knew who he or she is!

#### What We Are Hearing

Monitoring Times readers heard sixteen different North American pirates this month. You can hear them, too, if you use some simple techniques. Pirate radio stations never use regularly announced schedules, but shortwave pirate broadcasting increases noticeably on weekends and major holidays. In the United States, Halloween and Thanksgiving will be the next upcoming major holidays. You sometimes have to tune your dial up and down through the pirate radio band to find the stations, but more than 95% of all North American shortwave pirate broadcasts are heard on 6925 kHz, plus or minus 30 or 40 kHz.

Good Times Radio- This apparent new station has been broadcasting rock music and commentary

Continued on page 61

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## **Great Radio in Grubby Times**

epending on which prognosticating propagation pundit you choose to believe, we are more or less at the bottom of the 11 year sunspot cycle. If you have been on the HF bands at all, you know just how bad things have been. However, if you dig through your back issues of *MT* or any other radio hobby magazine from around 11 years or so ago, you'll probably find more than a few folks wringing their hands and stating that the radio hobby would die due to the lack of quality long distance HF signals to play with.

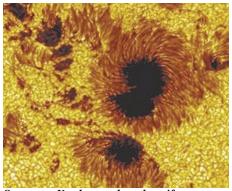
Well, I guess those various experts missed the side of the barn back then and any who take that stand today would be just as wrong. I have been through four of the 11 year sunspot cycles since I began playing radio, first as a listener and then as an active ham, and throughout that time I still head off to my shack and spin the dials.

I decided to "celebrate" the current band conditions by sharing some of the ways I've have made it through the bottom of past solar cycles when you have to grub for a signal. You don't have to convert your operating desk to a model train layout just because the sunspots aren't showing up right now.

#### Operate Anyway

Oh, I'll grant you that I am not likely to nail V7's (Marshall Islands) with five watts on phone right now. But I still wouldn't be surprised if I didn't dig up one or two islands on a contest weekend working QRP CW. Things are tough below 30 MHz right now, but I still haven't stopped operating HF running low power. I have just changed my expectations a bit to fit the situation. Even with a lot more rag chewing and a bit less DX chasing, I still fill the log book. If you just look at the bottom of the sunspot cycle as being something to work through, you can do the same. Remember, it's just as nasty on the bands for everyone else; we are all equally disadvantaged. So accept the challenge and continue to have fun.

First off, get into the habit of listening more. Even in the weak section of the solar cycle, some interesting band openings can happen. Remember, radio signals may propagate in the HF regions largely due to the sunspot cycle, but that's not the exclusive cause. (See Tomas Hood's background article on propagation in September MT - ed) Much more is involved in bringing that signal around the world to you, so if enough other seasonal and geomagnetic factors fall into place, good things can still happen. Keep an ear out for things going your way. And



Sunspots - You have to love them if you are an HF operator.

if you hear 'em, try to work 'em.

And, while you're doing all that listening, do not be afraid to throw out a call on what you think is a dead band. Think of it as fishing in a cloudy pond. You don't know where the fish are hiding, but you know they are there someplace. It doesn't hurt to throw out a few casts.

Also, do not feel that contesting is futile during these rough times on the bands. Remember what I said earlier: things are bad for everyone. The handicap presented by the bottom of the cycle is getting in the way of those big gun stations, too. Maybe it even levels the playing field a bit. So if you enjoy throwing your call out on a contest weekend, have at it! There will still be lots of multipliers to work.

#### Fill in the Gaps

As mentioned earlier, DX is going to be fairly tough right now. Sometimes it is going to seem as if the F2 layer doesn't have a single ion left in it. Shorter distance communication will be the order of the day on HF in many cases.

Okay, as they say, we have lemons: let's make a nice batch of lemonade. Go through your logs and look at the gaps in your domestic lists. Find that handful of states you haven't gotten around to adding to your log and start searching for them.

One great way to accomplish this is to find out when those elusive states are holding the annual QSO parties. Most ham publications list these and I even note many of them in the sidebar to this column in *MT*. With so many ears looking for your signal during a localized contest, you may get a chance to work a new one or two even if the cycle has bottomed out.

So, if you are missing Delaware on 20 meters or Wyoming on 40 meters, this would be a good time to turn your energies toward 5

band Worked All States. You can even apply this to targeted DX contests. Contests representing specific countries or entities will have more stations on the air than even some of the bigger general contests.

#### CW Cuts the Mustard

If you haven't given Morse code a try in a long time, now is the time to dust off your key. CW has always been able to get through in difficult band conditions. Why do you think it is the mode of choice for most Moon Bounce aficionados?

You don't have to send fast, just send clean. Under bottom of the cycle conditions, a good slow fist can win the day against a very high noise floor. And who knows: once you get back in the CW saddle, you may decide to stick around. The CW portions of the HF band are a great place to play radio.

#### Go Digital

The newer digital modes such as PSK31 can also do a very good job under current band conditions. Most modern digital modes make use of error correcting protocols that help to alleviate the problems presented by poor propagation and band noise. If you haven't looked into digital HF yet, the bottom of the solar cycle is a great place to start.

#### Build Something

Okay, even with the pep talk I have given you up to this point, I am enough of a realist to know that there are going to be a few days when the bands are just going to be dead. Not to worry. When you can't listen to or talk on the radio, you can always build one! I have a slight advantage over some hams in that I probably enjoy building radio gear even more than I do operating.

If you look thorough the pages of most amateur radio publications or search on the internet, you will find kits of all sizes and prices. You can build station accessories or even an entire transceiver. The "quiet" times on the bands are the "solder melting" times for me around my shack.

If you want to go beyond kit building, there are hundreds of circuits published in books such as the *ARRL Handbook* as well as on the Internet. Most HF ham gear can be built "Ugly Style" without the need for etched printed circuit boards. I can tell you that one of the proudest moments you can have in ham radio is to let the station on the other side of the QSO know that

your rig is homebrew.

This is also a good time to experiment with different antennas. One of the great things about HF is that great wire antennas can be built for very low cost. If you find solar cycle conditions seem to be favoring one band over another, you may want to look into constructing a gain antenna for that band.

#### Upgrade

So then, if bad conditions have you spending less time at the dials, maybe you could devote an hour or two to getting your next highest amateur radio license. Grab a study guide for your next license challenge and spend those radio-free hours getting ready to head to the next Volunteer Examiner's Test Session. If you haven't met the CW requirement yet (still needed for General and Extra), 15 minutes of serious practice copying code per day should get you to the 5 word per minute requirement in about 4 weeks. Make yourself a promise to greet the rise of the new solar cycle licensed to operate on all amateur radio frequencies and in all modes.

#### Going Higher

I almost called this section "Sunspots? We don't need no stinking sunspots!" but thought better of it. I saved this toward the end, because I don't see VHF/UHF operating as a replacement for HF operating. With the exception of perhaps contesting, the "vibe" tends to be different in the world above 30 MHz.

That said, there is a lot of fun to be had on those bands which are not as directly affected by the solar cycle. If you still like the hunt of DXing, you may want to give a serious look at weak signal work. Instead of collecting countries, you will be shooting for grid squares, but the joy of the chase is still there.

If you are an HF operator, you can look at using transverters to get your equipment up into the VHF/UHF bands, or you can look at dedicated transceivers. If you own one of the newer broadband rigs such as something from the ICOM 706 series, now would be a good time to see what the non-FM modes are like above 30 MHz. There is a lot more to be found than repeaters up there. Sideband and digital modes dominate the world of weak signal DXing.

VHF/UHF radio also lends itself to experimentation, especially with the smaller antenna sizes.

#### Community Service

Public service radio assistance is always needed, regardless of band conditions. But, since you may find yourself doing more VHF/UHF operating during this period of poorer HF conditions, you may find using your radios to help other people to be even more rewarding than catching that next country needed toward the Honor Roll. Contact your local ARES or RACES coordinator and offer your assistance. You will get to participate in drills and training as well as getting out on the road to offer radio communication to community activities and for area emergencies.

#### Here Comes the Science

Galileo Galilei made the first observation of Sunspots in 1610 with his early telescope. The 11 year sunspot cycle was first proposed by German astronomer Heinrich Schwabe in 1843.

By the way, if you want a great time lapsed glimpse of the solar activity from the last solar cycle, Web on over to www.nasa.gov/mpg/143937main\_SOHO\_EIT\_sm.mpg and get a look at NASA's SOHO satellite movie.

Now for the best news of all: thanks to the latest technology and science (including the work of the aforementioned SOHO Team) the experts are predicting that the next solar cycle may get off to a slow start but is expected to peak in 2012 with sunspot activity up to 50% greater than the peak of the last solar cycle. You can bet I am getting ready for a run at DXCC

with 1 watt, maybe even 1/2 watt. Good things come to those who wait.

Have fun. I'll see you at the bottom end of 40 meters, even if it is noisy right now.

#### **UNCLE SKIP'S CONTEST CALENDAR**

ARRL Sweepstakes Contest (CW) 2100 UTC Nov 4 - 0300 UTC Nov 5

Kentucky QSO Party 1400 UTC Nov 11 - 0600 UTC Nov 12

ARRL Sweepstakes Contest (SSB) 2100 UTC Nov 18 - 0300 UTC Nov 20

NA Collegiate ARC Championship (SSB) 2100 UTC Nov 18 - 0300 UTC Nov 20

CQ Worldwide DX Contest (CW) 0000 UTC Nov 25 - 2400 UTC Nov 26

#### Outer Limits continued from Page 59

on other pirate stations. (None known) **Grasscutter Radio-** By now a veteran pirate, their

Grasscutter Radio- By now a veteran pirate, their programming is usually rock music. (Uses grasscutterradio@yahoo.com)

**KIPM-** Alan Maxwell's existential drama programming remains on the air. He may have the most complex productions in pirate radio today. (None; formerly used Elkhorn)

MAC Shortwave- They recreate a genuine oldies rock format that sounds just like the old medium wave rock stations did in prior decades. They still sometimes omit the "shortwave" part of their ID, and they use both 6925 and 6851 kHz. (Uses macshortwave@yahoo.com)

North Woods Radio- Still broadcasting "from the Great Lakes," their loon bird call noise makes their rock and comedy easy to spot. (Uses northwoodsradio@yahoo.com)

Omega One Radio- This relatively new one has been playing very diverse rock music songs. (Unknown)

Radio Calienté- Jerry Guy heard this one on the unusual frequency of 13955 kHz at 1552 UTC. Their programming was Latin American music. (None, asked for reports via the Free Radio Network web site)

Radio Sixpack- The format on this new one has been very old rock music oldies. (Unknown)

Sunshine Radio- Their female announcer hosts rock music, still in association with Grasscutter Radio. (Uses grasscutterradio@yahoo.com)

The Crooked Man- This old offbeat pirate from the 1980s has returned. Their announcer said that he fell on his head, accounting for his strange rants. (None valid)

The Crystal Ship- The Poet's "Voice of the Blue States Republic" normally features classic rock and leftist political commentary on highly variable frequencies such as 6875 kHz and 1710, 3320, 6854, 6925, and 9057 kHz. (Belfast and uses tcsshortwave@yahoo.com)

The International Voice of Pickle's Worth- This one appeared late in the summer, but it featured only IDs with no other programming. (None)

Undercover Radio - Dr. Benway's rock music and pirate radio history discussions still are transmitted "from the middle of nowhere." (Merlin and uses undercoverradio@mail.com)

WBNY- At it best, Commander Bunny is a funny parody of political clandestine broadcasting. At other times they feature rock music and slow scan TV experiments. (Belfast and uses rodentrevolutionhq@yahoo.com)

WMPR- When you hear techno rock music with a "dance party" slogan, then you are hearing this one. (None; has QSLed only at the Winter SWL Festival)

WTPR- Using a "tire pressure radio" slogan, this one proves that literally any subject can pop up in pirate radio programming. (None)

#### QSLing Pirates

Reception reports to pirate stations require three first class stamps for USA maildrops or \$2 US to foreign locations, especially in Europe. The cash defrays postage for mail forwarding and a souvenir QSL to your mailbox. Letters go to these addresses, identified above in parentheses: PO Box 1, Belfast, NY 14895; PO Box 109, Blue Ridge Summit, PA 17214; PO Box 69, Elkhorn, NE 68022; PO Box 146, Stoneham, MA 02180; 383 Kingston Avenue, Suite 94, Brooklyn NY 11213; and PO Box 293, Merlin, Ontario N0P 1W0. Unfortunately, PO Box 69, Elkhorn, NE 68022 is no longer a valid address.

Some pirates prefer e-mail, bulletin logs or internet web site reports instead of snail mail correspondence. The best bulletin for submitting pirate loggings with a hope that pirates might QSL is now the e-mailed *Free Radio Weekly* newsletter, still free to contributors via *yukon@tm.net*. A few pirates will sometimes QSL reports left on the Free Radio Network web site, at <a href="http://www.frn.net">http://www.frn.net</a>. Unfortunately, given the demise of *The ACE*, that formerly widely read bulletin can no longer be used in order to notify pirates that a listener heard a broadcast.

#### Thanks

Your loggings and news about unlicensed broadcasting stations are always welcome via 7540 Highway 64 W, Brasstown, NC 28902, or via the email address atop the column. We thank this month's valuable contributors: Kirk Baxter, North Canton, OH; Jerry Berg, Lexington, MA; Artie Bigley, Columbus, OH; Dean Burgess, Manchester, MA; Gerry Dexter, Lake Geneva, WI; Rich D'Angelo, Wyomissing, PA; Bill Finn, Philadelphia, PA; Harold Frodge, Midland, MI; Nick Grace, Washington, DC; Jerry Guy, Atlanta, GA; William T. Hassig, Mt. Prospect, IL; Harry Helms, Smithville, TX; Kraig Krist, Manassas, VA; Ed Kusalik, Coaldale, Alberta; Chris Lobdell, Stoneham, MA; Larry Magne, Penn's Park, PA; Greg Majewski, Oakdale, CT; Will Martin, St. Louis, MO; A. J. Michaels, Blue Ridge Summit, PA; Joe Miller, Troy, MI; Horacio A. Nigro, Montevideo, Uruguay; John Poet, Belfast, NY; Mike Prindle, New Suffolk, NY; Martin Schoech, Eisenach, Germany; John Sedlacek, Omaha, NE; Bryan Wade, Elizabethtown, KY; and Joe Wood, Greenback, TN.

# Real Grounds, Radio Grounds, and Artificial Grounds

#### Electrical Ground

One meaning of the term "ground" refers to a connection to the earth, often by means of an 8-ft long metal rod driven into the earth. By connecting the grounding terminal on our equipment to this ground, we may help reduce the likelihood of getting an electrical shock from our equipment and also reduce the likelihood of lightning-induced damage to that equipment. This kind of ground is called an "electrical ground."

#### Radio Ground

Yet another meaning of "ground" refers to the earth beneath an antenna. Earth conducts electrical current, and the electrical resistance of the earth beneath an antenna varies widely from one location to another. The interaction between the earth beneath the antenna and the radio-frequency energy from that antenna is important. Some portion of the RF energy from an antenna is usually directed earthward. When this energy encounters the earth, some portion of the energy reflects from the earth and combines with the other RF energy launched by the antenna. This combined energy helps determine the shape of the radiation and reception pattern of the antenna.

The depth to which radio energy appears to penetrate the earth before being reflected is sometimes referred to as the "radio ground" (not "RF ground" which is discussed later). When the earth beneath an antenna is highly resistive, the depth to which the radio energy penetrates is greater than for more conductive earth. Thus, as far as the behavior of radio waves are concerned, the apparent surface of the earth can be lower than the actual surface of the earth. For example, once when the radio pioneer Marconi was in a desert

region he used an antenna constructed by laying wires directly on the highly-resistive, dry sand. The antenna performed as if it were elevated high in the air. It was as though the antenna was sitting atop a tall insulator made of dry sand.

In addition to reflection of RF energy, some portion of the energy that encounters the earth is converted to electrical current. As this current flows in the earth, some of it is dissipated as heat in the earth's resistance. This current is therefore lost to the communication process. If the earth beneath the antenna is dry and rocky, it will have high resistance and much of the current will be lost as heat. If the earth is moist, then it will have a lower resistance and less current will be lost as heat.

So, at times it is worthwhile to make the earth more conductive by putting wires in the earth beneath the antenna. For the Marconi quarter-wavelength antenna these wires usually radiate out from the base of the antenna like spokes of a wheel, and are referred to as "radials." The radials are connected to the base of the antenna where they can return the current that they capture back into the antenna's circuit. Radials make the antenna more efficient both in amount of power launched in transmitting or captured in receiving.

#### Radio-Frequency Grounds: Actual and Artificial

When transmitting, if you find that you get stinging shocks or RF burns from your microphone, radiotelegraph key, or transmitter case, the chances are that you need a better RF ground. This condition is often called "having RF in the shack," or having a "hot chassis."

RF in the shack is usually caused either from using no RF ground, or an excessively long ground lead-in wire. If you have no RF ground (that is, no connection from the earth to your equipment's ground terminal), you should install one. This not only helps with keeping RF where it belongs, but, as mentioned earlier, it can help reduce your chances of getting an electrical shock from the AC power if a short occurs in your equipment.

Whereas you may get by using only a single 8-foot rod driven into the earth, many operators suggest using two to six rods, all separated by several feet. They should be connected together by heavy conductors. With heavy wire, make the shortest lead practical from the RF ground to your transmitter's ground terminal. If a separate antenna tuner is used, connect to its ground terminal rather than to the transmitter's.

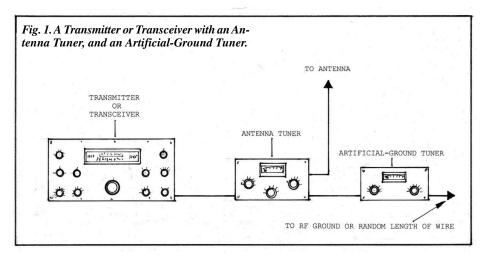
If your transmitter is located in an upper story of a building, you probably won't be able to make a sufficiently short RF connection to the earth. If you can't install a satisfactory RF ground, usually you can solve this problem by connecting one or more radials (each a quarter wavelength long at the transmitter's operating frequency) to the transmitter's or antenna-tuner's ground connector.

Another solution when ground leads are too long is to use a device called an "artificial ground" (fig 1). Connect it from your transmitter's ground terminal to either a random-length wire or to the RF ground wire that leads to an actual earth ground. Again, if a separate antenna tuner is used, connect to its ground terminal rather than to the transmitter's terminal.

#### Counterpoises and Above-Ground Radials

Sometimes counterpoise elements and above-ground radials are thought of as substitutes for the earth. However, in some antenna designs, elements called counterpoises are radiating antenna elements rather than a substitute for the actions of the earth. The set of above-ground resonant radials used with ground-plane antennas are sometimes referred to as a "counterpoise." On the other hand, an above-ground, non-resonant wire net or screen beneath an antenna is also sometimes called a "counterpoise."

Because above-ground radials used with ground plane antennas are resonant, radiating elements, they should perhaps better be thought of as antenna elements rather than as part of a ground system. The net or screen is not resonant, and radiates little if any energy.



#### This Month's Interesting Antenna-Related Web site:

Operation manual of an MFJ artificial grounddevice:

www.mfjenterprises.com/man/pdf/MFJ-931. pdf#search=%22artificial%20ground%

Artificial-ground tuner discussion: www.remeeus.eu/english/hamradio/artificial\_ground.htm



A program to determine coil size for artificial ground used with a 1/4 wavelength vertical antenna:

www.smeter.net/grounds/c poise.php One ham's ideas on curing RF in the shack: http://dzabcik.home.texas.net/ground.html

At times a half-wavelength of wire is strung just above the earth, but directly below a half-wavelength, horizontal dipole antenna. This resonant wire is often though of as a counterpoise in the antenna system – a sort of replacement for

a highly-conductive ground. In a sense it's true that resonant above-ground radials and resonant, above-ground counterpoises do substitute for the earth. However, they have much lower resistance than earth and function as resonant, radiating antenna elements, not as a non-resonant, reflective resistor as does the earth.

#### For the Record

The radio pioneer Lee DeForest once took a wireless set on a balloon flight to make some tests. The technician helping him became concerned that, high in the air, they would have no ground connection for the antenna of the wireless set. So, just before take-off, he dashed away to return shortly carrying a flower pot, complete with flower. Inserting the ground lead into the earth in the flower pot he pronounced the system ready to go!

usable signal from the space around it as a normal antenna would do. However, it does receive a signal via a connection to a signal generator.

A signal generator is a device for furnishing a low-level radio-frequency signal to a receiver's antenna-input circuit for circuit-adjustment purposes. The impedance of the artificial antenna is matched to the impedance of the receiver's antenna-input circuit. Thus, after adjustment, the input circuits of the receiver will match the impedance of antennas designed to work with the receiver when it is put into service later.

#### This Month:

What in the world is "sky billiards"? Hint: No, it's not playing pool while riding in a jet

You'll find an answer to this month's riddle, another riddle, another antenna-related web site or so, and much more, in next month's issue of Monitoring Times. 'Til then Peace, DX, and 73.

#### RADIO RIDDLES

#### Last Month:

I asked: "We now know what a dummy some antennas are. Now what is an 'artificial antenna'?"

Well, just as the dummy antenna was used as an aid in adjusting transmitters, an artificial antenna is useful in adjusting receivers. The artificial antenna is shielded, and thus receives no

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### **DADIO RESTORATIONS** BRINGING OLD RADIOS BACK TO LIFE

# Sizing Up Our Trans-Oceanic

ast month, by way of introducing our new project radio, the B600 Trans-Oceanic, I presented a brief, condensed, history of the evolution of the classic "suitcase" models of this much-loved receiver. By the time the B600 was introduced in 1959, the first of the smaller, lighter "Royal" transistorized Trans-Oceanics was already on the market. Thus, the B600 we're about to examine – as the last of the tube-model "suitcases" - represented the end of an era.

#### Dealing With the Mold (Ugh!)

I've been holding onto this B600 for maybe 20 years, planning one day, to use it as the subject of a restoration article. But when I took it down from the shelf in my basement workshop (not a particularly damp environment), I found its leatherette covering coated by a very unappetizing deposit of mold. A nice Hickock 6000A tube tester stored nearby was similarly affected.

Taking both items outside, I washed the cases using a soft cloth and my wife's Murphy's oil soap, a cleaner she uses for some of the more delicate household tasks. Swirls of mold spores puffed into the air as I worked. But after I had washed the cases twice and rinsed with plain water, both the standard "Black Stag" covering of the Zenith and the Hickock's trademark red leatherette were mold free (at least to the naked

Both cases were also remarkably fresh looking. As for myself, I felt that the mold was probably all over me, even though I couldn't see it. Before going further, I tossed all my clothes into the laundry and took a quick shower. Per-



Swinging up the front cover reveals the B600's front panel, which is dominated by the 600 series' trademark slide-rule dial and associated band-select buttons.

haps some of you readers have suggestions for a gentle chemical treatment that might prevent mold from re-growing on the cases, though I know the only real solution is to introduce cross ventilation (now lacking) and perhaps a de-humidifier

Now that the cabinet was clean enough to be handled, I could review the radio's general condition and refresh myself about some of its important features. But one thing was immediately clear. Cosmetically, this set is probably in the best condition of any I've ever used as a restoration project. And that's quite a relief after my experiences with the Silvertone "Little Fellow" that was our last subject.

#### The Front Panel

The B600's front panel, revealed by lifting the swing-up cover, is dominated by the large multi-scale slide-rule dial that is a trademark of the 600 series. The topmost scale on the dial, calibrated from 0 to 60, is simply a logging scale. The next four scales below that are labeled 31 Meters (9.3 - 9.9 MHz), 25 Meters (11.4-12.2 MHz), 19 Meters (14.8-15.6 MHz) and 16 Meters (17.4-18.2 MHz).

These reflect Zenith's original philosophy of restricting shortwave coverage to a series of "sliver bands." Ease of tuning was accomplished by spreading out each dial scale over a band covering just the most popular international broadcasting frequencies.

Originally, there was an additional "sliver band" covering 49 meters. As mentioned last month, however, this was replaced, beginning with the H600, with two general coverage bands (2-4 MHz and 4-9 MHz). The idea was to make the radio more useful to yachtsmen by covering various ship-to-ship, marine, and weather frequencies. These are the next two scales on the B600 dial.

Finally, the bottom scale covers the conventional AM broadcast band. Any of the seven bands in the B600's tuning range may be selected by depressing the push-button associated with

Below the big slide-rule dial are the usual knobs for on/off-volume and tuning. Played up in the advertising for this model is a battery-saving "on" indicator which is nothing more than the word "ON," in small type. It's hidden by a tab on the volume control knob, but revealed once the control is rotated to power the set. As far as the tuning knob is concerned, right now it will move the dial pointer just a little bit in each direction. Apparently the dial cord(s) is intact



The top scale on the tuning dial is for logging. The next four are "sliver bands" (see text). The following two are general coverage bands intended to allow reception of marine frequencies. The broadcast band scale is at the bottom.

and just slipping.

Below the knobs are four tone-control switches, labeled "treble," "voice," "alto," and "bass." Found on every model of Trans-Oceanic from the very first one, and sometimes billed as the "Radiorgan," their manipulation allows for the selection of up to 16 different tone colorations.

A phone jack and a spring-loaded dial light switch are the only other two items on the uncluttered front panel. As wired, the dial lights work only from a separate 1.5-volt battery and remain on only as long as the spring is depressed.

The inside of the B600's swing-up front cover has a little compartment with a springloaded door labeled "LOGS" and "CHARTS." This, unfortunately, is empty – but perhaps someone has scanned and printed out the correct paperwork for this compartment and is making it available on the internet. I'll be checking for

#### The Antennas

At the upper-right-hand corner of the top of the case is a round black knob that is attached to



This view of the back of the set shows the "Waverod" shortwave antenna (in collapsed position), the recessed "Wavemagnet" broadcast band antenna with its transmission line, and the radio chassis and battery compartment.

the top of the "Waverod" telescoping antenna, which is used for shortwave reception. Giving the knob a half-twist releases the top section of the antenna, after which it can be pulled out to its full length of perhaps five feet.

The broadcast antenna, or "Wave-Magnet," is a ferrite rod enclosed in a plastic case that is recessed into the top of the cabinet just behind the handle. It can be used in that position or removed from its recess by opening the rear cover and pushing up through one of the provided finger holes. A small pin extends down from the bottom center of the Wave-Magnet. This may be inserted into a hole provided in the carrying handle – allowing the listener to rotate the antenna, taking advantage of its directional properties to maximize reception.

The Wave-Magnet is attached to the receiver by a transmission line about four feet long. This allows the antenna to be pulled out and mounted on the window of a car, bus, steel-framed building, etc. to allow reception in situations where shielding might otherwise prevent it. My Wave-Magnet has two snap fasteners intended for the attachment of suction cups. These are missing.

Here the "Waverod" is partially extended and "Wavemagnet" has been removed from its recess and installed on the carrying handle so it can be rotated.



#### Inside the Cabinet

Dropping the back cover of the receiver reveals the radio chassis, which is mounted on a shelf above a generously-sized battery compartment. The battery pack had to be big, because according to the B600 instruction book, which I was able to download from the internet, it was designed to last for about 150 hours when used for an average of 3-4 hours per day.

On the inside of the back cover are a clip to hold the instruction book as well as two fittings with knurled thumbscrews intended to capture the excess length of the Wave-Magnet's transmission line. According to an illustration in the instruction book, two suction cups for the Wave-Magnet should also be stored on the back cover – right next to the transmission line fittings. I assume that snap fasteners like the ones on the Wave-Magnet itself would have been provided. But, oddly enough, I see no sign that any such hardware had ever been present.

The chassis itself is nice and clean, though its painted surfaces do show signs of pitting here and there. A little corrosion is also visible on some unpainted metal parts, but nothing serious. A plug for the connection of a phono pickup arm is provided on the rear apron, as is a radio/phono switch.

One obviously missing part is the large spring-actuated takeup reel that used to retract the a.c. cord when the set was operated on batteries. I don't expect to be able to replace this

unless I happen across somebody who is "parting out" a B600. However, it is not necessary for the operation of the radio, and the cord can just as easily be poked back into the radio cabinet manually when necessary.

I should mention that the a.c. plug must be inserted into the recessed outlet provided to switch over to battery operation.

The tube complement of the B600 is as follows: 1U4 r.f. amplifier, 1L6 oscillator/mixer, 1U4 i.f. amplifier, 1U5 detector/AVC/a.f. amplifier, 3V4 audio output. This is a series of miniature tubes designed especially for use in battery portable radios; their filaments draw only 50 mA. There's also a 50A1 voltage regulator tube to be discussed below. I did check to see that the proper tubes were inserted in the sockets. They were and I was especially pleased to see that the 1L6 oscillator/mixer was present.

This is quite a rare tube that may have been developed especially for converter (oscillator/mixer) use in the Trans-Oceanics. I understand that it rarely turns up in other battery portables – with the exception of Trans-Oceanic knockoffs such as the one by Hallicrafters. The reason for a specially developed converter tube lies in the Trans-Oceanic's shortwave coverage, which extends to over 18 MHz on the B600.

At best, converter tubes tend to be an unstable and noisy breed. Push such a tube to the limit by operating its filament and plate on just 1.4 volts and 90 volts respectively and performance becomes iffy – especially at the higher frequencies and as battery voltages begin to decline with use. The 1L6 was designed to overcome this problem. The 50A1 voltage regulator tube was introduced for a related reason – to prevent oscillator dropout due to power line voltage variations.

Substituting for an unobtainable 1L6 has been the subject of many articles in the radio restoration press. Perhaps the most common fix is described by Ludwell Sibley in his *Radio Age* (May, 1995) article "Restoring the Later Transoceanics." The readily obtainable 1R5 tube may be used instead, providing its pin 5 is carefully cut off (gentle multi-squeezing with the cutters is suggested).

The amputation is necessary because otherwise, due to internal strapping within the 1R5 tube, what is normally the 1L6 screen lead would be grounded. Several 1R5s might have to be tried before one is found that works at the higher frequencies. And the set's alignment on 16, 19 and 25 meters will be thrown off, with full correction beyond the range of the existing tuning slugs.

#### From the Readers

Ralph Craig, AJ8R, e-mails that our recently completed Silvertone "Little Fellow" restoration brought back some fond memories. It's the same model he purchased for a quarter in a junk store when he was a boy of 11. He enjoyed listening to it in bed. I also received a second note from Henry Schultz, WI3U, who, like me, pored over the pages of Radio For the Millions as a boy – wishing he could build one of the sets described there and wondering about the people in the pictures. Perhaps the fascination with those people came from the fact that

they looked like plain, ordinary folks – not the model types usually used in book illustrations! **Ken Backer** of Milton, Ontario, e-mailed pics of an interesting 1920s battery set that he picked up at a flea market. Looks like a home-made regenerative job. Good luck bringing it back to life, Ken!

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# You Have What It Takes to Control your R8B

By Terry Pack

or a long time I have wanted a program that would run my R8B, be small, use little overhead, and be reliable. I wanted it to run in the background and be able to schedule frequency changes on my receiver without my being there to change it.

I have a computer program that records audio and I can schedule the recording just fine. But in order not to miss program or even SSB nets or network radio shows, I needed to get the R8B to change frequencies and modes.

I looked at programs on the web and even purchased one, but was not happy. They were great for someone who was in front of the radio all day, but I did not have the time to sit there. I also wanted to keep the processing down to a minimum.

Although I don't know any newer programming languages like C++, I decided to try writing a program on my own anyway. I am running Windows XP on my computer, but I knew how to make the DOS programming do things before "windows" were on computers. I checked to see if there were any programs already on the computer that I could use. When opening up the "Command Prompt," then using the "Help" command, I found what I needed. The "print" command will send a text file to a com port: This is exactly what I needed!

Î determined that instead of trying to change everything, like frequency, mode, bandwidth, etc., I would just set up memories (mem channels) in the receiver with the setting and frequencies of the stations I wanted to record. I would need only one command to tune the correct frequency. Looking at the command chart for my R8B, I found that a C followed by three numbers then a carriage return would set the radio to the memory channel I wanted.

To change it to mem channel 000 the syntax is:

#### C000 (carriage return)

I tried this and found that it was not working: The computer was not talking to the radio.

#### Com Ports and Carriage Returns

OK, now I needed to work out some bugs. First, I found the com port did not boot up at the right settings, so I needed to change the computer com port settings. Using the "Help" command, I found the "Mode" command was for this and I was still able to run it from the

command prompt. With a little experimenting I found the syntax that would set the com port, and I could now send commands from the computer using the "print" command to the radio.

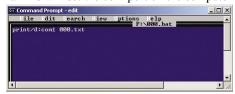


The edit program that comes with the command prompt also has a help screen; this is how I figured out how to insert a carriage return in the .txt file using edit.

I should stop here and mention that I did have a problem at first making the .txt files: It seems that the R8B needs a carriage return (CR) to execute the command. I could not use Notepad or Word; they would not insert a carriage return. I had to use the "edit" program in DOS (at the command prompt). It is a basic editor and is more powerful than the others when you need to get down to the editing level I was. I don't have any way to show a carriage return in this article. I actually used a command in the edit program that inserted a CR for me. When you put a CR in the edit program, it inserts a character that looks like a musical note on sheet music.

#### Going to Bat

OK, back to the fun stuff; making these commands into an executable program. I went to the good old .bat file format. I put the "Print" command in a .bat file to send the correct info to change the mem channel on the R8B. I also created a .bat file with the "mode" command in it. This will set the com port on the computer



Here is a .bat file used to change the receiver to memory channel 000; they only run the txt files and therefore are very small, but I need a .bat file for each .txt file I want the task scheduler to run.

so it can communicate to the radio.

So the syntax of the .bat file that changes the R8B to mem channel 000 looks like this:

Print com1 000.txt

I named it **000.bat.** The syntax of **000.txt** 

C000 (CR)



The .txt files are very simple and easy to make or change; they contain the actual commands that control the receiver. Here I use the C command and the 3-number channel for channel 000, but you can use other commands to control the receiver – just remember all commands must be followed by a "carriage return" so the R8B will execute the command.

To change the comport to the correct settings so the computer would talk to the radio without a lot of typing, I made another .bat file. The syntax is:

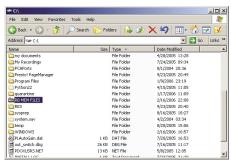
Mode 9600,n,8,1,p I called it com.bat



To change the computer com port to the correct setting, I used the mode command by running a .bat file called "com.bat." The R8B needs to be setting on the com port of 9600 baud, I start bit, 8 data, I stop bit, no parity. These settings make the computer and radio understand each other.

For each and every mem channel I want to control, I needed to make one .bat and one .txt file, but these are simple. I made one, edited it for the next channel, then saved it under a different name. I also made all of the .txt files the same way. I named each file the channel that it would set the receiver to. If I ran 000. bat, that would set the receiver to mem channel 000. I also named each .txt file the name of the corresponding .bat file.

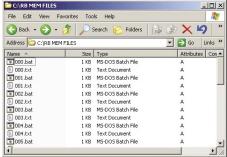
So, it goes like this: 000.bat runs 000. txt and changes the receiver to mem channel



Example of my C:\root directory. I put the files I created into a folder that is easy to find.

000. The 001 bat runs 001 txt and changes the receiver to mem channel 001, and so on.

Now I saved both the .bat and the .txt files in the same folder called "R8B MEM FILES." Going to Windows Explorer and double clicking on a 000 .bat file runs the program and it changes the receiver to mem channel 000.



Example of the C:\R8B MEM FILES folder; all of the files I need are in this folder so I can easily find them when I go to schedule or change them.

#### ♦ Hands-Off

Now the procedure works, but I still need to be in front of the computer to make it work, and that is not what I wanted. I used the "add scheduled task" wizard at the top of the window and it walked me right through the set-up.



Example of my task scheduler: notice that I use some frequencies more than once. I like the task scheduler because of some of the options when setting up a task to run. Notice the settings for com. This sets the com port by running com.bat.

I had problems getting the task scheduler to run a task, because I by-passed password protection when I first set up Windows. I keep my computer running 24/7 and normally never log on or use any passwords, as I did not think



Example of the add schedule task wizard on the task tab. This is where you need to type your password if prompted

I needed it. But I found that if it asks you for your password, you need to go back and create one; otherwise it won't run the task. Now that I have done that, I can change the channel of the R8B by scheduling a .bat file to run at the appropriate time.

I put the com.bat in the task scheduler at the start-up of the computer, so that when I start the computer it changes the com port to the right setting from the very beginning.

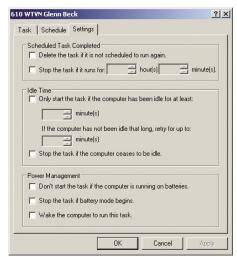


Example of the add schedule task wizard on the schedule tab. This is where the most of your scheduling happens.

#### How It Works

Suppose I want to change the receiver to 610.00 kHz, ANT=A, MODE=AM, BW=6.0, AGC=S, NB=N, and VFO=A. I program mem channel 000 to those settings and just make a schedule to run C:\ R8B MEM FILES\000.bat at the time and day I want to change it, and the computer does the rest.

I now have a way to schedule frequency changes on my receiver, and I can make more .bat files to go to any mem channel. It seems like a lot of trouble, but I have been recording things for quite some time and I have only used 10 mem channels, so I believe most people would only need to make at most 20 files. On an



Example of the add schedule task wizard on the settings tab. I did not check any boxes because if the computer is running I want the radio to change.

R8B there are 1000 mem channels, so it could take a while if you needed that many channels under control!

#### Final Thoughts

Well, there it is, and I did not have to spend 100 dollars to get the program I wanted. I have used very little processor time and it is easy to edit. If I have a frequency that is not being used anymore, I just change its mem channel info. The nice thing about changing a mem channel is that it can be done right on the front panel of the receiver.

With a little creativity, you can do some other things with the .bat files. I used the "PO" and "PF" commands and made .bat files for them. "PO" turns the receiver "on", and "PF" turns the Receiver "off". I copied these to the desktop as short cuts and changed the icons to a "green arrow" for "on" and "red box" for "off" and put them in the left hand system tray, just for fun

I am certain that this would work on other receivers, if the commands were known, but I don't have any other receivers. I think the txt files are the only thing that would need to be modified, and maybe the com.bat so your computer would talk to your receiver.



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# The Tecsun R-919 (That's Chinese for "Grundig Mini 300PE")

By Eric Bryan

ou may remember joining me in September 2005 in my pursuit of the poor man's pocket radio. As I continued my exploration of the world of low-cost pocket SW sets, I bought the Tecsun R-919, which is sold stateside by Eton as the Grundig Mini 300PE. This radio was part of the Grundig Mini World 100PE family (there was also a Mini 200).

Opening the box shipped to me from Hong Kong, I found the radio, earbuds, wrist-strap, a thick neoprene holster, and a clip-on wire antenna of a little under 13 feet. The wire has a durable coating/insulation and a wide alligator clip tied to its far end.

One surprise was the unit's finish: The fruity yellow-orange color I chose is actually a rubberized coating covering the plastic cabinet. This is a plus, as other low-cost Tecsun radios' paint jobs tend to wear off. Also, the exposed plastic pieces are molded in the true finish color, unlike the anemic color approximations of the plastics of other low-cost Tecsun units. It looked great.

The R-919 has a vertical layout, so, though it has two feet for standing on, it tumbles easily. It's best for handheld use.

#### **Table 1: FREQUENCY COVERAGE**

Specs	"Drifted" Coverage
86.1-108.4 MHz	85.9-108.5 MHz
516.5-1639.5 kHz	512-1634.5 kHz
5825-6425	5795-6395
6945-7525	6910-7490
9255-10100	9200-10050
11510-12310	11460-12255
13195-13920	13140-13865
14980-15975	14920-15910
17375-18160	17390-18095

#### Coverage

The R-919 is a single conversion analog radio fitted with digital readout (an update of the old frequency counter). It covers MW, FM (stereo via earbuds), and the 49, 41, 31, 25, 22, 19, and 16 meter SW bands. Coverage is listed in Table One.

But the R-919 is drifty on SW, where each band can "slide and stretch" up or down by 20 to 50 kHz. Table One also shows sample coverage after a long bout of drift (MW and FM show a slight alteration, too).

The coverage drifts downward in temperature increases and upward in temperature drops. The top of 41 meters crept to 7545 during a



chilly period. And once, when it topped out at 7510, half an hour in the freezer stretched that to 7600!

Drift lessens or stops when using the radio for awhile in a stable, room-temperature envi-

#### Table 2: RECEIVED STATIONS (kHz)

Bulgar Canac Croati Cypru: Egypt: France Gabor Greec Hollar India Israel Jordar Kuwai Mada (Rad Mexic Moroc Portug Saudi S. Afri Spain Sri Lar Turisic Turkey Vatica	io Nile) coal (DW) Arabia ca nka (RFA)	9700 1 7335 9925 9410 99 7260 7135 15475 15205 7475 9 9425 1 11800 11690 11675 15345 15345 15345 15345 1955 13710 5970 6 5970 6	875 420 1620 5640 17535 15380 11960 15505 15435 125 15110 17850 275 5350
s (2M			303 9643
		_	



ronment.

The R-919 has less coverage of 41 meters than the 100PE, which receives stations in the 6800-6900 and 7500-7600 ranges. On the other hand, the 100PE doesn't cover 22 meters.

#### Controls

Just the basics: volume and tuning dials, a band selector slider, and an on/off button. The other buttons are for clock, alarm (radio only), and sleep function set and activation. (The 100PE has no clock, alarm, or sleep features.)

The tuning dial operates traditionally – up is down, down is up; the volume dial works unconventionally – up is up, down is down.

Setting the clock functions was straightforward. The clock is in the 12-hour format, with PM indicated. The sleep function can be set from one minute, to one hour and 59 minutes. The default setting is 59 minutes. Clock and alarm times must be set with the unit off.

When turned on by the alarm, the radio will run for an hour, then shut itself off unless you turn it off sooner.

For a pocket set, the R-919 has a somewhat "augmented" telescopic antenna. (Eton describes it as "oversized" on their website, http://www.etoncorp.com). Rather than collapsing flush into the cabinet, it retracts into a molded extension which protrudes about 2.25 inches. This accommodates the oversized antenna, which can extend to almost 19.75 inches beyond the protrusion. (The 100PE's antenna goes to 14.5 inches.)

The best part of the controls is the tuning



dial. It has the nicest action of any of the inexpensive compact sets I've tried. It has no wobble, looseness, or backlash, with a just-right, tight, smooth, oiled feel.

The tuning dial is of a fairly big diameter, probably twice that of the 100PE. The tuning works well on SW and FM, but is jumpy on MW, where a 1/4 twist of the dial can launch you 40-60 kHz.

#### \* The LCD

The LCD screen displays the clock (only with radio off), shows icons for alarm and sleep functions, identifies the received "band" (FM, MW, SW), and reads out the tuned frequency.

The frequency is given in MHz on FM and SW, and kHz on MW. For SW channels ending in 0 kHz, the zero is dropped (11.960 MHz reads as 11.96). But for channels ending in 5 kHz, a half-sized number 5 appears (for 11.965 MHz, a small 5 shows just to the right of 11.96).

For MW tuning, this 5 appears as .5 kHz,

and on FM as .05 MHz.

The frequency display reads 5 kHz high on all SW bands, .5 kHz high on MW, and .05 MHz high on FM. It's easier to get to your chosen station with this system than with slide rule-style tuning. But the slightly inaccurate readout is frustrating, since being consistently high throughout means it could just as easily have been consistently correct throughout.

This smooth analog tuning with correct digital readout would have been a treat.

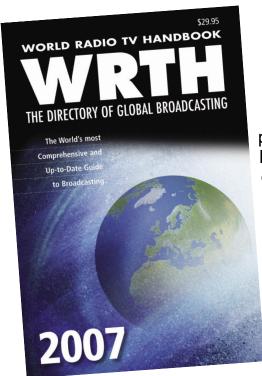
#### Sensitivity

All the heavy-duty SW relays such as the BBC, Radio Netherlands, Voice of Russia, etc. are easily listenable with the telescope antenna. For weaker signals, I experimented with attaching 21 and 35 foot wires to the built-in antenna (trying both loose coupling and direct connections).

The best SW reception was had by clipping the R-919's included shorter wire to the fully extended telescope antenna and stringing it up randomly. I was happy to pull in the sometimes fairly exotic stations shown in Table Two with this simple, compact arrangement. (Most were audible with just the built-in antenna, too.)

I also heard a ham from New York on 41 meters AM (listening from the Northwest).

Though I had similar reception results with the 100PE (including hearing a ham from Maine on 41 meters AM), the R-919 has an improved 49 meter band. The images which wrack 49 meters on the 100PE aren't there on the R-919. The R-919 is also more sensitive on 49 meters



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than the 100PE.

On SW and MW the R-919's LO (local oscillator) radiates at the radio's 455 kHz IF (intermediate frequency) above the tuned frequency (i.e., tuned to 10000 kHz, it sends a zeroed signal at 10455 kHz). Images are projected 910 (455 x 2) kHz below strong signals. This way, they fall mostly outside SW broadcast bands.

The 100PE is the same except on 49 meters where its LO "transmits" at 455 kHz below the tuned frequency. Its 49 meter images are from strong 60 meter signals plus twice the unit's IF, or 910 kHz.

The 100PE has a ghost of WWV 5000 at 5910, one of a station from 5070 at 5980, and another from a 5085 signal at 5995. The latter two wreak heterodyne havoc with the BBC on 5975 and Cuba on 6000, respectively. It's a relief to be free of those 49 meter messes on the R-919

As on the 100PE, I could hear the sounds of Radio Thailand's 5890 California relay and gospel stations from 5755 or 5935 in the background at various places up 49 meters. This was eliminated by unclipping the wire antenna.

When Radio Thailand's 5890 relay signal was particularly crushing, I could hear their interval signal of massive ringing bells in the background on 7415. This disappeared when I unhooked the wire.

Because of its vertical orientation and so necessarily small ferrite stick, I didn't expect much from the R-919 on MW. I was surprised when I heard a distant, weak station on 1300 with my local one blasting away on 1330.

Though the telescope antenna is meant only for FM and SW, extending it assists MW reception. And clipping the wire on helps substantially in pulling in weak, distant MW signals.

There are some spurious signals on MW from strong 49 meter transmissions: KAIJ or WWCR on 1615 kHz from 5755 or 5935, WWCR on 1634 kHz from 5810, and Radio Thailand on 1356 from 5890. (With the wire attached, the 100PE has the same spurious signals on MW.)

These were greatly reduced by unclipping the wire, and eliminated by also collapsing the telescope antenna.

Like most small SW radios, while holding it and receiving via the built-in antenna, your body assists reception. The Grundig 300PE manual even states, "Holding the radio while

listening to shortwave will improve signal strengths." Medium strength and weaker signals flag or disappear after setting down the set. This is eradicated when the wire is clipped on. The telescope antenna is adequate to bring in more powerful stations when the radio isn't being held.

#### Selectivity

The R-919 has no trouble picking out signals spaced 10 kHz apart from each other. A signal with one of comparable or lesser strength 5 kHz away can be plucked and listened to, with a little skill and patience.

I was able to listen to a good signal over the telescope antenna from

AIR India on 9425 while there was another of comparable strength on 9430.

#### Audio

The R-919's small speaker sounds a bit more full and powerful than the 100PE's. On a strong Radio Netherlands, Radio Japan, VOA, or BBC etc. signal, the speaker is loud and vivid enough for listening to while working in the kitchen or lying in the bath.

Sound, including FM stereo, is good through the earbuds. Substituting the higher quality earbuds from a DE1103 produced excellent FM stereo and extra richness and clarity on SW and MW.

#### Alarm & SW Drift

Since the R-919 isn't a PLL tuned receiver with memories, the radio-alarm can only come on at the presently tuned frequency. But on SW, that's not quite what it seems:

At bedtime I tuned the R-919 to 7160 (7165 on this unit), and shut it off. Instead of the World Service the next morning I got a blast of static. The radio had come on at 7200.

I tried it again the following night. I tuned to 6195 for the BBC, and in the morning was greeted with hiss on 6235, 40 kHz off again. Yet another try for 6195 gave me 6225 in the morning, 30 kHz off.

Giving MW a shot, I tuned to 1090, and in the morning it came on at 1090 perfectly. The alarm also worked on FM, where tuning to 88.5 had it coming on at 88.5 exactly.

#### Overall

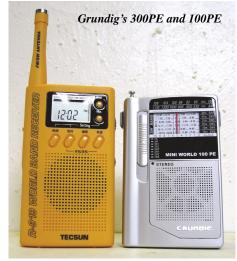
The R-919's biggest drawbacks are SW drift and limited coverage of 41 meters. Since it's mostly a handheld, hands-on radio, SW drift shouldn't be a deal-breaker.

The ergonomics are nice, especially the tuning. Analog tuning with digital readout is the ideal marriage for bandscanning. It's much easier to use than muted, press-and-pause, button-only digital tuning.

A press-on backlight and exactly-right LCD frequency readout would have been grand.

Other than the "clipped" 41 meter band, the R-919/300PE is an improvement on the 100PE.

For sitting on the porch or in an easy chair,



with the wire clipped on and the other end clamped to a tree branch or curtain, the R-919 is ideal for scanning and listening on most of the major SW broadcast bands.

Because of its durable coating, simplicity of operation, and the bright colors in which it's available (Eton also offers the radio in blue, red, "bronze," and "pearl"), the R-919/300PE would be a good first SW radio for kids.

#### Where to Buy

I bought my R-919 from eBay seller Liypn for \$17.90 (it's now \$18.90, yellow or black only color options), plus \$11.90 shipping (7-10 days' delivery to the US), which includes a one year manufacturer's warranty from date of shipment. For under \$30 Tecsun gives you everything in the box you need except batteries to hear SW stations such as those listed in Table Two, depending on your location.

Eton advertises the Mini 300PE for \$30, which includes holster, earbuds, batteries, one year warranty, and their excellent customer support service. (Their website **www.etoncorp.com** and manual make no mention of a wire antenna.)

(For a similarly-priced and -performing but PLL-tuned pocket SW radio, see the Kaito KA105 at Radios4You.com.)

Thanks to Liypn for supplying the R-919 specs in Table Three, which he acquired from Tecsun.



Sensitivity:
FM < 10 uV
MW < 1 mV/m
SW < 50 uV
Selectivity:
> 20 dB
Speaker:
Two inch, 16 ohm, .5 W
Earphone:
32 ohm
Power Source:
Two AA cells, 3 VDC
Dimensions:
Approx. 6.6 x 2.5 x .9 inches



## **Ramsey Aircraft Monitor**

#### By Bob Grove W8JHD

wo years ago my wife and I decided to take a plane trip to Hawaii. I thought it would be interesting to listen to aircraft communications, but knew that scanners aren't allowed on aircraft because the oscillator could conceivably disrupt navigational instruments.

But what if the receiver had no oscillator? What if a crystal diode detector with a tuned antenna and high-gain audio amplifier could be called into service? I made one and, lo and behold, I could hear messages from aircraft in flight for quite some distance! Built into a compact box, the device provided entertainment on the trip.

Now Ramsey electronics has released just such a product – much more refined – for the same application. The ABM1 "Passive Air Band Monitor" has a volume control, adjustable squelch, and comes with a set of ear buds with the cord doubling as an antenna.

The Monitor is powered by a nine-volt battery (not supplied) and its 2-1/2" x 4-1/2" case includes a convenient belt clip. Convenient thumb-wheel trimpots allow custom adjustment of sound levels and squelch threshold.

Ramsey provides a nice manual with an introduction to air-band monitoring, and which contains a complete schematic diagram of the monitor, along with stage identification.

# What's in the box? (For the techies!)

While you may think there's nothing special about a crystal radio with audio amplification, there's enough unique design and application that it received a patent in 1994 as an "Aircraft Band Radio that does not Radiate Interfering Signals."

The incoming signal is delivered to the radio from the earphone cord; a pair of RF chokes separates the VHF signals from the audio. Conceivably, a 1/8" (3.5 mm) Y adaptor could allow a listener to attach an air-band antenna for the reception of distant, weaker signals.

Three pass-band filters etched on the circuit board trim the received spectrum to the 118-137 MHz aircraft band. One is before the RF amplifier stage (a MiniCircuits MAR-1), another after, and the third precedes the logarithmic amplifier/AM detector (an Analog Devices AD8307AR).

From there, the detected audio is fed to an LM386 audio amplifier. Squelch action is

provided by adjusting the offset voltage on an LM6492 dual op-amp which triggers an MMBF170L power MOSFET switch, clamping the audio line to the LM386.

The low-impedance audio output is fed back to the earphone jack through an RF choke to prevent the low-impedance audio line from grounding out the weak aircraft signals picked up by the ear-bud wire antenna.

The ABM1 requires a 9-volt battery; quiescent current drain is typically 20 milliamperes, peaking to 50 mA when receiving strong, audible signals.

#### So, what does it hear?

Out here in the boonies of western North Carolina, we don't have a lot of air action! Even so, every few seconds to a minute or so, I hear the familiar voice of an aircraft pilot giving update information to an airport tower somewhere. I also hear the shrill data bursts of the aircraft's familiar ACARS digital packet transmissions; naturally, they are the loudest!

Weak signals are low in volume, and strong signals come blasting in; there is no automatic gain control (AGC) as found in conventional receivers, so it's best to keep the volume down low enough to avoid unpleasant surprises!



Unlike channelized scanners that step frequency by frequency, the ABM1 listens to the whole aircraft spectrum at once, and if two or more signals are being transmitted you'll hear them simultaneously.

Sensitivity is certainly adequate – better than 2 microvolts. I can't see the planes anywhere, but the ABM1 can hear them, and obviously from many miles away. For better reception of weak signals, it helps to push the ear bud/antenna wire away from your body – even shifting it left or right can make a difference.

The squelch works dependably, but it isn't responsive to weak signals. At my off-route location, I have to leave the squelch defeated so that there is always noise in the background; otherwise, I never receive any signals.

However, near an airport, or during an air show, or inside an airliner, signals will be strong enough to trip the squelch. But its filters are designed to receive only the 118-137 MHz civilian aircraft band; there is no provision for 225-400 MHz military air communications.

Although the filters are well designed, favoring the 120-140 MHz spectrum, the plastic case allows any strong, nearby signals to reach the diode detector and high-gain audio amplifier. Interference from my LCD computer monitor was severe; the ABM1 was unusable in that room.

While the unit works very well, perhaps Ramsey will consider some additional features in a future model:

- AGC as used on voice recorders to prevent blasting from strong signals;
- (2) A parallel set of passband filters to include the 225-400 MHz military aircraft band;
- (3) An external antenna jack or adaptor for listeners who are distant from air routes; and
- (4) An external power jack to allow a wall wart to operate the unit indefinitely in a home or office; a drain of 50 mA on a 9-volt battery can drop its voltage pretty quickly.

#### Final caveat:

Although there is no possibility that this monitor could interfere with aeronavigational equipment, with the current emphasis on security, you may wish to inform the pilot that what you have is a passive detector with no oscillator. It may help, or it may not.

The Ramsey ABM1 Air Band Monitor is available for \$149.95 from Grove Enterprises (7540 Hwy 64 West, Brasstown, NC 28902; 800-438-8155 or order@grove-ent.com).

johncatalano@monitoringtimes.com

## The DX Monitor Umbrella Application

he number of radio-useful programs continues to grow. Many of them are very useful to our everyday monitoring endeavors. However, remembering how to use them and keeping track of their locations seems to be an insurmountable problem, at least for me.

Therefore, I really appreciate monitoring programs that are not single-task-specific. Instead, some programs pull together a compendium of useful monitoring functions under the umbrella of one application. DX Monitor version 1.07 does exactly that.

There is no question that DX Monitor is squarely aimed at hams. But a carefully written program can serve radio monitors as well. The heart of DX Monitor is a network of stations which monitor real-time traffic on the ham bands, from shortwave through VHF. This data is then put on the Internet. Anyone using DX Monitor can automatically contribute to this body of information.

DX Monitor reads the Internet posted data and displays it in a number of useful screens. These include maps and lists showing the current and recently active QSOs between hams. (In the "Q" sign language of hams, a radio contact between two hams is designated a OSO.)

Armed with this real-time information we can immediately see what bands are active and what DX ham stations are on the air. Of course, the smart radio monitor can use the same information to decide which shortwave bands are currently optimal for trying to monitor that rare broadcast or utility catch. But we'd be selling DX Monitor very short if we stopped here! However, before we go any further, let's see what it takes to run DX Monitor.

#### Program Requirements

I ran DX monitor on a Pentium III 1GHz, 256M RAM under Windows XP. I also ran it on a Pentium II 400MHz, 128M RAM under Windows 98SE. In both cases it ran without a problem. However, under Win98, one major feature - Real Time Google Earth - is not available. We'll cover more on this later.

To summarize, DX Monitor will work great on most Pentium II 400MHz and higher PC, running Windows XP, 2000 or 98SE with the one above-noted exception. Access to the Internet, either dial-up or high-speed is a must. A minimum screen resolution of 800 x 600 is required.

#### Downloading DX Monitor

A 30-day, free, fully functional trial version is available for downloading at www. benlo.com/dxmon.html. Although the program is 2.3 Meg, it downloads reasonably fast even using dial-up. Once downloaded, a simple double click installs the program and puts a shortcut on the desktop.

At this point, you can also open the very useful Help file. I would encourage you to do this so you can take full advantage of the programs capabilities. OK, so what can DX Monitor do for us?

#### Keeping It Simple

When DX Monitor is initially run, you must wait a few seconds for it to connect to its servers and download the latest data. Figure 1 shows one of the two displays that you will see when you start the program.

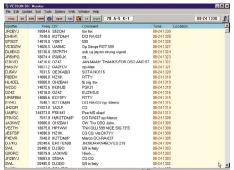


Figure 1 DX Monitor's deceptively simple looking opening screen. Don't be fooled, there's lots here!

This is a list of QSOs detailing the stations' calls, frequency and times of contact. Using the "Sort" menu, in the main command bar at the top of the screen, the list can be sorted using any one of the columns, Location, Frequency, DX (Station), Comments, Time or Spotter. The spotter is the person who posted the data.

The second screen, which is displayed when the program is started, is Band Map, seen in Figure 2. It lists the recently heard stations grouped by ham band. It starts with the 80-meter band at 3.5 MHz and ends with the 10-meter band 29 MHz. This gives a very upto-date view of the bands. Using the "Options" menu and the Frequency Select sub-menu, activity on VHF bands such as 2-meters (144 MHz) can be similarly displayed.

	Band Map since 1206z [HF] le Update Options Help 80 40 20 1	5 10		
11	1807.2 UY2UA	1242		
=1	7003.8 7N1PRD/0	1238	ß	
394 28F	7031.5 OE3KAB/3	1320		
281	7047.9 I4/IK2TDM/P	1309		
IB2	7048.0 IK2TDM/4	1328		
(5)	7048.0 IK2TDM/P	1305		
IR:	7048.1 IK2TDM/4	1256		
н	7048.1 IK2TDM/I4	1315		
SP;	7050.0 IK180W	1333		
Æ:	7058.0 IZ8EDG/P	1250		
LIC	14009.0 W3RJ	1254		
IRE	14016.2 UY5EI/LH	1247		
Z3ł	14019.0 YI9KT	1328		
IA!	14026.5 UA9MC	1327		
).JE	14071.4 LA7DMA	1253		
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Æ:	18073.7 LZ2WO	1248		
Eξ	18074.4 ISO/IOJX	1323		
4E	18075.0 HP1WW	1308		
0.17	18075 0 OH/DT.1D@T./D	1952		

Figure 2 Band Map display showing most recent HF stations received since 1236 Zulu time. These are grouped by ham band.

#### Lots of Options

The Option menu contains many useful features, such as filter selections which display only certain stations. The user can also group like stations together by screen colors; for example, stations currently located near the terminator can be all colored the same. The terminator is the line that defines the parts of the earth in sunlight from those in darkness. This can be an important monitoring detail since unique propagation conditions can occur at the terminator.

Also using the Option command other columns can be added to the list. For example, the station's country and the antenna heading can be added. The functions on just this one menu would be very useful to any ham or radio monitor, but DX Monitor is much more.

#### "Seeing" the QSO

Now that we have a list of real-time and recent QSOs, how do we quickly determine what geographic paths are open and active? A



Figure 3 Mapping the QSOs for quick analysis of the list at bottom.

graphical method of transferring this complex list to a map would be very nice. And that is exactly what clicking the small Globe icon, between the "1000" and the "Spot" on the line below the command line, does. The result is Figure 3.

At the bottom of Figure 3 we have displayed the list which generated the map. The highlighted line from the list is shown on the map at the cursor: FR5HA, a 20-meter QSO. From all the activity lines we can easily see that the 20-meter band, 14 MHz, between the east coasts of the North/South America to Western Europe is "open." Also the west coast USA to Asia is active. The long-path route traced on the map is probably not correct.

And, finally, the QSO we have highlighted – Italy south to Reunion Island in the Indian Ocean – is an active path. Notice that a lone station in central Russia is on the air. Taking a closer look we can see that this is an "on terminator" station.

#### Can This Be Correct?

When I mapped worldwide VHF contacts I thought the program had gone haywire. It showed contacts between Central USA and Europe on 2-meters, 144 MHz!! Very strange, since 2-meter signals usually propagate line-of-sight. Even under ionospheric skip conditions, USA to Europe would be very rare. One exception would be if the QSO was via a ham satellite, which I think was the case.

#### Google the Contacts?

For those running Windows XP or 2000, you can access a DX Monitor feature that is quite interesting to watch. You'll need to download the free program Google Earth at www.earth.google.com. Actually, it is Google Earth that requires XP or 2000. This 11.5 MEG program takes a bit of time to download using dial-up, but it's worth it.



Figure 4 Real time Google Earth – Still picture of the starting point of the signal path animation between two stations having a OSO.

DX Monitor's Real Time Google Earth function is accessible from the "Tools" command. When a new QSO is posted, an animation of the earth viewed from between 100 to 300 miles is displayed. Starting at the originating station's exact location, the animation follows the signal path over a detailed map of the earth to the other station's exact location.

Figure 4 is just one frame of the animation. Notice that other stations, whose QSOs have been recently posted on the network, are also visible on the map.

Watching the screen scan the world when a new QSO is posted is hypnotic. Even with a dial-up connection to the Internet, the screen animation is quite watch-able. With a high-speed connection, DX Monitor's Real Time Google Earth would make a great live, ever changing, screen saver.

#### Propagation May Be Everything

Take a look at the numbers displayed on the right side of the line just below the top command line. These are the most recent values defining the state of the ionosphere, the charge cloud surrounding earth. The 78 is the current solar flux value. 5 is the "A" index and 1 is the "K" index. These parameters dictate radio propagation conditions at different radio frequencies. The first number indicates the amount of charged particles that have been emitted by the Sun. Once they reach earth they have a dramatic effect on the earth's ionosphere and therefore radio propagation.

The source of this data is NOAA Geophysical Alert Message, which is transmitted on the time station WWV. It can be viewed by selecting the button to the left of the numbers labeled "WWV."

The Solar Flux and Geomagnetic Indices screen can display propagation data in three ways: Table, Graph and Cycle. The Table is a chronological list of solar flux and indices data. The Graph displays the data and adds forecasted solar flare data for reference. The Cycle graph displays the current, previous and next predicted solar activity cycles. Remember that these predictions are an attempt to forecast a complex, and still not completely understood, interaction of geophysical, particle physics and astrophysical processes and phenomena.

#### No, Time IS Everything!!

Time, the fourth dimension, ties our hectic world together. This is true for our science, business and social endeavors. More than ever, being synchronized with world time is important in our daily life. If you have ever missed placing your final bid on a eBay auction because it closed seconds before you bid, you know too well the power and absoluteness

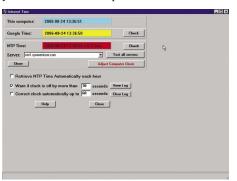


Figure 5 DX Monitor's time synchronizing feature – very nice.

of time. Einstein said there is no such thing as simultaneity, but we can get close.

DX Monitor's has a very nice "Check Computer Clock" function that is found under the "Windows" command menu. On this screen, Figure 5, the time from various on-line high accuracy sources can be checked. The top line is the user's computer clock setting. Next is displayed Google Time from its website. And finally, you have a choice of one of fifteen on-line time websites from which you can synchronize your computer clock. This is easily performed by clicking the "Adjust the Computer Clock" button. As you can see from the accuracy of our Computer Time display we have already synchronized the PC to the US National Institute of Standards and Time (NIST) website.

#### Wrap-Up

Would you believe we have still not touched on all of DX Monitor's features! Call sign database capabilities, filters for data lists, beacons, satellites and specialty signal web searches are just some of the features we have not covered. I'll leave you to explore its website and discover all of its capabilities at www.benlo.com/dxmon.html. Again, the Help file contains a wealth of information on the program.

You can purchase the non-time limited version of DX Monitor for \$29.95 on the website above. In my opinion, if you're an avid ham operator or SWL, DX Monitor is well worth the price. Be assured that I'll be keeping an eye on DX Monitor's future developments.



# What's NEW

Tell them you saw it in Monitoring Times

#### NRC AM Radio Log 2006-2007

I was just looking out the window as I write this and a fresh north wind blew some leaves off the trees. That, my friends, heralds the arrival of fall and the start of a new mediumwave band DX season. It also means it's time for one of my favorite annual radio publications – the NRC AM Radio Log.

Formerly known as the *National Radio Club Domestic Log*, the first edition of this annual favorite was published by mimeograph and the stencils were hand-typed

in Boston by the legendary AM radio hobbyist John Callarman. Since that first edition (which I still have, by the way), the Log



has evolved to today's sleek professional publication produced by Wayne and Joan Heinen.

This 2006-2007 27<sup>th</sup> annual edition of the *National Radio Club's AM Radio Log* contains 278 pages in 8-1/2-inch by 11-inch size, 3-hole punched, loose leaf format so you can put it neatly into a 1-inch three ring notebook.

AM band radio stations from the United States and Canada are listed by frequency, including listings for the new expanded (X-band) stations from 1610-1700 kHz. Each station listing consists of its operating frequency, callsign, location (city and state of license), time zone, antenna and transmission power, mailing address and daytime telephone number, hours of operation, broadcast format/networks, and much more.

There are also cross reference listings by city and callsign, as well as a list of stations conducting AM stereo operations. A new addition to the NRC AM Log this year is a cross reference of stations broadcasting in IBOC (In Band on Channel) digital audio. Other recent additions to the log include FM station simulcast call letters and a list of regional groups of stations. There is also a list of talk radio hosts and their syndicator or network.

Besides the new material mentioned above, there are over 8,000 updates since the 26th edition was

released in the fall of 2006.

The NRC AM Radio Log is available from several radio dealers and directly from the club website at www.nrcdxas.org/. This publication lists for \$25.95 (non-NRC members) and \$19.95 (for members). New York residents will have to add sales tax. Be sure to check the website for current pricing, including Canadian and overseas rates on this publication. You can also get additional information or send orders via mail to: National Radio Club Publications, Box 164, Dept W, Mannsville, NY 13661-0164.

The AM Radio Log is the most accurate source on AM radio stations in the United States and Canada. Quite frankly, no self respecting AM DXer or listener should be without this superb publication on their radio room bookshelf.

Review by Larry Van Horn

# Tower Site 2007 Calendar

I can hardly wait for my favorite calendar to arrive in the mail. For the sixth year, Scott Fybush, creator of "Tower Site of the Week" (www. fybush.com/featuredsite.html) and "NorthEast Radio Watch" (www. fybush.com/nerw.html), has put together the unique and informative Tower Site Calendar. This full-color monthly calendar has become a tradition for many radio engineers and a curiosity for those who think all radio towers look alike.



"The response to the 2006 calendar was the best yet," says Fybush. "Radio engineers have been begging me to add their towers to the calendar, and I'm hoping to make some of them very happy with the 2007 edition."

Like its predecessors, each month of the 2007 calendar features an 8"x11" color photograph of a broadcast transmitter site taken by Fybush during his travels around the U.S., Canada and beyond. A few of

the sites pictured on the 2007 calendar include: WCCO, Minneapolis, 50-kW; Atlanta's new 50-kW AM signal, WCFO 1160; New York City's WEPN 1050; Boston's legendary WBZ; KGO, San Francisco, towers in the East Bay; Chicago's WGRB 1390 and WVON 1690; Historic WTIC, Hartford, Connecticut; and Andy Griffith's hometown WPAQ, Mount Airy, NC.

In addition to tower photos, the calendar's monthly pages include significant dates in radio and television history, as well as civil and religious holidays.

The 2007 calendars cost \$17 each, postpaid (\$18.36 including sales tax for New York State residents), and can be purchased by check (payable to "Scott Fybush") or by money order, to 92 Bonnie Brae Avenue, Rochester NY 14618. Orders can also be placed with major credit cards at www.fybush.com

#### A Bit of SW Nostalgia

Were you a shortwave listener back in the '70s? If you were a regular listener to Radio Canada International's popular *SWL Digest* program before it went off the air in 1991, you may remember the "Shortwave Station Idents & Interval Signals Series" that was featured on this award winning program. That series featured more than 100 identification and interval signals from SW stations around the world. Many of the identification signals heard in that long running series are no longer on the air.

If you feel nostalgic about the "good old days" of SWLing, you'll be interested to know that this unique series is now available in a two CD set. The CDs are fully indexable and come with a hard copy listing all of the included identification signals.

Pricing for the two-CD set includes first class or airmail postage: \$10 to Canada or \$12 to US in check or money order; or \$15 (money order only) to all other countries. Send your order to: Ian McFarland, 6667 Beaumont Avenue, Duncan, BC V9L 5X8, Canada. You can also download the PDF Order form from **DXer.ca** 

The net proceeds from the sale

of these CDs are being donated to the local Food Bank in Duncan, British Columbia.

# The Key to Christmas...

Morse Express has commissioned its sixth annual Christmas Key. These are tiny keys that can fit on a Christmas tree, but are also fully functional. For the 2006 Christmas Key, Morse Express has chosen an antique European style.

The Morse Express Christmas Key is hand machined from solid brass, under-plated with nickel and finished in 18 carat gold. The 2006 key measures 2" by 1" at the base and weighs 3-1/4 ounces. All of the usual adjustments (trunnion bearing tension, lever spring tension, and contact spacing) are available by means of gold plated screws with matching locknuts, and the hand-turned ebony knob is very comfortable to use. The pre-attached shielded cable has a molded 1/8" mono plug.



The result of hand machining and assembly is a beautiful little key that is one of the smallest practical keys available; very handy for QRP portable operations. The base of each key is engraved with the Morse Express "Speedy Key" logo, "Christmas 2006," and a serial number within the limited edition of 150 keys.

The 2006 Christmas Key is \$69.95 (plus s/h) from Milestone Technologies, 10691 E Bethany Drive, Suite 800, Aurora, CO 80014-2670; toll-free 800-238-8205, or email *info@MorseX.com*. Check out their other products at www.MorseX.com

Books and Equipment for announcement or review should be sent to What's New, c/o Monitoring Times, 7540 Highway 64 West, Brasstown, NC, 28902. Press releases may be faxed to 828-837-2216 or emailed to Rachel Baughn, editor@monitoringtimes.com.

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Time to Renew? Your label will tell you how many issues remain in your subscription. When it's time to renew, your MT will arrive with a bright yellow cover sheet with the renewal form. Renew by the second notice to avoid missing an issue!

Attention all those wanting to know what's going on with ham radio in the New Orleans area, check out: http://groups.yahoo.com/group/GNOAmateurRadio/

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50' of RG-6U cable	CBL 50	\$19.95
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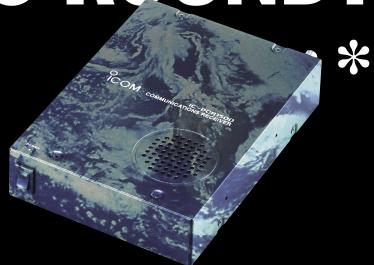
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\* Neat, look huh? It's just advertising. The radio is actually black. Very attractive, yes. But black. If we had put a black radio on this ad, the headline would not have been as quick to read. So we made up this look. Black is nice. Think of it as seeing the world from the night side. It's still there. You just can't see it. Can't get over it? If you send us \$5000.00 USD, we'll make up the radio look just like this for you. Is it worth it? Not to most people. But you're not most people. Are you? E-mail icom@icomamerica.com with "worldPCR" in the subject line for more info. \*\* Cellular frequencies blocked.

